



Travel Protector User Guide

Everbridge Suite

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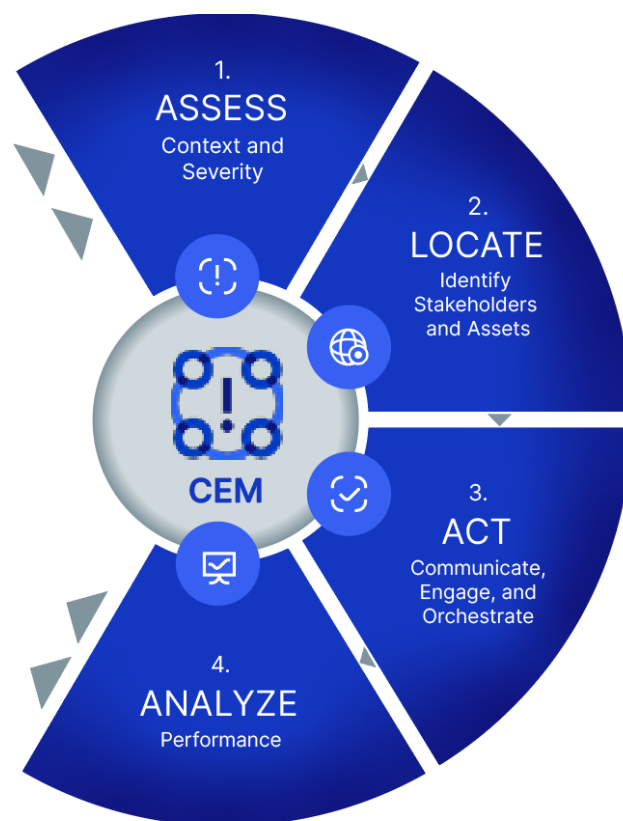
Travel Risk Management

Everbridge Travel Risk Management for CEM clients brings together the best of both worlds – travel risk management and critical event management within a single pane of glass. Through Risk Event correlation with employees, travelers, assets, and targeted real-time alerting, organizations can proactively monitor and analyze Incidents and events worldwide, dramatically increasing the ability to respond to risks that threaten people, assets, operations, and organizations – locally and globally.

Everbridge Travel Risk Management for CEM allows users to send notifications to individuals or groups using lists, locations, and visual intelligence. The solution is supported by state-of-the-art security protocols, elastic infrastructure, advanced mobility, interactive reporting and analytics, adaptive contact and resource mapping to mirror your organization, and true enterprise-class data management capabilities to provide a wide array of data management options.

- **Duty of Care** – The legal responsibility of an organization to do everything “reasonably practical” to protect the health and safety of employees.
- **Duty to Disclose** – Organizations need to monitor and disclose risks. What are the threats and risks to travelers? Answering the question: “Should the company have known?”
- **Standard of Care** – If other enterprises in the industry or of a like size are doing something to protect their staff, then those enterprises NOT doing similar or better can be held liable. Similar liability can exist if there is an unequal level of support for executives versus subordinates.
- **Travel Risk Management (TRM)** – “TRM requires that organizations anticipate and assess the potential for events, develop treatments, and communicate anticipated risk exposures to their travelers. Advising and providing travelers with adequate medical and emergency response guidance, security, and information security precautions, including challenges to travel logistics, can significantly impact the outcome of disruptive events.” - **ISO 31030**

ISO 31030 is a derivative of the larger ISO 31000 guidelines around Risk Management.



Assess

- Pre-trip country reports via the Everbridge Manager Portal.
- Customized Risk Rating and Country Report content and add attachments per country.
- Traveler pre-trip advisory upon booking – optionally excludes home country and connection cities; the Incident template is configurable with attachments and body of the email.
- Delivery paths include email, SMS, and mobile push notification with HTML links.
- Integration with Sherpa via Everbridge Mobile for traveler access to entry/exit requirements and COVID-19 travel restrictions globally.
- Risk Feeds: Earthquakes, Hurricanes, Everbridge Risk Intelligence Monitoring Center (RIMC) COVID-19, Everbridge Risk Events, Weather Events (Australia), Weather Events (Canada), Weather Events (Europe), Weather Events (Japan), Weather Events (US), and Wildfires.
- Travel data feed of travel itinerary information from travel management companies, online booking tools, airlines, accommodation providers, rail, and aggregators.
- Travel itinerary matched to contact record via contact ID, external ID, or an algorithm of traveler to contact name.
- Temporary traveler contact record will be created if a contact match cannot be made and will include the email address and phone number associated with the travel itinerary.
- Temporary traveler contact record will be deleted 90 days post-travel.

- Ability to import travel manually via a manifest upload via Everbridge Manager Portal.
- Travel itinerary audit log showing success/failure of all imported travel reservations with the ability to search by PNR locator, traveler name, timeline, or status.
- Email parsing of Travel Itineraries will incur additional charges.

Locate

- Creation of a dynamic location based on a travel itinerary.
- Travel visualization within Visual Command Center with travel-centric map filters for air, rail, car, hotel, departure, transit, arrival, local and non-local, and domestic and international.
- Quick view buttons to visualize who is traveling currently, within the next 48 hours, within the next 7 days, and by custom time frame.
- Access to SOS, Safe Corridor, and Emergency Call in the Everbridge Mobile App to allow contacts to check in and the organization to automate outreach to predefined contacts, and to require check-in and location monitoring capabilities within a specific geographic area.
- Access to Private Incident Zones to geofence and communicate to people based on dynamic locations within a geofence.

Act

- Risk event correlation to travelers and travel-centric assets like preferred hotels or meetings and events
- Automated and ad hoc Incident communication templates customized to risk events
- Automated Incident communication workflows can be created to notify travelers prior to, during, and post travel.
- Automated Incident communication workflows can be created to notify travel or security managers prior to, during, and after travel or event with an attached report of all impacted contacts.
- Automated Incident communications filtered down to the traveler or asset level for granular control over what risk events at what level are delivered and how.
- VIPs and Expats can have separate communication workflows and templates.
- Ability to automatically trigger communications at configurable intervals to individuals who haven't responded within a certain time frame.
- Delivery methods include email, SMS, mobile push notification, or phone.
- Ability to create conference call lines and open chat channels for triage and ongoing support during Risk Events.
- Mobile App customization to provide a holistic approach for action, including one-touch dialing to assistance providers and travel management companies, custom documents on insurance, etc. configurable by contact groups or rules.

Analyze

- Visualization of Risk Events, contacts, and assets and the ability to document and snooze open impacting events.
- Travel-centric map layers for ad hoc analysis, including Travel Risk Ratings, RIMC Risk Ratings, emergency response facilities, diplomatic missions, global COVID-19 information, FEMA hurricane evacuation routes, FEMA hurricane storm surge, weather conditions, and forecast imagery, hospital locations.
- Map/GIS-based Tools: Day/Night Shadow, Export Map Image, Full Screen, Lat/Long Grid, Lat/Long Sensor, Map Annotation, Scale Bar, Map Unit Conversion (mi/km/nm).
- Incident reporting on responses and impact.
- Canned and custom reporting available via Everbridge Manager Portal.

User Interface Components

When using Travel Risk Management, you will need two components of CEM: **Everbridge Manager Portal** and **Visual Command Center**, depending on the operation. The following table indicates where each operation will be performed.

Operation	Manager Portal	VCC
Creating Users (Travel Manager, Security Manager, etc.)	X	
Editing Traveler Types (Employees, etc.)	X	
Editing Traveler Properties (VIP, Expats, etc.)	X	
Managing Countries, Cities and Airlines Intelligence	X	
Setting Pre-Trip Advisories and Booking Alerts	X	
Setting Traveler Communications Templates and Workflows	X	
Setting Travel Incident Templates	X	
Viewing Itineraries	X	X
Managing Risk Feed		X
Setting Alerts		X
Viewing Risk Events		X
Viewing Alerts for Risk Events		X
Sending Alert-based Communications to Affected Travelers		X
Sending General Communications to Travelers	X	X
Viewing List of Incident Communications Sent to a Specific Traveler	X	X

Roles

Everbridge Suite users are assigned roles that define their level and areas of access. A user may even have multiple roles given their functions and the needs of the Incident. Roles in Everbridge Suite are a collection of permissions that allow users access to perform distinct functions within the system. Roles also have settings that you may configure to best suit your business needs.

The available roles exist on one of two levels:

- **Account Level**
 - Account Administrator

- **Organization Level**
 - Incident Administrator
 - Mass Notification Operator
 - Incident Administrator
 - Incident Operator
 - Group Manager
 - Data Manager
 - Dispatcher

In addition, for more granularity, the Custom Roles feature allows administrators to fully configure existing feature level permissions by using a base template from existing roles, where they can add or remove individual permissions consistent with their Organization's needs.

In Travel Risk Management, you will create and configure roles and assigned them to users depending on the level of permission you want to provide them.

Action	Organization Administrator	Incident Administrator	Incident Operator
Set Up Travel Communication Templates	X	X	
Create Orchestration Workflows	X	X	
Set Up Pre-trip Advisories	X	Configurable	
Set Up Booking Alerts	X	Configurable	
Manage Contacts	X	X	
Launch Incidents	X	X	X
Use VCC Admin	X	Configure	
View itineraries in VCC	X	X	X
View Itineraries in Manager Portal	X	X	
View and Manage Alerts in VCC	X	X	X
View Traveler Reports in Manager portal	X	Configurable	
Create and Schedule Custom Reports	X	Configurable	

The following travel-related permissions are available to tailor the roles of your Travel Managers and Security users. Additional permissions can be configured to access VCC, contact records and send communications.

Permission	Description	Custom Role Template Configurability	Legacy Roles Templates	Additional Permission Required
Create, edit, Delete custom travel custom reports	Allows user to access the Reports menu and create Travel Segments custom reports.	All	- Incident Admin - Data Manager	- View Travel report - View and download contact records information - View building layer & airport and railway station layer
View Travel Reports	View and download all travel reports. Reports will only includes the travelers the user has access to.	All	- Incident Admin - Data Manager	- View and download contact record information - View the Last Known and Expected Location of contacts
View itineraries and segments	In VCC, Search for travel information, access the list of itineraries for a contact. In Manager Portal, access the Itineraries page.	All	- Incident Admin - Incident Operator - Group manager - Data Manager	
Create, edit, and delete	Ability to create travel itineraries	All	Incident Admin	View the Last Known and

Travel Itineraries	using the Itineraries REST API and the utility importer.		Data Manager	Expected Location of contacts Edit contacts
View Risk Intelligence	Access the Travel Risk intelligence and view country/city reports. Access the Airline risk intelligence and view airline details.	All	- Incident Admin - Incident Operator - Group Manager - Data Manager	
Manage Risk Intelligence	Set custom risk levels for Countries, cities and airlines. Set pre-trip advisories. Add/Remove airlines from custom banned list.	All	Incident Admin	- View Risk Intelligence - Launch and Manage Incidents
Manage Booking Alerts	View, create, edit and delete booking alerts	All	Incident Admin	Launch and Manage Incidents
Manage Travel Approval Policies	Access the Travel Policies page and View, Create, Edit, Delete country travel policies	All	Incident Admin	- View contact name and External ID - Launch and Manage Incidents

Travel Terminology

The following acronyms are commonly used in travel management:

- **PNR:** Passenger Name Record.
- **TMC:** Travel Management Company.
- **OBT:** Online Booking Tool.
- **GDS:** Global Distribution System. These are the reservation systems that TMCs and OBTs use to book travel reservations.
- **PCC:** Pseudo City Code. Location in the GDS in which travel reservations are booked. These are unique to TMCs, but travel reservations could be in multiple PCCs with one TMC.
- **Record Locator/PNR ID:** This is a 6-character code assigned in the GDS and Vendor for a Travel Itinerary.
- **Travel Itinerary/Reservation:** Share a common record locator and/or PNR ID in the GDS.
- **Travel Segments:** Individual flights, hotels, cars, trains, etc. that combined make up a Travel Itinerary/reservation.

Contact Management

Users can create Incidents or Notifications, manage settings, or work with contact data. They log in to the Everbridge Manager Portal or to Visual Command Center to perform these functions.

Contacts are who receive these Notifications or Incidents. Travelers are contacts who have associated Itineraries or travel locations. To satisfy your travel use cases, you may need to make changes to the way contacts are configured, for example adding new contact types or new fields that apply to travelers.

NOTE: A user is typically **also** a contact. The user may have a contact record for testing purposes. Or, in the case of an Organization sending Notifications to its own employees, the user is part of the audience that needs to receive that alert.

Contacts (Travelers)

In addition to the standard information fields that all contacts have, additional information fields can be configured for contacts to satisfy different travel use cases.

Travel-Related Use Cases

Use Case #1: As a travel manager, I would like to add emergency contact information to all my contacts so that in the case of an emergency, I do not need to access two systems to obtain this information.

Use Case #2: As a travel manager, I would like to be able to manage any known allergies, etc. should a contact need medical assistance.

Use Case #3: As a travel manager, I would like to collect any certifications travelers have like CPR, etc. to be able to assist in the case of an emergency.

Travel-Specific Contact Fields

The following travel-specific contact fields can be used in dynamic groups, advanced search, rules, Notifications, Incidents, or Communications.

Data Type	Field Type	Field Name

Travel Segment	Multi-Select	Travel Type (International/Domestic/Unknown)
Travel Segment	Single-Select	Local Travel (Yes/No/Unknown)
Travel Segment	Multi-Select	From Airport/Railway Station Code (fromIATA)
Travel Segment	Multi-Select	To Airport/Railway station code (toIATA)
Travel Segment	Multi-Select	Segment type (Air/Train/Car/Hotel)
Travel Segment	Text Field	Airline/Train Code
Travel Segment	Text Field	Supplier Name
Travel Segment	Single-Select	Destination Country (toCountry)
Travel Segment	Single-Select	Country of Origin (fromCountry)
Travel Itinerary	Date Picker	Start Date
Travel Itinerary	Date Picker	End Date
Travel Time Range	Date Picker	Date/Time Range (now, next X day/weeks/month, custom. Uses segment from/toLocation date)

NOTE: Travel-related fields are only available to Travel Protector customers.

Defining Traveler Types

Contact General Information

The **General Information** section of the contact record contains the name and ID information for the contact. Required fields have a red asterisk (*) next to the field label.

- First Name
- Middle Initial
- Last Name
- Suffix
- **External ID** - Must be unique in the Organization. The unique ID prevents duplication of records and customizes individuals with the same name. Your Organization might use Employee ID numbers or some other plan that contains unique IDs. External ID is case-sensitive and can be used by the travel connector to match travelers in the itinerary with their proper contact record in Everbridge.
- Records types in the menu are configured by the administrator for this particular Organization.
- The SSO User ID is shown here, if applicable.
- **VIP and Expatriate** - If the contact is an Expatriate or VIP, toggle the corresponding switch to mark this status on the contact record. These system attributes are displayed in the Manager Portal and fully supported by contact rules, dynamic groups, and contact APIs.

Contact Record Types

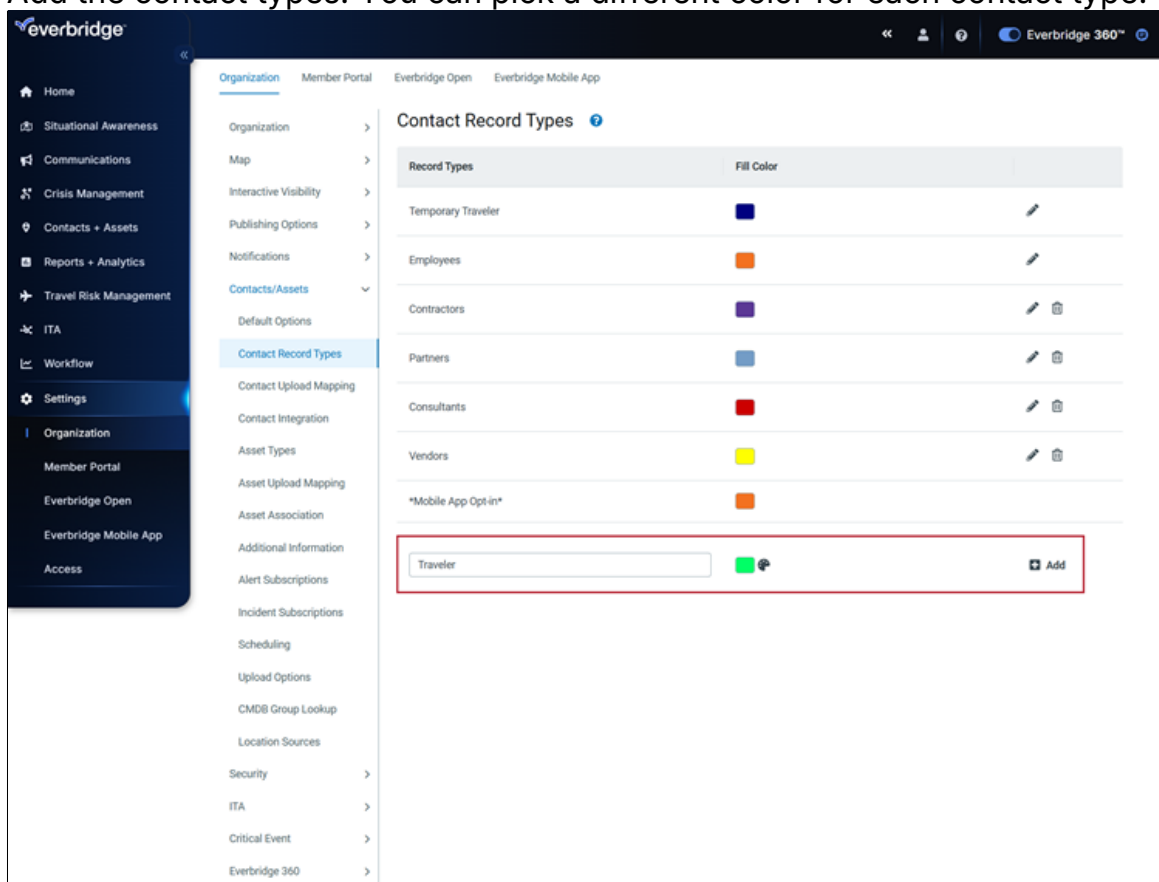
Not all Travelers require the same information or communication levels. In Everbridge, each traveler is represented as a **Contact**. When you create an Incident, you can choose which contacts the Incident Communications are sent to, based on the **Contact Type** and **Contact Location Type** (Static, Last Known, Expected, Travel).

Create Contact Record Type

You can define different types of contacts using the **Contact Type** field. As an Organization Administrator:

1. Navigate to the Manager Portal: **Settings > Contacts/Assets > Contact Record Types**.

2. Add the contact types. You can pick a different color for each contact type.

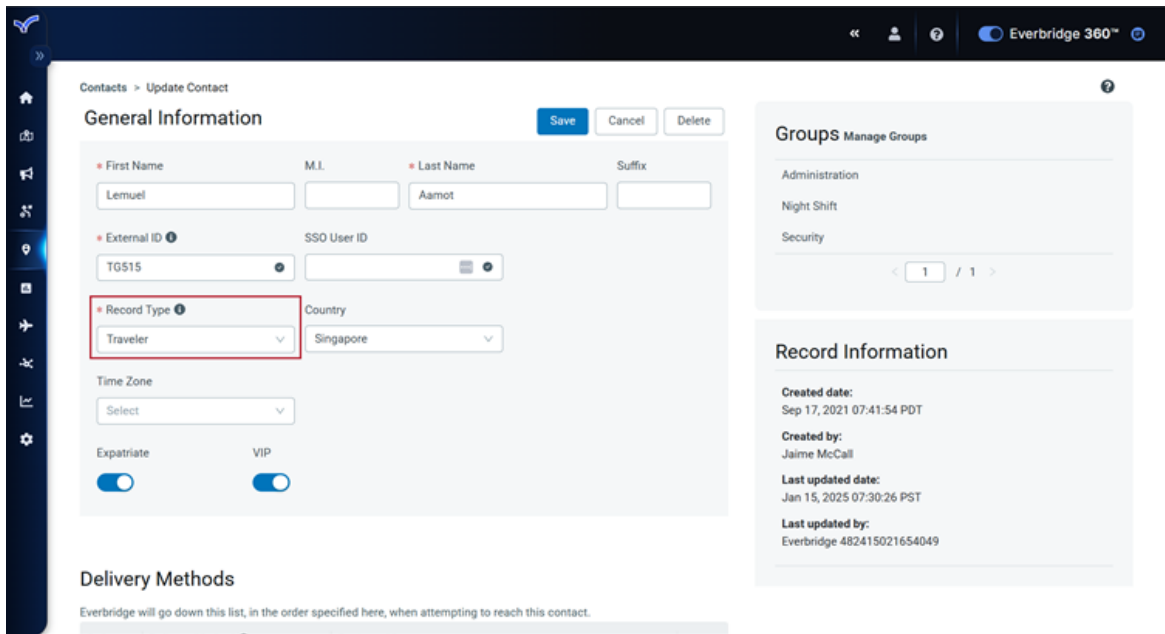


Assign Contact Record Type

Once your contact record types are defined, you can assign them to your travelers:

1. Navigate to the Manager Portal.
2. Select **Contacts** > **Contact List**.
3. Select the pencil icon in front of the contact.
4. Select the proper Record Type in the dropdown menu.

5. Click **Save**.



The screenshot shows the 'Update Contact' form in the Everbridge 360 interface. The 'Record Type' dropdown is highlighted with a red box, showing 'Traveler' selected. The form includes fields for First Name, M.I., Last Name, Suffix, External ID, SSO User ID, Country, Time Zone, Expatriate, and VIP. A 'Delivery Methods' section is at the bottom. The right sidebar shows 'Groups' and 'Record Information'.

The type is unique for each contact but can be changed at any time. When changed, the new type will be used for all future communications.

Additional Information Fields

Additional information fields help categorize contacts with more detailed information. For example, an additional information field can categorize contacts to distinguish managers from contractors. For more information, please see the [Support Center](#).

Itineraries

The **Itineraries** page is designed for Travel Managers and GSOC users to have a comprehensive view of all itineraries at once for ensuring efficient management, coordination and optimization of your corporate travel. It can be found at **Travel Risk Management > Itineraries**.

Description	PNR	Risk Level	Status	Start (EST) ↑	End (EST)	Duration	Type
Trip to Los Angeles, CA	Tuck	2 Low	Undefined	Aug 13, 2022	Aug 13, 2042	7306 days	Domestic
Trip to Chicago, Michigan	CurrentTrain	2 Low	Undefined	Sep 8, 2022	Sep 8, 2040	6576 days	Domestic
Trip to Los Angeles, CA	CurrentFlight	2 Low	Undefined	Sep 13, 2022	Sep 13, 2040	6576 days	Domestic
Trip to Detroit, Michigan	CurrentCarRental	2 Low	Undefined	Sep 13, 2022	Sep 13, 2040	6576 days	Domestic
Trip to Lake Buena Vista, ...	CurrentHotel	2 Low	Undefined	Sep 13, 2022	Sep 13, 2040	6576 days	Domestic
Trip to Los Angeles, CA	richardCustomO...	2 Low	Undefined	Jan 1, 2023	Jan 1, 2029	2193 days	Domestic
Trip to Lake Buena Vista, ...	CurrentTravel	2 Low	Undefined	Apr 24, 2023	Apr 23, 2040	6211 days	Domestic
Trip to Orlando, FL	Account of Ar	2 Low	Undefined	Jun 13, 2023	Jun 23, 2043	7316 days	Domestic

By consolidating all travel plans into a single, centralized location, it provides:

- **Enhanced Visibility** - A unified view of all itineraries allows for immediate access to travel details across the entire team. This visibility helps in tracking travel schedules, understanding overlap, and identifying any potential conflicts or issues before they arise.
- **Efficient Problem Resolution** - In the event of disruptions or emergencies, having all itineraries at hand enables quick decision-making and effective problem resolution. This proactive approach minimizes downtime and ensures that travelers are supported throughout their journey.

Accessing the Itineraries Page

The **Itineraries** page is accessible from the Manager Portal to users who have a role with the **View Itineraries and segments** permission enabled. To set the permission as an Account or Organization Administrator:

1. Navigate to **Settings > Access > Roles**.
2. Select the role you want to update or create a new role.

3. Select **Permissions** and under the Travel Risk Management section, enable the **View itineraries and segments** permission.

TRAVEL RISK MANAGEMENT

- ☐ View Travel Reports
- ☒ View itineraries and segments
- ☐ Create, edit, and delete Travel Itineraries
- ☐ View Risk Intelligence
- ☐ Manage Risk Intelligence
- ☐ Manage Booking Alerts

4. Optionally, you can limit access to specific contact in your Organization by clicking **Resources > Contacts > Limited Access** and selecting the groups or dynamic groups you want to provide access for the role.

Viewing Itineraries

When accessing the page, 500 current active itineraries are displayed as a list by default. You can refine the list by searching or filtering by date or status. Itineraries can be searched by:

- Flight/Rail Number
- PNR Number
- Traveler Name
- Hotel Name
- Location Name
- Airline
- Car Rental Company
- Address
- City
- State
- ZIP Code
- Country Code



Description	PNR	Risk Level	Status	Start (EST)	End (EST)	Duration	Type	Travelers
Trip to Sao Paulo, SP	PNR100	High	Ticketed	Nov 10, 2024	Jan 2, 2025	54 days	International	1

Search results can be further filtered by date range and status (booked or ticketed). The following information is available in the search results:

- **Description** - Shows the final destination of the itinerary. The final destination is calculated based on the segment information contained in the itinerary. It displays either the City and Country or the City and State when a state exists in the destination location.
- **PNR** - Itinerary record locator.
- **Risk Level** - Risk level indicator of the itinerary. The risk level is calculated and represent the country highest risk level of the itinerary.
- **Status** - indicate whether the itinerary is ticketed or booked. When no information is available, the status is displayed as Undefined
- **Start and End Date** - Calculated from the first segment start date and the last segment end date.
- **Duration** - Calculated duration of the trip in days
- **Type** - Calculated using the segments country
 - International: there are more than one country in the itinerary
 - Domestic: there is only one country in the itinerary
- **Travelers** - Number of travelers in the itinerary. You can mouse over to show the list of travelers.
- **Approval Status** - Whether the itinerary is approved or denied. All domestic itineraries are automatically approved, International itineraries can follow a review process.
- **Reviewers** - List of reviewers for the itineraries as set in the travel policies.

Viewing Itinerary Details

Selecting an itinerary opens its details. In the Overview page, additional information is available on the left, such as:

- Itinerary created date
- Itinerary last updated date
- Status
- List of travelers
- Source
- Cost center
- List of reviewers

Itinerary

Trip to Sao Paulo, SP

PNR100

Nov 10, 2024 - Jan 2, 2025 (54 days)

International

Overview

Created

Nov 8, 2024

Last changed: Nov 8, 2024

Status

Ticketed

Travelers

Coopman, John

Source

Travel_API

Countries 2

United States

3 days

2 Low

Boston, MA

Less than 1 day

2 Low

New York, NY

1 day

2 Low

Fort Lauderdale, FL

2 days

No Risk Level

Brazil

19 days

4 High

Sao Paulo, SP

4 days

3 Moderate

Brasilia, Lago Sul, DF

48 days

No Risk Level

Brasilia, DF

2 days

3 Moderate

In the right panel, the destinations (Countries and Cities) are listed along with their respective overall risk level and the calculated number of days the traveler will spend there.

Post-Booking Approval Process

When an international itinerary is created in Travel Protector, it is assessed according to the established [Travel Policies](#). International itineraries are the ones where there is more than one destination country.

Policies are checked for each destination locations based on their respective risk level for all segment types in the itineraries (including transit).

- If approval is required for at least one country and the itinerary is international, the status will be set to **Waiting for Traveler**, and a notification is sent to the travelers using the template set.
- If travel is denied to one destination country and the itinerary is international, the itinerary will be automatically denied, and the status will be set to **Denied**.
- If no approvals are required for any countries, the itinerary is automatically approved, and the status is set to **Approved**.

When an itinerary is updated, it is re-assessed in the following conditions:

- A country was added as a new destination.
- A denied country is removed from the itinerary.
- Destination country or city changed in a segment to a country requiring approval.

Traveler Notification

When approval is required, a Notification is automatically sent to all contacts matched to the travelers in the itinerary. Travelers can access the form using the link in the message after authenticating to the Member Portal. Only one traveler needs to complete and submit the form.

The form is resent to the travelers when:

- New countries requiring approval are added.
- Countries requiring approval are removed and the itinerary is not yet approved.
- The traveler list has changed.

Travelers can open the form after authenticating to the Member Portal or the mobile app, fill up the form and submit it. The form can be submitted more than once, only the latest answers are displayed in the itinerary detail.

Approving an Itinerary

When a traveler submits the form, the responses are linked to the itinerary and a Notification is automatically sent to all the reviewers listed on the policies for all destination countries requiring approval. Information in the Notification message is fully configurable.

Reviewers must open the itinerary in the Manager Portal in the **Itinerary** page. A direct link to the itinerary can be added to the message using the **_Travel: PNR URL** system variable.

In the details of the itinerary, an **Approval** tab is displayed. For security and privacy reasons, this tab is only visible to the reviewers of the itinerary, Organization Administrators, and Account Administrators. All other users are able to see the approval status and list of reviewers in the itinerary page but cannot access the Approval tab.

The Approval tab includes the following information:

- The itinerary Approval status.

- The travelers' responses to the questionnaire.
- The name of the travelers who submitted the responses.
- The list of Travelers.
- The list of destination countries.
- The reviewers for each country.
- The users who approved or denied countries in the itinerary.

Reviewing an Itinerary

Itinerary review, approval, or denial occurs in the Manager Portal. An itinerary is approved when travel to all destination countries is approved. An itinerary is denied when travel to one destination country is denied. You can only review, approve or deny travel to countries you are a reviewer for.

NOTE: Note: Account and Organization administrators can review, approve, or deny travel to any countries.

To review an itinerary:

1. Navigate to the **Itineraries** page.
2. Search or filter for the itinerary you want to review.
3. Select the itinerary to display its details. Optionally, you can open the itinerary by selecting the link in the Notification you received.
4. Select the **Approval** tab to display the **Travel Review Form** submitted by the traveler.
5. Select **Review Travel** to open the list of country for which you are a reviewer for.
6. Select either **Approve Travel** or **Deny Travel** for each country for which you're a reviewer.
7. Enter a note for approval (optional) or rationale for deny (required).
8. Select **Submit**.

The user who approved or deny a country is recorded along with the date of the action.

Overriding Approval or Denial of an Itinerary

To prevent reprocessing itineraries and resending review form to travelers, overriding the approval or denial of an itinerary is possible at any time.

Reviewers can override decisions for the countries they are reviewer for, while Account and Organization Administrators can override decisions for any countries,

including the ones who do not have policies or policies that would automatically deny travel.

Approval and deny rules still apply:

- Itinerary is approved if travel to all destination countries is approved.
- Itinerary is denied if travel to one destination country is denied.

To override an approval decision:

1. Navigate to the **Itineraries** page.
2. Search or filter for the itinerary you want to review.
3. Select the itinerary to display its details.
4. Select **Review Travel** to open the list of country for which you are a reviewer for. Account and Organization Administrators will see the list of all destination countries.
5. For each country, select either **Approve Travel** or **Deny Travel**.
6. Enter a note for approval (optional) or rationale for deny (required).
7. Select **Submit**.
8. The itinerary approval status is updated and actions updated for each country.

Viewing Approval Status and Reviewers

From the itinerary table or the Itinerary Details, you can view at any time the approval status of itinerary as well as reviewers, approvers, and deniers.

In the itinerary table, you can filter by approval status as well as reviewers.

In the Itinerary Details, approvers and deniers are shown for each individual countries requiring approval.

Reviewers show either as:

- **System** - The itinerary was automatically approved, and no policies existed for the countries of travel, a policy was added after the itinerary was approved.
- **By Policy** - A country of travel was automatically approved or denied by a policy.
- **User First, Last Name** - User who approve or deny travel to a country.

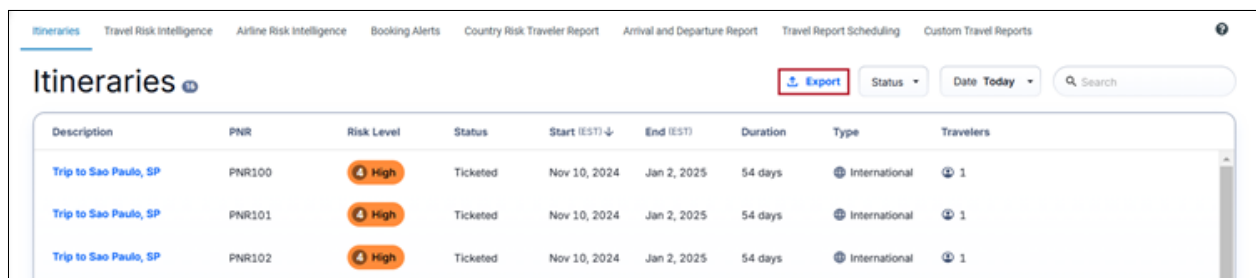
In the Itinerary Details, from the reviewer section:

1. Only countries that are in the itinerary and have policies are shown in the **Reviewer** section.

2. For each country it displays who approved, denied and the reviewers on the policy.
3. If an itinerary was previously approved by system and a new policy is added for a country, it will show "System" once the policy is added to a country.
4. If an itinerary is auto-approved or denied with a policy, it shows "By policy".

Export Itineraries List

You can export the list of itineraries to a CSV file. In the export, when an itinerary has more than one traveler, a row for each traveler is displayed with their First Name, Last Name and External ID. In addition, the Source and Cost Center associated with the itinerary are also exported.



Description	PNR	Risk Level	Status	Start (EST)	End (EST)	Duration	Type	Travelers
Trip to Sao Paulo, SP	PNR100	High	Ticked	Nov 10, 2024	Jan 2, 2025	54 days	International	1
Trip to Sao Paulo, SP	PNR101	High	Ticked	Nov 10, 2024	Jan 2, 2025	54 days	International	1
Trip to Sao Paulo, SP	PNR102	High	Ticked	Nov 10, 2024	Jan 2, 2025	54 days	International	1

Importing Travel Itineraries

Importing your Travel Itineraries is an important first step in fulfilling your duty of care obligations. To assist with this, Everbridge provides three ways to bring in travel itinerary information:

- **Travel Location Data Feeds** - Everbridge can connect to all major travel management companies, online booking tools, global distribution systems, and aggregators to obtain Itinerary information via an API or connector.



- **Email Parsing** - Everbridge can capture off-channel bookings to provide a holistic duty of care. Travelers can forward an email and the email will be parsed as a Travel Itinerary, creating an expected location in the Everbridge platform. Travelers should ensure the email address and mobile number they will be using on the trip are included in the booking.
 - Note that Email Parsing is a paid add-on for Travel Protector.
- **Manual Import** - You can import Itineraries manually from a spreadsheet using a desktop utility. See [Manually Importing Itineraries](#) for instructions.

Once imported, the itineraries can be viewed and exported from the [Itineraries](#) page. You can access [Itinerary Audit Logs](#) by navigating to **Contacts+Assets** > **Contacts** > **Travel Connector and API Logs**.

Manually Importing Itineraries

You can import itineraries manually from a spreadsheet using a desktop utility. Once you have prepared your itineraries data in a spreadsheet, you will need to download the utility then launch it locally and import the data from the spreadsheet.

The following information can be loaded using the import utility:

- Itinerary
- Traveler
- Flight
- Car
- Hotel
- Train

Type	Field	Required?	Description
Itinerary	ID	Optional	Internal ID for the PNR (external itinerary ID).
	PNR	Required	PNR or Record location number.
	Status	Required	Status of the PNR in the source system. New, Canceled (itinerary will be deleted), Update, Active.
	Creation Time	Optional	Date and time the itinerary was created in the source system.
	Note	Optional	Additional notes.
Traveler Information	Contact ID	Optional	Existing Everbridge Contact ID.
	Employee ID	Optional	Will be matched to existing Contact External ID. If not filed, a temporary external ID of

			format tmpid-<first name>-<last name> will be assigned to the contact upon creation.
	First Name	Required	Contact first name.
	Middle Name	Optional	Contact middle name.
	Last Name	Required	Contact last name.
	Email Address	Required	Contact email address.
	Phone Number	Optional	Contact phone number.
	Note	Optional	Additional notes.
Flight	Airline	Required	Name of the airline.
	Airline Code	Required	IATA Airline code.
	Flight #	Required	Flight number.
	Departure Airport Code	Required	IATA Airport code.
	Departure Time (Local)	Required	Departure date and time in local time.
	Arrival Airport Code	Required	IATA Airport code.
	Arrival Time (Local)	Required	Arrival date and time in local time.
	Note	Optional	Additional notes.
Hotel	Hotel Name	Required	Name of the hotel.
	Address	Required	Address of the hotel.
	City	Required	City where the hotel is located.
	State	Optional	State where the hotel is located. This is a required field for US and Canada.

	Country	Required	Country where the hotel is located.
	Postal Code	Optional	ZIP code of the hotel address.
	Time Zone	Required	Time zone where the hotel is located.
	Check-in Time (Local)	Required	Date and time (in local time) when the traveler will check in.
	Check-out Time (Local)	Required	Date and time (in local time) when the traveler will check out.
	Note	Optional	Additional notes.
Car	Rental Agency	Required	Name of the rental car agency.
	Pickup Air/Rail Code	Optional	IATA code of the pickup location. If no IATA code exists, specify the address of the pickup location using the fields below.
	Pickup Address	Required	Address where the car is picked up. Will be used if no or invalid location code is provided.
	Pickup City	Required	City where the car is picked up. Will be used if no or invalid location code is provided.
	Pickup State	Optional	State where the car is picked up. Will be used if no or invalid location code is provided.

Pickup Country	Required	State where the car is picked up. Will be used if no or invalid location code is provided.
Pickup Postal Code	Required	City ZIP code where the car is picked up. Will be used if no or invalid location code is provided.
Pickup Time (Local)	Required	Date and time (in local time) when the car will be picked up.
Drop-off Location (Airport Code)	Optional	IATA code of the pick-up location. If no IATA code exists, specify the address using the fields below.
Drop-off Address	Required	Address where the car is dropped off. Will be used if no or invalid location code is provided.
Drop-off City	Required	City where the car is dropped off. Will be used if no or invalid location code is provided.
Drop-off State	Optional	State where the car is dropped off. Will be used if no or invalid location code is provided.
Drop-off Country	Required	Country where the car is dropped off. Will be used if no or invalid location code is provided.

	Drop-off Postal Code	Required	City Zip code where the car is dropped off, will be used if no or invalid location code is provided.
	Drop-off Time (Local)	Required	Date and time (in local time) when the car will be returned.
	Note	Optional	Additional notes.
Train	Railway Company	Required	Name of the train provider.
	Train Code	Required	Code identifying the train.
	Train Number	Required	Train number.
	Departure Station Code	Required	IATA Train station code. If no IATA code exists, specify the nearest IATA code.
	Departure Address	Required	Train station address. Will be used if no or invalid location code is provided.
	Departure City	Required	Train station city. Will be used if no or invalid location code is provided.
	Departure State	Optional	Train station state. Will be used if no or invalid location code is provided.
	Departure Country	Required	Train station country. Will be used if no or invalid location code is provided.
	Departure Postal Code	Required	Train station City ZIP code. Will be

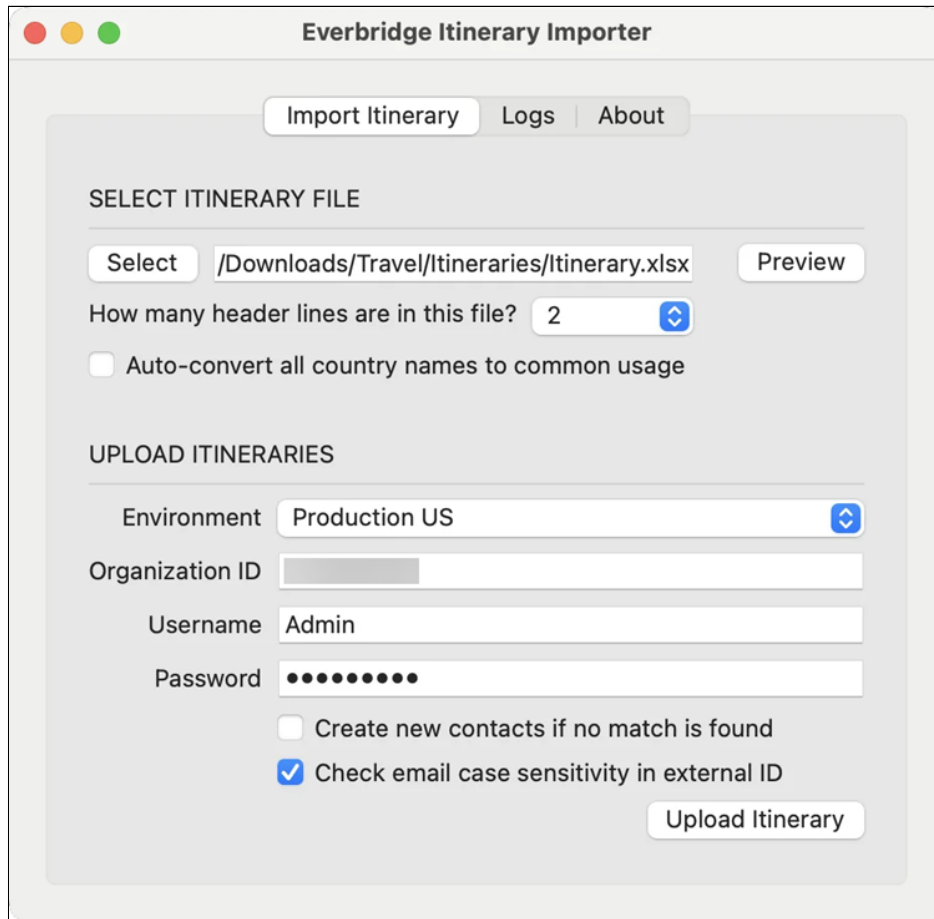
		used if no or invalid location code is provided.
Departure Time Zone	Required	Time zone of the departure station.
Departure Time (Local)	Required	Date and time (local time) of departure.
Arrival Station Code	Required	IATA Train station code. If no IATA code exists, specify the nearest IATA code.
Arrival Address	Required	Train station address. Will be used if no or invalid location code is provided.
Arrival City	Required	Train station city. Will be used if no or invalid location code is provided.
Arrival State	Optional	Train station state. Will be used if no or invalid location code is provided.
Arrival Country	Required	Train station country. Will be used if no or invalid location code is provided.
Arrival Postal Code	Required	Train station ZIP code. Will be used if no or invalid location code is provided.
Arrival Time Zone	Required	Time zone of the arrival station.
Arrival Time (Local)	Required	Date and time (local time) of arrival.

	Note	Optional	Additional notes.
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Importing an Itinerary

To import an Itinerary:

1. Navigate to **Contacts+Assets > Contacts > Travel Connector and API Logs**.
2. Select **Add Itinerary**, which will route the user to the [Travel Itinerary Importer](#) page.
3. Follow the instructions outlined on the Travel Itinerary Importer page.



The screenshot shows the 'Everbridge Itinerary Importer' window. It has three tabs: 'Import Itinerary' (active), 'Logs', and 'About'. Under 'Import Itinerary', there is a section 'SELECT ITINERARY FILE' with a 'Select' button, a file path '/Downloads/Travel/Itineraries/Itinerary.xlsx', and a 'Preview' button. Below this is a dropdown for 'How many header lines are in this file?' set to '2', and a checkbox for 'Auto-convert all country names to common usage' which is unchecked. The next section is 'UPLOAD ITINERARIES' with a dropdown for 'Environment' set to 'Production US'. Below this are input fields for 'Organization ID' (empty), 'Username' (set to 'Admin'), and 'Password' (masked with dots). There are two checkboxes: 'Create new contacts if no match is found' (unchecked) and 'Check email case sensitivity in external ID' (checked). An 'Upload Itinerary' button is at the bottom right.

How an Itinerary is Interpreted

When a new Itinerary is added, the following operations are performed:

- Travelers included in the Itinerary are matched to existing contacts in Everbridge.
- A travel segment and expected locations are created for each portion of the traveler's trip. The type of each segment and travel location are calculated. Start and end dates for each travel location are calculated based on Expected Location Duration Settings.

Travel and expected locations represent where your traveler is located on the map. If a Risk Event occurs, travelers who have an active location in the area will be identified as affected by the Risk Event and will be notified based on the rule you defined in the system.

The sections that follow describe the rules for each of these actions.

Traveler to Contact Matching Logic

When an Itinerary is created in Everbridge Suite, travelers included in the Itinerary will be matched to existing contacts in Everbridge. This is necessary, as only contacts can receive incident communications. Matching is done using these rules:

If a **contactID** or **Employee ID** is specified during the upload, it will be used. As those are unique IDs in Everbridge, no other information is used for matching. Traveler information in the Itinerary (Name, Email Address, etc.) is ignored in favor of information in the existing Contact Record.

If no contactID or EmployeeID is specified during the upload, other traveler information will be used to match the traveler to an existing contact, in this order:

1. If the First Name and Last Name match exactly (without trimming punctuation):
 - The contacts for which the Email or Phone Number matches are selected.
 - The contacts for which the Middle Initial matches are selected.
2. If the Last Name only matches and the start of First and Middle Names match (with trimming punctuation):
 - The contacts for which the Email or Phone Number matches are selected.

- The contacts for which the longest number of characters matches at the start of first and middle names are selected.
- 3. If the First word of the First Name, Last Name matches (with trimming punctuation) and the start of the First and Middle Names matches (with trimming punctuation,)
 - The contacts for which the Email or Phone Number matches are selected.
 - The contacts for which the longest number of characters matches at the start of first and middle names are selected.

If no contact match is found, and the **Create contact** option is selected, a new contact will be created for the traveler.

When a contact is created for the traveler, the information (First Name, Last Name....) specified in the Itinerary is used. In addition, as both External ID and contact types are required fields for contacts:

- If an Employee ID is specified during the import, it will be used as the External ID and the record type is set to **Employee**.
- If no Employee ID is specified during the import, an external ID of format **tmpid-<first name>-<last name>** is assigned to the newly created contact, and the record type is set to **Temporary Traveler**.

Both External ID and Record Type fields can be changed at any time on the contact detail page; see [Defining Traveler Types](#).

Travel Segment and Travel Location Types

When an Itinerary is loaded in Everbridge, segments are created for each portion of the trip. Each segment has a "**Departure**" and an "**Arrival**" specified, along with dates. Travel locations—expected locations with the type Travel—will be created for the Arrival and Departure of each segment.

Additional information about the segments will be calculated based on the expected travel locations:

- **International:** A segment is International if the Departure and Arrival locations are in **different** countries
- **Domestic:** A segment is domestic if both the Departure and Arrival locations are in the **same** country.

A travel location can have additional attributes depending on the traveler's static location:



- **Local:** A travel location is local if the distance between **any** of the contact's Static address(es) and location **is within** a 100-mile radius.
- **Non-Local:** A travel location is non-local if the distance between **each** of the contact's Static address(es) and location **is more** than 100 miles.
- **Domestic:** A travel location is domestic if **Any** of the contact's static address(es) has the same country as the location.
- **International:** A travel location is international if **None** of the contact's static address(es) has the same country as the location.

For example:

- A traveler residing in Australia is traveling in the USA from Boston to Denver. The segment will be Domestic but each travel location for that specific traveler will be International and non-local.
- A traveler residing in Luxemburg is traveling across the border to Metz, France. The segment will be International, but each travel location will be local.

NOTE: If a traveler has no static location defined in Everbridge, its travel location type will be marked as Unknown.

Location Duration Settings

Travel locations are created whenever Itineraries are imported. For train trips, flights, and car rentals, two travel locations are created for each travel segment. For hotel segments, only one travel location is created for the duration of the stay.

By default, travel locations created from Itineraries take effect **24 hours** before the traveler is scheduled to arrive at the location and remain valid for 24 hours after the traveler is expected to arrive.

- A traveler is scheduled to take a flight at 9 a.m. on April 1. For purposes of visualization and alerting, the traveler is considered to be at the airport starting at 9 a.m. on March 31 (24 hours before the scheduled time for the flight).
- The same traveler is scheduled to arrive at the flight destination at 3 p.m. on April 1. The traveler is considered to be at that location until 3 p.m. April 2 (24 hours after the expected arrival date and time), unless another travel segment exists in that period.

These 24-hour periods allow Everbridge to notify travelers, travel managers, and others about events that may affect travelers. For example, if a weather event shuts down the departure airport before a traveler's flight, the traveler and

manager will want to know about the disruption before the traveler goes to the airport. If a natural disaster occurs at the destination after the traveler's flight, the travel manager may need to know, as the traveler may still be in the area.

These 24-hour periods are defaults; you can adjust the durations used for different types of expected locations on the Defaults page in the Manager Portal, at **Settings > Organization > Map > Location Data Sources > Defaults**.

Locations generated from travel segments may overlap with each other. For alerting and visualization purposes, the traveler is treated as being in all overlapping locations at the same time.

The rules to calculate the start and end dates of each expected location are as follows:

Setting	Value	Rule
Hotel Check-in	Off	The expected location starts on the check-in date/time found in the Itinerary segment minus 24 hours.
	On and set to a length of time	The expected location starts on the check-in date/time found in the Itinerary segment minus the length of time specified.
	On and set to a point in time	The expected location starts on the check-in date and time specified in the setting.
Hotel Checkout	Off	The expected location ends on the check-in date/time found on the Itinerary segment plus 24 hours.
	On and set to a length of time	The expected location ends on the check-in date/time found on the Itinerary segment plus the length of time specified.

	On and set to a point in time	The expected location ends on the checkout date and time specified in the setting.
Flight Departure	Off	The expected location starts on the flight departure date/time found in the Itinerary segment minus 24 hours and ends on flight departure date/time at the departure airport.
	On	The expected location starts on the flight arrival date/time found in the Itinerary segment and ends on the flight arrival date/time found in the Itinerary segment plus the length of time specified in the setting at the destination airport. An additional rule may be applied if the Max Flight/Train connection setting is used.
Flight Arrival	Off	The expected location starts on the flight arrival date/time found in the Itinerary segments and ends 24 hours later at the destination airport.
	On	The expected location starts on the flight arrival date/time found in the Itinerary segment and ends on the flight arrival date/time found in the Itinerary segment plus the length of time specified in

		the setting at the destination airport. An additional rule may be applied if the Max Flight/ Train connection setting is used.
Train Departure	Off	The expected location starts on the train departure date/time found in the Itinerary segment minus 24 hours and ends on train departure date/ time at the departure station.
	On	The expected location starts on the train departure date/time found in the Itinerary segment minus the length of time specified in the setting and ends on train departure date/time at the departure station. An additional rule may be applied if the Max Flight/ Train connection setting is used.
Train Arrival	Off	The expected location starts on the train arrival date/time found in the Itinerary segments and ends 24 hours later at the destination station.
	On	The expected location starts on the train arrival date/time found in the Itinerary segment and ends on the train arrival date/time found in the Itinerary segment plus the

		length of time specified in the setting at the destination station. An additional rule may be applied if the Max Flight/Train connection setting is used.
Car Rental Check-in	Off	The expected location starts on the car rental check-in date/time found in the Itinerary segment minus 24 hours and ends on the car rental check-in date/time.
	On	The expected location starts on the car rental check-in date/time found in the Itinerary segment minus the length of time specified in the setting and ends on the car rental check-in date/time.
Car Rental Return	Off	The expected location starts on the car rental return date/time found in the Itinerary segments and ends 24 hours later
	On	The expected location starts on the car rental return date/time found on the Itinerary segment and ends on the car rental date/time found on the Itinerary segment plus the length of time specified in the setting.
Others	Off	Reserved for future use.
	On	Reserved for future use.
Max Flight/Train connection	Off	No rule is applied.

	On	If the time difference between two train or two flight segments is less than the Max Flight/Train Connection time setting and the airports/train stations are the same, only one expected location is created from the date/time arrival of the first flight/train to the next flight/train date/time departure.
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Maintain Traveler at their Last Known Location

In some situations, there may be a gap between two travel locations generated from two successive travel segments. Consider the example below:

- A traveler is arriving at a destination in the morning and (based on the organization's configuration for Air and Rail arrivals) is only considered to be at the arrival airport or train station for a few hours and then is checking in to their hotel later in the evening. In this case, there is no expected location for the period after the end of the Flight or Rail arrival location and before the beginning of the hotel location.

In this situation, the system will not be able to locate the traveler; if any local event is occurring during these gaps, the traveler will not be alerted. To avoid such a situation, use the setting **Maintain traveler at their last expected location** located on the Defaults page at **Settings > Organization > Map > Location Data Sources > Defaults**.

With this setting enabled, the traveler is treated as being at their last travel location until the next one becomes active. On the last segment of the Itinerary, this setting is not applied.

NOTE: This setting applies only to locations created from segments of the same Itinerary.

Itinerary Audit Logs

Any Itineraries loaded using the Itinerary Importer utility, Travel Data connector, or the API are logged. To view the logs, navigate to **Contact+Assets > Contacts > Travel Connector and API Logs**.

PNR Number	PNR Status	Acti...	PNR Source	Done By	First Name	Last Name	Contact ID	Time	Deta...
PNR-AIR 20...	Success	Crea...	API - TT5 Man...	Anne McG...	trm	test-2024...	2590107408270263	Oct 29, 2024 15:52:08...	
PNR9993	Success	Crea...	Everbridge	Anne McG...	John	Coopman	2590107408269353	Oct 29, 2024 08:59:54...	
PNR9993	Success	Crea...	Everbridge	Anne McG...	John	Coopman	2590107408269353	Oct 25, 2024 12:08:10...	
PNR9993	Success	Crea...	Everbridge	Anne McG...	John	Coopman	2590107408269353	Oct 25, 2024 12:03:16...	
sayanaTest...	Success	Crea...	API - TT5 Man...	Sayana Kh...	test	four	425409531349430	Oct 22, 2024 16:17:08...	
sayanaTest...	Success	Crea...	API - TT5 Man...	Sayana Kh...	test	four	425409531349430	Oct 22, 2024 16:16:32...	

By default, no Itineraries are displayed in the table. Itineraries are displayed based on search criteria.

You can search by **PNR Number**, **PNR Status**, **Traveler First** or **Last Name**, and **Date Range**. Search results must match all the criteria. By default, the Date Range specified in the search is the past seven days. You can search for imports up to 18 months in the past, but you cannot specify a date range longer than six months. The following information will be returned in the log:

Field	Description
PNR Number	Record locator or PNR number for the Itinerary.
PNR Status	Success – The Itinerary has been loaded successfully with all the information. Partial Success - Some travelers were rejected; others were created or matched.

	Failure – The Itinerary was rejected. The reason for failure or partial success is available by selecting the binoculars icon.
Action	Event action.
PNR Source	Indicates the name of the third-party system where the PNR originated, or whether it has been loaded via API or using the Everbridge utility.
Done By	Name of the Everbridge user who did the action.
First Name	Traveler first name (one line per traveler).
Last Name	Traveler last name (one line per traveler).
Contact ID	Everbridge Contact ID for the traveler. Details on how the traveler was matched to an existing contact or whether the contact was created (no match found) are displayed by selecting the binocular icon.
Time	Time of the transaction.
Details	Downloads the details of the Itinerary in a JSON format.

You can export the content of the table along with the failure details and Contact matching details by selecting the **Export** button above the table.

Data Retention

Travelers

Temporary Travelers (contacts with record type "Temporary Traveler") will be kept in the system for **90 days** after the end of their latest Itinerary. If the record type of the traveler was changed, it will not be deleted.

If the Temporary Traveler does not have any Itinerary in the system (the Itinerary was canceled and deleted), the Temporary Traveler contact record will be deleted 90 days after it was created or modified.

Travel Itinerary Data

By default, the retention time for travel itineraries is **18 months** after the Itinerary ends. However, if enabled, data retention for the Organization's travel data can be customized under **Settings > Map > Location Data Sources > Data Retention Policy**. You can change it to any duration from one to 18 months or one to 29 days.

The Travel Itineraries and all their segments will be deleted after the specified duration once the travel is completed.

Booking Alerts

Booking Alerts allow sending Incident Notifications using Incident Templates when a traveler books a trip that matches a selected set of conditions. Travel managers or any authorized user can configure a set of rules to alert when a defined set of travelers book a trip to a Country Risk Level, to some or all Country Risk Levels, or to a specific set of countries.

Using Booking Alerts requires the following steps:

1. Create an Incident Template to be used when sending alerts.
2. Ensure that **Edit** permissions for messages are granted in the template.
3. Set up the Booking Alerts rule.
4. Import itineraries.
5. Monitor the Booking Alerts.

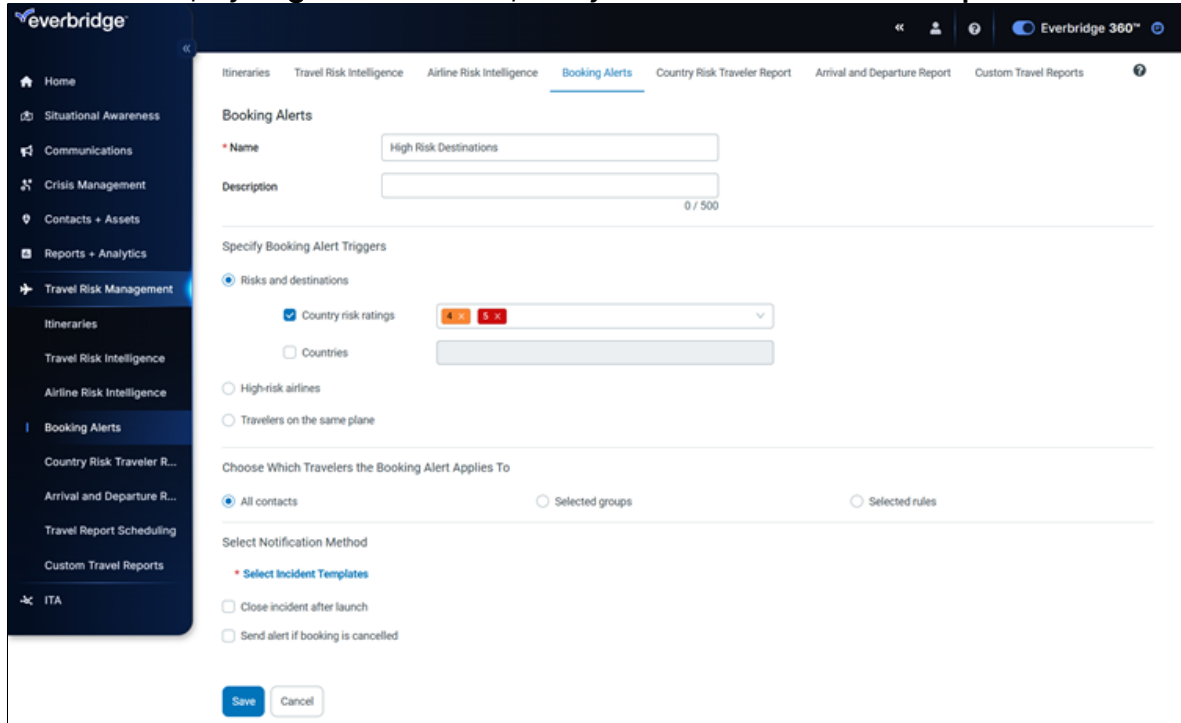
NOTE: Booking Alerts are not sent to the traveler but to the defined contacts in the Incident Template. There must be at least one contact included in the template for the Incident to be launched.

Configuration

To configure Booking Alerts, navigate to **Travel Risk Management > Booking Alerts**.

1. Select **Add New Alert Rule** in the top-right corner.
2. On the Booking Alerts page, specify the **Name** (required, up to 100 characters), and **Description** (optional, up to 500 characters).

3. Specify the Booking Alert **triggers**. They can be triggered by **Risks and destinations**, by **High-risk airlines**, or by **Travelers on the same plane**.



- a. **Risks and destinations** - A Booking Alert is triggered when the traveler is booking to a country that matches all the selected criteria:
 - **Country Risk Ratings** - A Booking Alert is triggered when a traveler is booking a trip to a country of any of the selected Country Risk Ratings. If a custom Risk Rating has been set for a country, it will be used.
 - **Countries** - A Booking Alert is triggered when a traveler is booking to any of the selected countries.
 - **Both** - When configuring Booking Alerts with both **Country Risk Ratings** and **Countries** selected, the Alert logic follows the structure below:
 - **AND logic between Categories** - A Booking Alert is triggered only when **both** conditions are met:
 - The destination country is one of the selected countries, **and**
 - The country's Risk Rating matches one of the selected ratings.
 - **OR logic within each Category:**
 - If multiple countries are selected, the Alert applies to any of them.
 - If multiple Risk Ratings are selected, the Alert applies to any of those ratings.

- **Example** - When France and Germany are the selected countries, along with the High and Severe Risk Ratings, a Booking Alert is triggered if a destination matches either country and has a Risk Rating of High or Severe.

- **NOTE:** Booking Alerts by Risks and destinations only include countries that the traveler is **traveling to**. The country of origin will not trigger a Booking Alert.

- b. **High-risk airlines** - A Booking Alert is triggered when the traveler is booking on an airline that matches all the selected criteria.
- **Airline Risk Ratings** - Traveler books a trip on an airline of any of the selected Risk Ratings. If a custom Risk Rating has been set for an airline, it will be used.
 - **FAA country category** - Traveler books a trip on an airline headquartered in a country that matches the selected country category set by the FAA. Visit www.faa.gov for more information.
 - **Category 1** - Complies with ICAO Standards. FAA inspectors assessed a country's civil aviation authority and determined that it licenses and oversees air carriers in accordance with ICAO aviation safety standards.
 - **Category 2** - Does Not Comply with ICAO Standards. FAA inspectors assessed a country's civil aviation authority and determined that it does not provide safety oversight in accordance with ICAO standards.
 - **Not Categorized** - The country has not been categorized by the FAA.
 - **IOSA not registered** - Traveler books a trip on an airline that is not an IOSA-registered operator. For more information, visit www.iata.org.
 - **On EU banned list** - Traveler books a trip on an airline banned from operating in Europe. For more information, visit <https://transport.ec.europa.eu>.
 - **On custom banned list** - Traveler books a trip on an airline on your own defined banned list set under Airline Risk Intelligence.
- c. **Travelers on the same plane** - Booking Alert is triggered when the number of travelers booking on the same plane is approaching, reaching or exceeding the defined thresholds. The Notification contains the flight information, including the list of passengers booked on the plane. In the case of code-sharing, passengers are identified as being on the same plane for an Air segment if all of the following matches: departure time, arrival time, departure airport code, and arrival airport code.

- **Maximum travelers allowed** - When the number of travelers reaches or exceeds the defined number, an Incident Notification is sent using the template defined in the Booking Alert.
 - **Alert when reaching** - When the number of travelers reaches or exceeds the defined number but is less than the Maximum number of travelers allowed, an Incident Notification is sent using the template defined in the Booking Alert.
4. Select Travelers for which the Booking Alert will apply. You can select all **Contacts**, Contacts from selected static **Groups**, or Contacts from selected **Rules**. To create Rules and Groups please refer to the [Incident Communications User Guide](#). Dynamic Group selection is not supported at this time.
 5. Select the Notification method. Select one or multiple templates to be used to send the Booking Alert Incidents. A single Incident is launched per selected template. The Incident Notification is sent to the Contacts set in the templates.
 6. You have the option to automatically close the Incident(s) after successfully launched. This will apply to all Incidents of the current Booking Alert Rule.
 7. You can choose to send a cancellation alert for Risks and Destinations. A cancellation alert is sent when a segment in an itinerary that previously triggered a booking alert is deleted or its dates or destinations are updated.
 8. Select **Save**.

You can configure up to **200 Booking Alerts per Organization**.

The Booking Alert rule is automatically enabled after creation. You can disable any Booking Alert rule at any time by deselecting them in the table, and Incidents will no longer be created. Furthermore, Booking Alerts can be deleted if no longer needed.

Incident and Message

When a Booking Alert is sent, a single Incident is launched per template per rule (regardless of the number of Risk Ratings or countries specified as triggers).

By default, the message defined in the Incident Template is appended with a predefined section, the content of the message depends on the type of booking alert triggered.

- For **Risk and destination**, it includes the traveler's information (last name, first name, external ID, and record type), along with the arrival information (PNR number, itinerary type, arrival city, date, location, and segment type). If more than one arrival location triggered a Booking Alert, they are grouped by country; country name, Risk Rating, and Risk Rating label are indicated. The message is truncated if it exceeds the limit defined in the Incident Template.

- For **High-risk airlines**, it includes the traveler's information (last name, first name, external ID, record type) along with the flight information (flight number, departure airport, departure date, arrival airport, arrival date, and PNR number). If more than one airline triggers a booking alert, they are grouped by airlines; airline name, Risk Rating, and Risk Rating label are indicated. The message is truncated if it exceeds the limit defined in the Incident Template.
- For **Travelers on the same plane**, it includes the flight information (flight numbers, departure airport, departure date, arrival airport, and arrival date) along with the list of passengers on the plane (last name, first name, external ID, record type and PNR number)

Travel Protector can auto-fill the predefined section using system variables so you can move the predefined section anywhere in your message.

Variable	Type	Description
_Travel: Booking Alert Message	Autofill	The predefined section in text format. To be used for SMS.
_Travel: Booking Alert Message - HTML	Autofill	The predefined section in HTML format. To be used for mobile and custom email.

If both **_Travel: Booking Alert Message – HTML** and **_Travel: Booking Alert Message** are used in the message, **_Travel: Booking Alert Message** will be auto-filled by the predefined section in the SMS message and **_Travel: Booking Alert Message – HTML** will be auto-filled by the predefined section in the mobile and custom email.

If none of the system variables are used, the predefined section will automatically be added at the bottom of the message.

Travel Risk Intelligence

Country and City Reports are designed to educate and inform a traveler about the risks of travel after booking a reservation, as well as provide educational information about country etiquette, holidays, customs, and pertinent information needed to ensure a successful business trip.

Everbridge Risk Intelligence Monitoring Center (RIMC) provides details for each country and region, along with their main cities. Updated regularly, it can be used for pre-trip country reports.

NOTE: The Everbridge RIMC information is provided "as is" and may not be up-to-date as the situation in some countries may change quickly.

The **Travel Risk Intelligence** page is used to customize Country and City Report content, customize Travel Risk Ratings, select countries for which a Pre-Trip Country Report is sent to travelers, and configure your pre-trip advisories.

The screenshot shows the Everbridge Travel Risk Intelligence interface. The left sidebar contains navigation links: Home, Situational Awareness, Communications, Crisis Management, Contacts + Assets, Reports + Analytics, and Travel Risk Management. The main content area is titled 'Travel Risk Intelligence' and includes a search bar for 'Country Name or Code'. Below the search bar is a table with columns: Country / City, Current Risk, Custom Risk, Content, and Send Report. The table lists several countries with their respective risk levels and report settings.

Country / City	Current Risk	Custom Risk	Content	Send Report
Afghanistan (1)	3		Default	On
Aland Islands (0)	1		Default	On
Albania (1)	2		Default	On
Algeria (2)	4		Default	On

Configuring Intelligence Reports

The country and city-specific data sent to travelers is comprised of two parts:

- **Everbridge Default Content** is contextual data delivered for each country and main cities through RIMC.
- **Custom Content** can be set up for each country and city. Custom Content is added at the beginning of the intelligence report. It can provide additional

company-specific details such as office locations, contact names and numbers, maps, advice on hotels and transportation, and so forth.

For **Countries**, the default content includes the following categories:

- **Country Risk Rating:** Overall Risk Level on a scale from 1-5.
- **Entry Requirements:** A link to the latest information provided by Sherpa.
- **Pre-Trip Information:** Important general information about the country.
- **Overview:** Security overview, including the latest significant events of the past few years.
- **Arrival/Departure:** Lists all documents such as visa and vaccinations needed to enter or exit the country or region.
- **Business:** Provides an overview of business hours, time zone(s), the currency used, financial crime, and outlet information.
- Main phone emergency number and US diplomatic representation details.
- **Ground Transportation:** Lists available ground transportation possibilities along with recommendations for each of them.
- **Health/Medical:** Provides in-depth health and natural disaster risks and recommendations for this country or region along with a list of available hospitals and health care facilities.
- **Crime/Security:** Exposes the security risks existing in the country such as crime, civil unrest, trafficking, or terrorism.

For **Cities**, the default content includes the following categories:

- **City Risk Rating:** Overall risk level on a scale from 1-5.
- **Overview:** Important general information about the city.
- **Orientation:** Geographic description of the city.
- **Security:** Security overview, including the latest significant events of the past few years.
- **Crime:** Exposes the risks related to crime existing in the city.
- **Civil Unrest:** Exposes the risks related to civil unrest specific to the city.
- **Emergency Services:** Main phone emergency numbers and diplomatic representation details.
- **Port of Entry:** Important information about the nearest airport(s).
- **Transit from Airport:** General information about ground transportation and access to the city from the airport.
- **Ground Transportation:** Lists available ground transportation possibilities along with recommendations for each of them.

Editing Country or City Intelligence Content

For any country or city, the content of the Intelligence Report can be adjusted. In the table, you can expand the country to view the list of cities for which intelligence is provided.

To create custom content:

1. Open the drop-down list in the **Content** column, select the **Custom** checkbox, and click the **Pencil** icon.
2. Type and format the text to be added using the rich text editor.
3. Select your Content Settings. For each country or city, you can select either/ or the combination of:
 - **Include Default content:** The background intelligence data about the country or city will be the one provided by Everbridge RIMC.
 - **Include Custom content:** Your custom content is displayed along with Everbridge Header and Footer. Optionally, you can remove the Everbridge Header and Footer by selecting the Hide Default Header and Footer option. This allows you to fully replace the content with your own.
 - **Include both Default and Custom content:** The custom content will be added between the Everbridge header and the background intelligence data provided by Everbridge RIMC.
4. Click **Save** and repeat the custom content creation for all countries and cities where it is needed.

Country/City Risk Rating

The Risk Rating provided for each country, region or city ranges from 1 to 5, as defined below. Risk Ratings are provided automatically by Everbridge RIMC. You can override the Risk Rating for any country or city by selecting the + action in the **Custom Risk** column and selecting a new rating. This new custom rating will be displayed in the Pre-Trip Country Report until it is changed or removed.

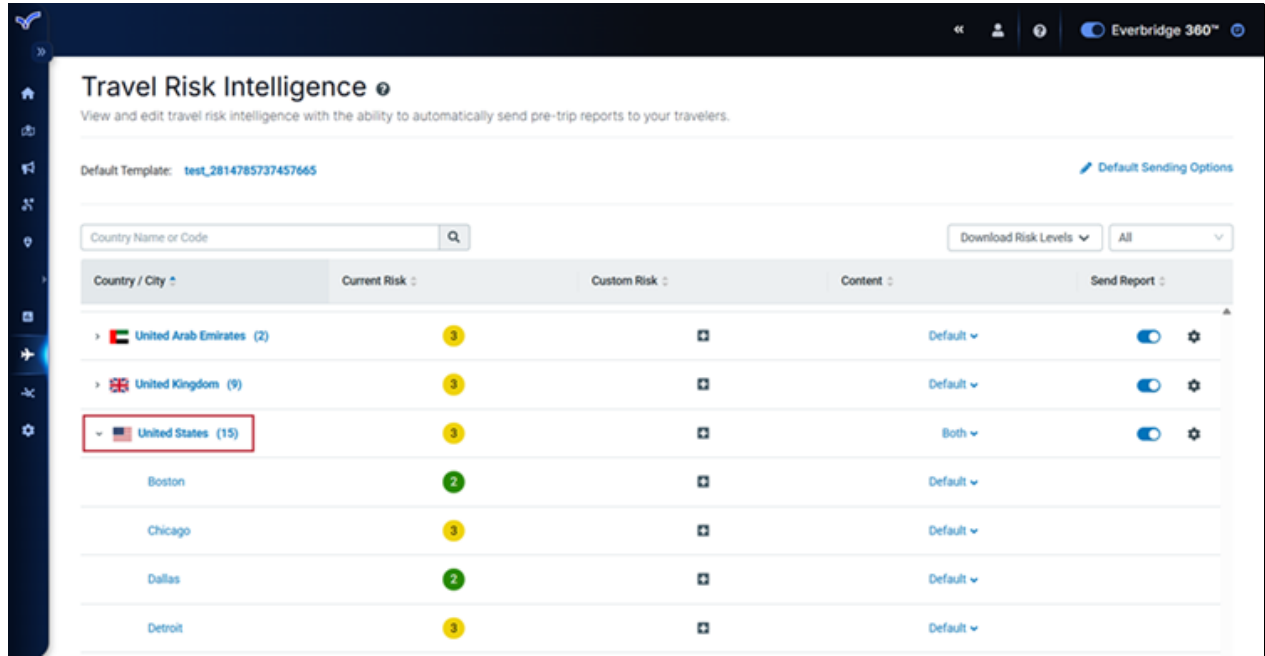
- **Level 1** – Very Low Risk: Travelers should be aware and briefed on their own personal security.
- **Level 2** - Low Risk: Travelers should be made aware of the current situation and exercise a degree of caution and self-awareness.
- **Level 3** - Moderate Risk: Exercise a high degree of caution. Ensure the traveler has been briefed in regard to the destination and their personal safety and security.
- **Level 4** - High Risk: Essential travel only. Assess, evaluate, and take appropriate action to ensure the safety and security of the traveler. If travel is deemed essential, ensure that additional protective security measures are in place.
- **Level 5** – Extreme Risk: Do not travel unless robust protective security measures are in place to meet specific threats and to minimize vulnerability and risk to the traveler.

Changes to Country and City Risk Ratings are recorded in the system. You can view when the current and custom Risk Ratings were changed by hovering the cursor over the **Risk Rating** icon. A tooltip will indicate the previous value, the current value, and when it was last changed. For custom risks, it will also indicate who changed it.

You can also download the list of countries, cities, or both to a CSV file. The file includes the list of current overall and custom risk levels, the previous value, the date of the change, and who made the change.

Viewing Intelligence Reports

Click the Country or City name from the list to display the report. If a Country has multiple Cities of Interest, click the arrow to expand the list to include them.



The screenshot shows the 'Travel Risk Intelligence' dashboard. It features a search bar for 'Country Name or Code' and a 'Download Risk Levels' button. Below is a table with columns: Country / City, Current Risk, Custom Risk, Content, and Send Report. The table lists the United Arab Emirates (2), United Kingdom (9), and United States (15). The United States entry is expanded, showing cities like Boston, Chicago, Dallas, and Detroit with their respective risk ratings.

Country / City	Current Risk	Custom Risk	Content	Send Report
United Arab Emirates (2)	3		Default	On
United Kingdom (9)	3		Default	On
United States (15)	3		Both	On
Boston	2		Default	
Chicago	3		Default	
Dallas	2		Default	
Detroit	3		Default	

See [Viewing Country and City Reports](#) for more details.

Setting Up the Pre-trip Country Reports

Setting up Pre-trip Country Reports first requires the following steps:

1. Create an Incident template to be used when sending messages to travelers.
2. Ensure that Operation Edit permissions for messages and contacts are granted in the template.
3. Set up the Pre-Trip Country Reports.
4. Import itineraries.
5. Monitor the pre-trip Notifications.

Once the above steps are completed, to configure Pre-trip Country Reports:

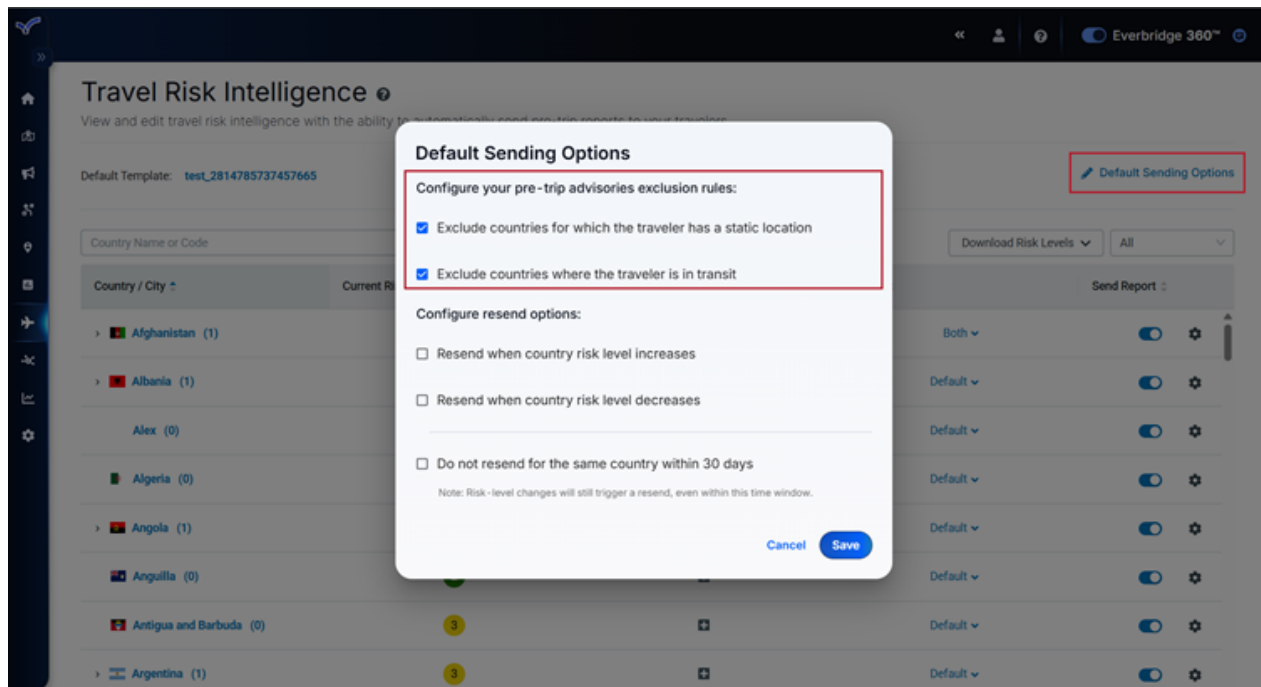
1. From the **Settings** tab, select **Organization > Travel Risk Management > Travel Risk Intelligence**. The list of countries for which Pre-Trip Reports can be sent is displayed in a table. By default, the list is sorted alphabetically.
2. Above the table, select **Allow These Reports To Be Sent To Travelers** to the default Incident template used for the Notification.
3. Select the wheel icon to set the sending options per country. Sending options include:
 - a. Specify a different Incident template for the countries of your choice. You can use one template per country.
 - b. Incidents will be automatically closed after launch by default. You can opt to keep it open for a specific country by deselecting the country's flag.
 - c. Set an attachment you want to add to the Pre-Trip Country Report Notification. You can add a single attachment of 10MB maximum per country.
4. In the country list, enable the countries for which a Pre-Trip Country Report will be sent. Note that you can filter countries by region or sort them by Risk Rating or names by clicking those column titles.

Email, push Notification (mobile), and SMS delivery methods are supported for sending Pre-Trip Country Reports with the option for acknowledgment. The Incident templates must be configured to restrict sending messages only to one or both delivery methods.

Sending Pre-Trip Country Reports

Pre-Trip Country Reports for the defined countries are sent to travelers within one hour of their itinerary being created or updated in Everbridge. If the itinerary includes multiple countries, an Incident Notification will be sent for each country for which a Pre-Trip Report has been configured to be sent.

Users can configure pre-trip advisories exclusion rules by selecting **Default Sending Options** and choosing which exclusion rule will apply to your Organization. Changes apply immediately to all itineraries received moving forward.



The following exclusion rules apply by default:

- Exclude countries for which the traveler has a static location
- Exclude countries where the traveler is in transit

Users can also enable the **Do not resend for the same country within 30 days** option to prevent resending a country report for the same country more than once within a 30-day period.

When the Pre-Trip Country Report is sent, a section is automatically added at the bottom of the message defined in the Incident template and includes:

- **Mobile and custom Email messages (HTML format)**

Country: <name of the country> - Risk: <country risk rating>-<risk label>

Confirmation #: <PNR number>

Traveler: <first and last name of the traveler>

The <name of the country> - Risk: <country risk rating> is hyperlinked to the country-specific report. Selecting this link will open the country report as an HTML page.

- **SMS (text format)**

Country: <name of the country> - Risk: <country risk rating>-<risk label>

Report: <link to the country report>

Confirmation #: <PNR number>

Traveler: <first and last name of the traveler>

Incident templates can be created with different variables to personalize the communication that is sent to travelers. Travel Protector can autofill the first and last name of the traveler along with the predefined section. Variables prefixed by **_Travel:** will be autofilled by Travel Protector.

Variable	Type	Description
_Travel: Contact First Name	Autofill	The first name of the traveler.
_Travel: Contact Last Name	Autofill	The last name of the traveler.
_Travel: Travel Intelligence Message	Autofill	The predefined section in text format. To be used for SMS.
_Travel: Travel Intelligence Message - HTML	Autofill	The predefined section in HTML format. To be used for mobile and custom email.

If both **_Travel: Travel Intelligence Message – HTML** and **_Travel: Travel Intelligence Message** are used in the message, **_Travel: Travel Intelligence Message** will be autofilled by the predefined section in the SMS message, and **_Travel: Travel Intelligence Message – HTML** will be autofilled by the predefined section in the mobile and custom email.

If none of the four system variables are used, the predefined section will automatically be added at the bottom of the message.

Resending Pre-Trip Country Reports when Risk Rating Changes

If configured, a pre-trip country report can be resent to all travelers with active itineraries planned for a country whenever that country's Risk Rating changes.

Risk Rating changes include both increases and decreases in Risk Level, whether updated by Everbridge RIMC (default behavior) or manually through the country's **Custom Risk** column.

Users can configure pre-trip advisory resending rules from the **Default Sending Options** and choosing the resend options that apply to their Organization. When enabled, the pre-trip country report will be resent shortly after any Risk Rating change.

NOTE: This option is disabled by default and must be manually enabled.

To configure these sending options:

1. Navigate to **Travel Risk Intelligence**.
2. Click **Default Sending Options**.

The screenshot shows the 'Travel Risk Intelligence' dashboard. At the top, there's a header with the Everbridge logo and navigation icons. Below the header, the title 'Travel Risk Intelligence' is followed by a subtitle: 'View and edit travel risk intelligence with the ability to automatically send pre-trip reports to your travelers.' A 'Default Template' field shows 'test_2814785737457665'. A red box highlights a link labeled 'Default Sending Options' in the top right corner. Below this, there's a search bar for 'Country Name or Code' and a 'Download Risk Levels' button. The main part of the dashboard is a table with columns: 'Country / City', 'Current Risk', 'Custom Risk', 'Content', and 'Send Report'. The table lists several countries with their respective risk levels and report settings.

Country / City	Current Risk	Custom Risk	Content	Send Report
Afghanistan (1)	4		Both	On
Albania (1)	2		Default	On
Alex (0)	1		Default	On
Algeria (0)	4		Default	On
Angola (1)	3		Default	On
Anguilla (0)	2		Default	On
Antigua and Barbuda (0)	3		Default	On
Argentina (1)	3		Default	On

3. Under **Configure Resend Options**, configure the following settings as desired:
 - Resend when country level increases
 - Resend when country level decreases

4. Click **Save**.

Default Sending Options

Configure your pre-trip advisories exclusion rules:

- ☒ Exclude countries for which the traveler has a static location
- ☒ Exclude countries where the traveler is in transit

Configure resend options:

- ☒ Resend when country risk level increases
- ☒ Resend when country risk level decreases

- ☒ Do not resend for the same country within 30 days

Note: Risk - level changes will still trigger a resend, even within this time window.

Cancel
Save

If exclusion rules are enabled, they will also apply to the resending rules. However, a change in Risk Rating will always trigger a resend, even if the "Do not resend for the same country within 30 days" rule is active.

When the Pre-Trip Country Report is resent, a section is automatically added at the bottom of the message defined in your Incident template and includes:

- For Mobile and custom Email messages (HTML format):**
 The risk level for country <name of the country> has increased/decreased from <previous risk level> to <new risk level>
Report: Country: <name of the country> Risk: <risk level> - <risk label>
Date of Arrival in Country and Confirmation #:
 - <arrival date in country> - <PNR number 1>
 - <arrival date in country> - <PNR number 2>
Traveler: <first and last name of the traveler>

The <name of the country> - Risk: <country risk rating> is hyperlinked to the country-specific report. Selecting this link will open the country report as an

HTML page.

The risk level for country United States has decreased from 4 to 3

Report: [Country: United States - Risk: 3 - Moderate](#)

Date of Arrival in Country and Confirmation #:

- Oct 10, 2025 America/New_York - PNR-HOTEL-20250430

- Oct 10, 2025 America/New_York - PNR-20250513

Traveler:

- **For SMS (text format):**

The Risk Level for country <name of the country> has increased/decreased from <previous risk level> to <new risk level>

Country: <name of the country> Risk: <risk level> - <risk label>

Report: <link to the country report>

Date of Arrival in Country and Confirmation #:

- <arrival date in country> - <PNR number 1>

- <arrival date in country> - <PNR number 2>

Traveler: <first and last name of the traveler>

Incident templates can be created with different variables to personalize the communication that is sent to travelers. For more details, refer to the **Sending Pre-Trip Country Reports** section above.

Viewing Pre-Country Reports in the Everbridge Mobile App

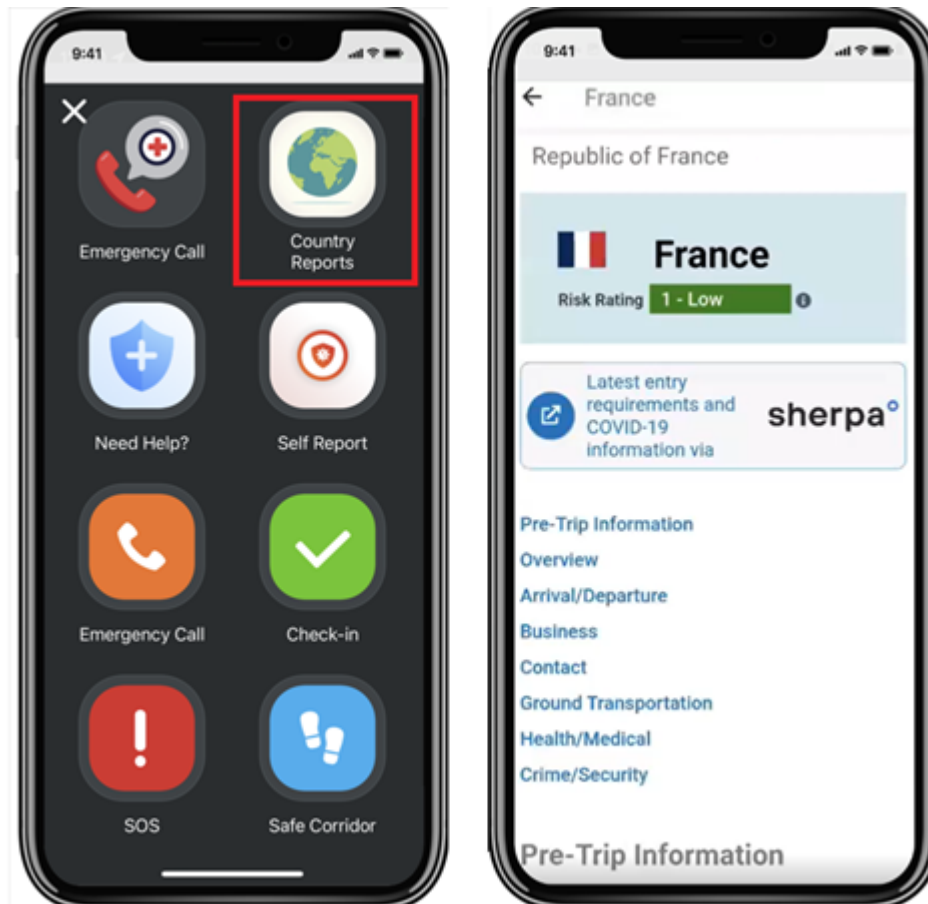
Travel Managers with access to the Travel Protector feature can configure a custom button to allow travelers to search for and view all Country Intelligence reports within the Everbridge Mobile App. City Intelligence Reports are available from the Country Reports.

To set up a custom button for travelers to access the country reports:

1. Select **Settings > Everbridge Mobile App > Application Options > Safety**.
2. Create a new **Content** custom button.
3. Enter a Name and Description
4. Set which travelers will be able to see the button (All, by groups, or rules).
5. In the **Display Custom Content** section, specify the text that will be visible above the search field in the mobile app.
6. Select the **Show Country Reports** checkbox.

To search and display Country Reports in the mobile app, select the **Country Reports** custom button. A search field is displayed along with the content you set for the button. Enter at least three letters of the country name you are looking for to display matches.

Select the country to open the report.

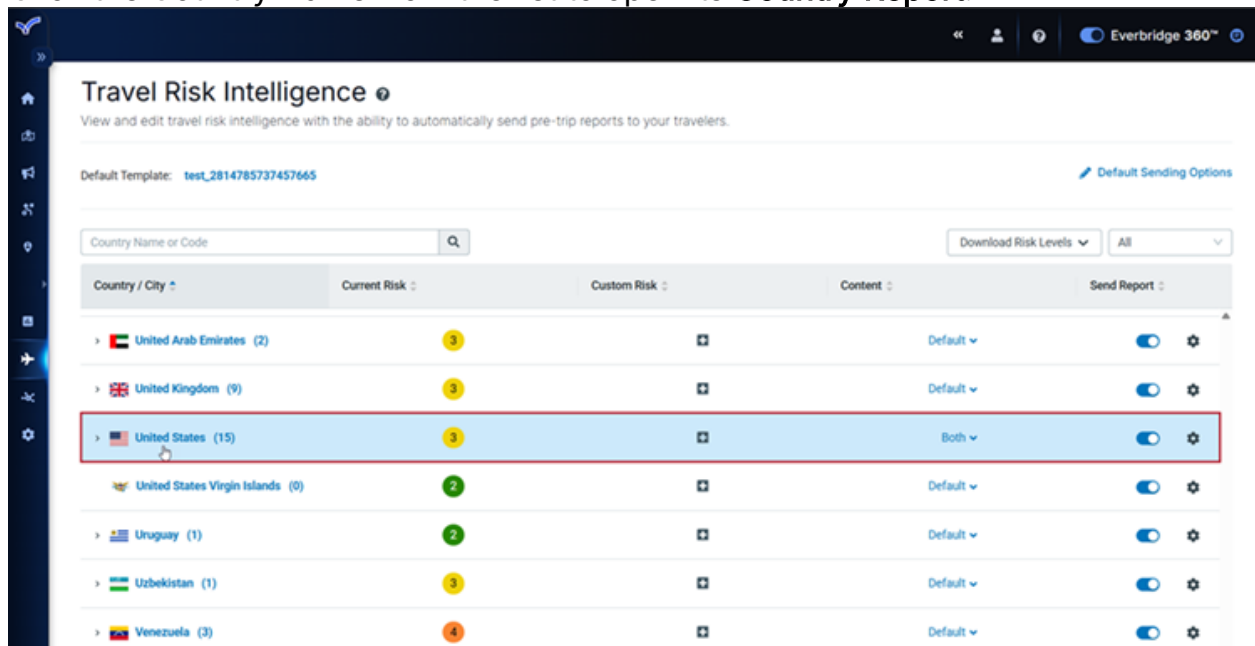


Viewing Country and City Reports

Both Country and City reports can be accessed from the **Travel Risk Intelligence** page.

Viewing Country Reports

Click the Country Name from the list to open its **Country Report**.



The screenshot shows the 'Travel Risk Intelligence' dashboard. At the top, there's a search bar for 'Country Name or Code' and a 'Download Risk Levels' button. Below this is a table with columns: 'Country / City', 'Current Risk', 'Custom Risk', 'Content', and 'Send Report'. The table lists several countries with their respective risk ratings (indicated by colored circles) and the number of cities of interest in parentheses. The 'United States' row is highlighted with a red box, indicating it is the selected country for the report.

Country / City	Current Risk	Custom Risk	Content	Send Report
United Arab Emirates (2)	3		Default	On
United Kingdom (9)	3		Default	On
United States (15)	3		Both	On
United States Virgin Islands (0)	2		Default	On
Uruguay (1)	2		Default	On
Uzbekistan (1)	3		Default	On
Venezuela (3)	4		Default	On

The **Country Report** will open, allowing the user review the Country Risk Rating and other Cities of Interest at the top.

This page is broken into two panes:

- **General Information** - Displays general information about the selected Country, such as Pre-Trip Information, a Security Bulletin, or Crime

information.

The screenshot shows the 'General Information' tab for the United States. The left sidebar contains a menu with 'Pre-Trip Information' selected. The main content area is titled 'Pre-Trip Information' and includes 'U.S. State Department Travel Information'. It lists the U.S. State Department's 4 travel advisory levels: 1 - Exercise Normal Precautions, 2 - Exercise Increased Caution, 3 - Reconsider Travel, and 4 - Do Not Travel. It states the current travel advisory for the United States is 1 - Exercise Normal Precautions. Below this, it provides links for non-US citizens to access travel resources for the United Kingdom, Canada, Australia, and New Zealand. It also lists items travelers should consider before traveling and provides information about the Visa Waiver Program (VWP).

- **Risk Events** - Allows users to review any Risk Events generated in the selected Country during a specific period of time. It's divided into the **Trending Risk Events** and **Recent Risk Events** sections.

The screenshot shows the 'Risk Events' tab for the United States. The left sidebar contains a menu with 'Trending Risk Events' selected. The main content area is titled 'Trending Risk Events' and includes a 'Date' filter set to 'Last 30 Days'. It features two charts: 'Events by Severity' and 'Events by Category'. The 'Events by Severity' chart is a donut chart showing the distribution of events by severity level: Unknown (12), Minor (30), Moderate (4), Severe (1), and Extreme (0). The total number of events is 46. The 'Events by Category' chart is a horizontal bar chart showing the number of events for each category: HAZMAT/Fire (14), Utility/Infrastructure (11), Crime (6), Transportation (5), Local Disaster (2), Health/Disease (2), and Weather (2). A 'View all Categories' link is provided at the bottom of the chart.

General Information

The **General Information** tab of a Country Report is divided into the following sections, which are easily navigable using the menu from the left:

- **Pre-Trip Information** - Offers a high-level overview of important details about the Country, such as entrance details, vaccination requirements, executive

action summaries, and more.

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Select Language
Powered by Google Translate

United States

Country Risk Rating **Moderate** More Information

Cities of Interest **Boston** **Chicago** **Dallas** +12 more View more

General Information Risk Events

Pre-Trip Information

Security Overview

Arrival/Departure

Crime

Transportation

Health and Medical

Emergency Service Phone Numbers

Click here for the latest entry requirements.

sherpa

Pre-Trip Information

U.S. State Department Travel Information

The U.S. State Department uses 4 travel advisory levels:

1 – Exercise Normal Precautions
2 – Exercise Increased Caution
3 – Reconsider Travel
4 – Do Not Travel

The current travel advisory for the United States is: **1 – Exercise Normal Precautions**

For non-US citizens, please access the following resources:
 United Kingdom: <https://www.gov.uk/foreign-travel-advice/usa>
 Canada: <https://travel.gc.ca/destinations/united-states>
 Australia: <https://www.smartraveller.gov.au/destinations/americas/united-states-america>
 New Zealand: <https://www.safetravel.govt.nz/united-states-america>

Travelers should take the following items into consideration before traveling to the United States:

Entrance: Travelers to the United States will require a passport valid for six months beyond the duration of their trip and a visa, unless they qualify for a visa waiver. There are currently 38 countries which participate in the Visa Waiver Program (VWP) with the United States. Citizens of these countries may travel for business or tourism for up to 90 days without a visa, but must apply for and receive authorization for travel from the Electronic System for Travel Authorization (ESTA) before departing. See more details regarding ESTA in the Arrival/Departure section. In 2017, a presidential proclamation indefinitely prohibited most citizens of Iran, Libya, North Korea, Somalia, Syria, and Yemen from travel to the United States.

COVID-19 Travel Guidance: For the latest information on COVID-19 and country-specific entry requirements, please check with our partner, Sherpa: <https://aooly.ionsherpa.com/travel-restrictions?affiliatid=any&language=en-US>

Vaccinations and Diseases: No vaccines are required for visitors to enter the United States. Travelers are advised to be up to date on all routine vaccinations. And, if traveling during flu season (October to May), a seasonal influenza vaccine is recommended. Local transmission of Zika was reported in Florida and Texas during the years 2016 and 2017. However, at the time of writing, no new local cases were reported to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) after 2017.

Safety: Travelers are advised to designate someone in their home country as a point of contact and to provide regular updates regarding safety and location.

Insurance: Hospitals are legally obligated to provide treatment for all medical emergencies, regardless of an individual's ability to pay. That said, this type of care can be extremely expensive and travelers are urged to purchase health and travel insurance before departing their home country.

Executive Action Summary

The most likely threat to travelers in the United States is petty crime. Visitors are advised to take common-sense precautions, similar to measures they would take in their home country, to avoid being victimized. Travelers are advised to research their specific destination before booking accommodation and avoid spending time in low-income urban neighborhoods where rates of petty theft and violent crime can sometimes be higher. Mass shooting and acts of terrorism can occur, but are rare and unlikely to affect visitors. The following are additional suggestions to help mitigate risks while traveling in the country:

- Store all non-essential valuables in hotel safes when available.
- Avoid leaving valuables in vehicles, as they are frequently targeted for theft.
- Avoid wearing flashy jewelry or carrying large amounts of cash.
- Use ATMs inside banks or other buildings such as hotels rather than on the street and check for signs of tampering before swiping a credit or ATM card.
- Avoid demonstrations as clashes can occur.
- Victims of crime should report all instances to local police first before contacting their insurance or embassy.

- **Security Overview** - Provides a detailed overview of any security issues travelers should take into consideration when traveling to this Country.

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Select Language
Powered by Google Translate

United States

Country Risk Rating **Moderate** More Information

Cities of Interest **Boston** **Chicago** **Dallas** +12 more View more

General Information Risk Events

Security Overview

Pre-Trip Information

Arrival/Departure

Crime

Transportation

Health and Medical

Emergency Service Phone Numbers

Click here for the latest entry requirements.

Security Overview

The greatest threat to personal security and property for travelers to the United States is likely to be from petty crime, although there is some risk of violent crime. Crime rates vary greatly both between and within major cities, but nearly all cities are generally safe for travelers. There is an ongoing threat of terrorism in the United States. Travelers should remain vigilant of their surroundings and report suspicious and unattended objects in public spaces to law enforcement. Officials are extremely sensitive to perceived terrorist threats, so avoid making casual remarks or jokes about terrorism in public, especially in airports and train stations. Law enforcement is generally well-trained and effective.

The United States has a robust and safe travel infrastructure, including cross-country highways, railways, and airports in or near virtually all major cities. Although air travel is generally convenient and reliable, seasonal meteorological phenomena do cause widespread flight delays, cancellations, and airport closures. Airports near the Atlantic and Gulf Coasts are highly prone to disruptions during the Atlantic hurricane season, which typically runs from June through November. Severe winter storms can affect both land and air travel through much of the country, but they are most prevalent in the Midwest and Northeast.

Protests in the United States are fairly frequent in cities like New York, D.C., Los Angeles, and Portland. These protests rarely turn violent, but even peaceful demonstrations can cause serious disruptions in the downtown areas where they frequently occur. As such, travelers are advised to avoid all demonstration activity and follow the advice of local authorities.

Healthcare facilities in the United States are among the best in the world, and there are no extraordinary health risks associated with travel to the country. However, visitors should be aware that healthcare in the U.S. is relatively expensive and purchase travel insurance which covers emergency healthcare costs in the United States before departing. Locally-transmitted Zika cases were reported in 2016 and 2017 in Florida and Texas, but the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) states there have been no reported cases since 2017. Travelers should be up to date with routine vaccines, but the U.S. does not require specific vaccinations for entry. Water is potable.

Cases of novel coronavirus (COVID-19) have been reported in the United States. Travelers should take precautions to mitigate contracting and potentially transmitting the virus, and to abide by local regulations. See the Pre-Travel Checklist section for current rules and restrictions in place for travelers.

- **Arrival/Departure** - Displays information about arriving and departing requirements for the Country, such as passport, visa, or luggage information.

Arrival/Departure

Crime

Transportation

Health and Medical

Emergency Service Phone Numbers

Arrival/Departure

Entry/Exit Requirements

Travelers to the United States will require a passport valid for six months beyond the duration of their trip and a visa, unless they qualify for a visa waiver. There are currently 38 countries which participate in the Visa Waiver Program (VWP) with the United States. Citizens of these countries may travel for business or tourism for up to 90 days without a visa, but must apply and receive authorization for travel from the Electronic System for Travel Authorization (ESTA) before departing. Visitors may apply for ESTA approval here: <https://esta.cbp.dhs.gov/esta/>. In January, 2016, the U.S. implemented new restrictions to the ESTA program; most foreign nationals of VWP countries who have traveled to Iran, Iraq, Libya, Somalia, Sudan, Syria, or Yemen on or after March 1, 2011 as well as dual-nationals of Iran, Iraq, Sudan, or Syria are no longer eligible for ESTA and must apply for a visa to travel to the U.S. In 2017, a presidential proclamation indefinitely prohibited most citizens of Iran, Libya, North Korea, Somalia, Syria, and Yemen from travel to the United States. Other visa requirements may vary depending on the country of departure or individual circumstances, so travelers are urged to contact the nearest Embassy or Consulate-General of the United States for specific information. This is especially important for individuals with criminal records, as some offences may make travelers ineligible to enter the country.

All travelers should carry their passports and any applicable visa documentation with them at all times.

Medications are heavily regulated in the United States, and travelers may require prescriptions for certain drugs that are available over the counter in their home countries.

In general, all packages, luggage, and other belongings being brought into the United States are subject to search by authorities.

An overview of the travel guidelines and protocols currently enforced by the host government to combat the spread of COVID-19 can be found in the Pre-Travel Checklist section.

Click here for the latest entry requirements.

- **Crime** - Contains detailed information about a Country's crime rates, including terrorism, civil unrest, and law enforcement effectiveness.

General Information
Risk Events

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Emergency Service Phone Numbers

Crime

Overview

Security conditions in the United States vary drastically from city to city and neighborhood to neighborhood, but the country is a very safe destination for travelers overall. The largest risk to travelers is that of petty theft and crimes of opportunity. Acts of terrorism and mass shootings are rare but do occur. Protests and other public demonstrations are somewhat common, and can infrequently lead to clashes with either police or counter-protesters. Law enforcement is reliable and responsive.

Crime

Most of the crimes committed in the United States are non-violent thefts of personal property. Travelers should take common-sense precautions to avoid losing valuables to petty crime. Belongings stored in vehicles should be kept out of sight and those left in a hotel should be placed in a safe if available. Travelers are also advised to park in secure locations or in well-lit areas with high foot-traffic. Pickpocketing is not unheard of in crowded areas where tourists congregate, but it is not a widespread problem. Violent crime does occur, but rarely impacts tourists. In addition to exercising basic security precautions, travelers can further reduce their chances of becoming a victim of violent crime by avoiding lower-income neighborhoods in urban areas that tend to have a higher crime rate when compared to other parts of the city. Gun violence is a serious problem in some neighborhoods of major cities, including but not limited to Detroit, Michigan; St. Louis, Missouri; Memphis, Tennessee; Baltimore, Maryland; Kansas City, Missouri; and Oakland, California. Traveling to cities which experience higher rates of gun crime is not necessarily dangerous, but visitors should research their destination ahead of time and take security into account when booking accommodations as well as consider taking steps to avoid spending time in these areas. While mass shootings in public spaces happen more frequently in the U.S. than most other countries, they are still uncommon and are highly unlikely to affect visitors.

Terrorism

There is an ongoing threat of a terror attack in the United States. In recent decades, there have been several high-profile instances of terrorism in the country. Travelers are likely to notice enhanced security at government facilities and major travel hubs, including airports and train stations. Targets could also include government buildings, places of worship, and public areas such as tourist attractions, restaurants, and bars. These locations are considered to be at particularly high risk of attack, and as such, travelers are advised to remain vigilant and be aware of their surroundings.

Civil Unrest/Protests

Protest activity is very common in major cities like New York, D.C., Los Angeles, and Portland and usually causes minimal disruptions. The most common protest targets are major public parks/squares, government buildings, and sometimes the corporate headquarters of targeted companies. The right to protest peacefully is protected by the U.S. Constitution, and police avoid intervening unless there is a threat to public safety or a clear violation of the law. Nationwide protests can be common on certain days, such as May Day (May 1), but can also occur in reaction to contentious political events. Protests do sometimes become violent or destructive, and clashes with police or counter-protesters do occur. Travelers are advised to avoid protests and demonstrations as a precaution.

Law Enforcement

The United States has very capable and effective law enforcement. Police are generally considered well-trained, reliable, and responsive. In the event of being the victim of a crime, call 911 to be connected to local police emergency response for assistance; visitors should always file a police report before contacting their insurance or embassy.

Click here for the latest entry requirements.

- **Transportation** - Includes information about the Country's transportation systems, such as taxi, bus, rail, and maritime options.

General Information
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Click here for the latest entry requirements.
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Transportation

General Conditions

The ground transportation infrastructure in the United States is among the most well developed in the world, but conditions do vary considerably according to region. The country has a vast and well-maintained network of highways. Many major highways, particularly on the East Coast, require tolls while most highways in the western states do not. While ground transportation is available year-round across the country, winter storms can force the closure of major roadways and rail lines under certain circumstances. Legal speed limits are always posted, and generally range from 50 to 75 miles per hour. Drivers can not only incur fines of several hundred dollars for exceeding these speeds, but they may be required to appear in court weeks later in the jurisdiction where the infraction occurred. Drivers must possess either a valid U.S. driver's license or an International Driver's Permit and automobile insurance. The quality and availability of public transportation varies widely from city to city.

Taxi

Taxis are available in virtually every city in the United States, and they are a generally safe and efficient means of travel within cities. Taxi services are regulated differently from city to city. While it is possible in many areas to hail a taxi from the street, travelers who plan to use taxis may find that it is safer and more convenient to carry the number of a reputable company and phone them directly to request transportation. Ride-sharing services like Uber and Lyft are becoming increasingly common throughout sizable cities in the U.S.

Bus

There are several types of bus service in the U.S. which range in efficiency, but are considered safe and affordable means of transportation. Local bus service is generally available in most cities, with routes and schedules often posted at designated roadside stops. There are several long-distance bus companies, including Greyhound, Trailways, and Megabus. These companies service both domestic as well as international destinations.

Rail

Amtrak is the only inter-city passenger rail service in the United States. While rail lines intersect virtually all major cities, rail travel is much more frequently used in the Northeast than in the West, where inter-city transport is usually conducted with private vehicles or air travel. Many major cities have local or commuter rail systems.

Maritime

The U.S. has several ports along its ocean coasts, the Great Lakes, and some rivers which service both cargo and passenger transportation. The United States offers extensive ferry and cruise service for both domestic and international travel.

- **Health and Medical** - Displays information about the Country's healthcare and medical systems, as well as how natural disasters might impact public health.

General Information
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Click here for the latest entry requirements.
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Health and Medical

Health Overview

There are no major health risks for travelers in the United States, and no vaccines are required prior to visiting. Visitors should remain up to date on routine vaccinations. And, if traveling during flu season (October to May), a seasonal influenza vaccine is recommended. Tap water is potable. Although public health and sanitation levels are high, there are occasional outbreaks of food-and-waterborne diseases such as hepatitis A, salmonella, and E. coli. Travelers are advised to peel or wash all produce before eating and avoid meat, dairy, and eggs that have not been thoroughly cooked. There have been recent local outbreaks of contagious diseases including chickenpox and measles. However, the incidence rates of these diseases in the country are extremely low. Local transmission of Zika was reported in Florida and Texas during the years 2016 and 2017. At the time of writing, no new local cases had been reported to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) after 2017. Other mosquito-borne diseases such as dengue and West Nile virus are rare but local transmission does occur in the country. Ticks in the U.S. may also carry diseases such as Lyme. Visitors are advised to avoid mosquito and tick bites by using repellent and covering exposed skin.

The United States has confirmed cases of COVID-19 in the country. It is advised to take precautions such as frequent handwashing and avoiding sick individuals to mitigate the risk of contracting COVID-19. Current country-specific COVID-19 entry requirements can be viewed here: <https://apply.joinsherpa.com/travel-restrictions?affiliateid=anvil&language=en-US>.

Healthcare/Hospitals

The quality of healthcare in the United States is generally very good and most pharmaceuticals are widely-available. However, both are usually more expensive than in other developed nations. By law, hospital emergency departments are required to treat all who are in need of care without respect to their ability to pay, but even a short visit can be extremely costly. Other healthcare providers will normally request proof of insurance or will verify ability to pay before rendering service. Travelers should contact their existing health insurance provider to ask about travel to the U.S. and/or consider purchasing travel health insurance for the duration of their stay.

Natural Disasters

Hurricanes can severely impact the east and southeast regions of the United States during the Atlantic hurricane season, which runs from June 1 until November 30. High-speed winds, flooding, and landslides can pose serious risks. Severe winter storm conditions can affect much of the country, but they are most prevalent in the Midwest and Northeast. Earthquakes happen occasionally and the largest of those occur in the western region of the country. Tornadoes can happen anywhere, but they most commonly form in the U.S. in what's called "Tornado Alley," comprised of the states Colorado, Illinois, Iowa, Kansas, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, Oklahoma, South Dakota, and Texas. Wildfires can also be extremely destructive and occur most often in the western states during the warmer, drier months. The U.S. has over 160 active volcanos which very rarely erupt. However, eruptions can cause evacuations and other serious disruptions. Visitors should always heed government warnings ahead of, and during, all natural disasters.

- **Emergency Service Phone Numbers** - Provides information about the Country's emergency services and how to contact them when needed.

Emergency Service Phone Numbers

Police/Fire/EMS

- All Emergencies: 911

Dialing 911 will connect you with an emergency dispatcher who can send police, fire, and/or medical personnel to your location. These dispatch centers are usually trained to assist callers who do not speak English, although preparedness in this regard varies widely from city to city. Local police departments have separate phone numbers for non-emergency calls, e.g., to request information or report an improperly parked vehicle.

Note: The Risk Intelligence Monitoring Center (RIMC) can provide information for other foreign embassies or consulates upon request. The RIMC can be reached 24 hours, 7 days per week at:

Phone: (804) 744-9953.
Email: RIMC.Feedback@everbridge.com

Risk Events

The **Risk Events** panel contains information about any Risk Events generated within the selected Country over a specific period of time (**30 Days**, **14 Days**, **7 Days**, and **Today**). It's divided into two sections:

- **Trending Risk Events** - Offers an overview of Risk Event trends with graphs breaking down the Events by Severity and Category.

Trending Risk Events

Events by Severity

46

12 30 4

Unknown Minor Moderate Severe Extreme

Events by Category

Category	Count
HAZMAT/Fire	14 Events
Utility/Infrastructure	11 Events
Crime	6 Events
Transportation	5 Events
Local Disaster	2 Events
Health/Disease	2 Events
Weather	2 Events

[View all Categories](#)

- **Recent Risk Events** - Shows the most recent Risk Events generated for the Country, which can be filtered further by Severity and Category.

The screenshot displays the 'Recent Risk Events' section of the Travel Protector interface. It features a sidebar with 'Trending Risk Events' and 'Recent Risk Events' links. The main area shows a list of events with filters for 'Severity' and 'Category'. The events are listed chronologically, with the most recent at the top. Each event card provides a location, date, description, event start time, and severity/category tags, along with a 'View more' button.

Date	Location	Description	Event Start	Severity	Category
September 10, 2025	Queens, NY, United States	Jamaica Ave & 96th St - There are reports of a two-alarm fire in the area.	Wed, Sep 10, 2025 at 9:22 AM	Minor	HAZMAT/Fire
September 8, 2025	Fairfax, VT, United States	Industrial Park Rd & Skunk Hill Rd - There are reports of a commercial structure fire in the area. Event closed.	Mon, Sep 08, 2025 at 2:39 PM	Minor	HAZMAT/Fire
September 8, 2025	North Las Vegas, NV, United States	North Las Vegas Airport (VGT) - There are reports of a four-alarm fire in the area. Update 1. Event closed.		Moderate	

- Click **View More** on a Risk Event to see its details, including the Description, Location, Event Start date/time, Severity, and Category.

This screenshot shows the detailed view of a risk event. It includes the location 'Queens, NY, United States', a detailed description of a two-alarm fire at Jamaica Ave & 96th St, the event start time 'Wed, Sep 10, 2025 at 9:22 AM', and tags for 'Minor' severity and 'HAZMAT/Fire' category. A 'Close' button is located at the bottom right.

Queens, NY, United States

Jamaica Ave & 96th St - There are reports of a two-alarm fire in the area.

Sources are reporting a two-alarm fire near Jamaica Ave and 96th St. There were no immediate reports of injuries. Expect localized disruptions as emergency services operate. Advice: Avoid the immediate area and pay close attention to the advice offered by the fire and rescue service. Anticipate localized disruption. Close doors and windows to prevent smoke inhalation. Monitor the situation using local TV and radio news channels.

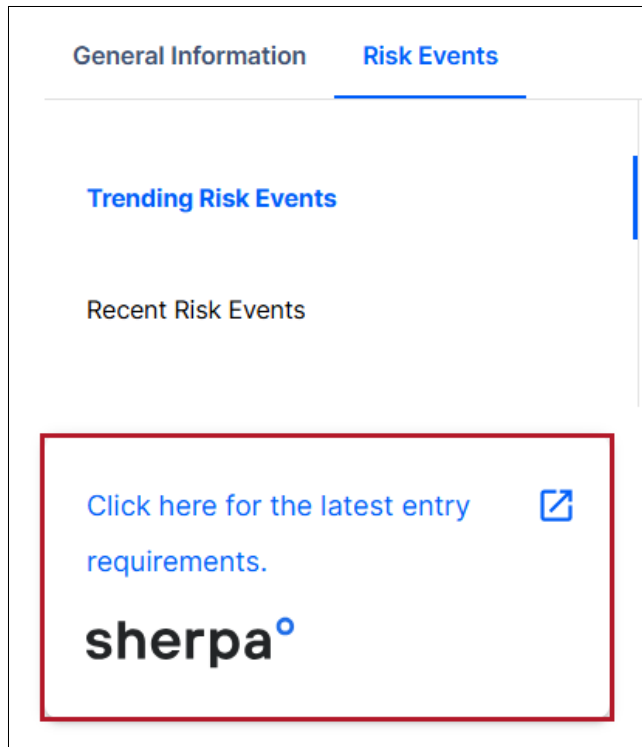
Event Start
Wed, Sep 10, 2025 at 9:22 AM

Minor HAZMAT/Fire

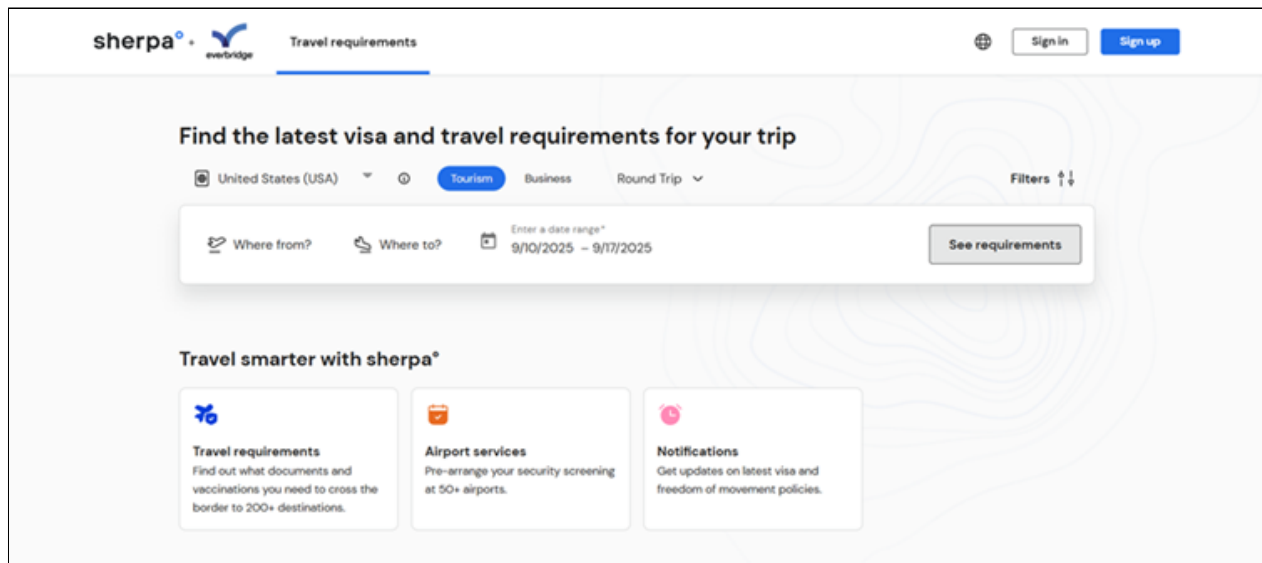
Close

Sherpa Entry Requirements

The **Country Report** page also contains a link to **Sherpa's Travel Requirements** for entry.

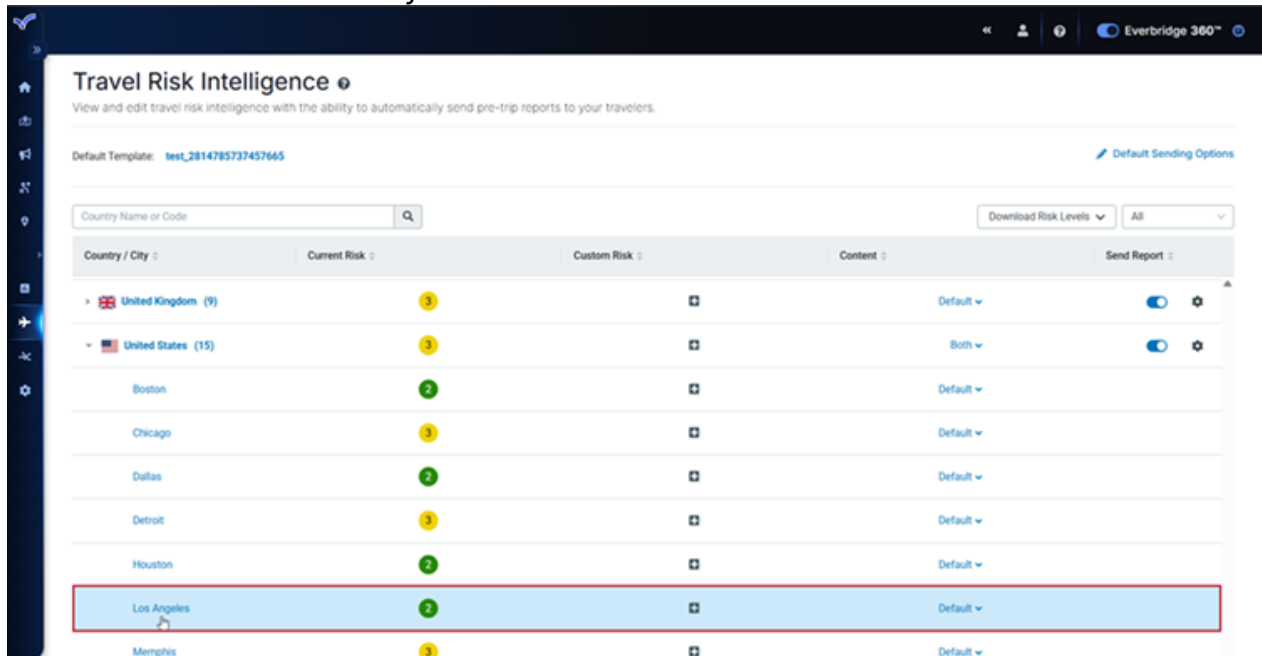


Click it to review the Country's latest visa and travel requirements by destination, travel type, and date range.



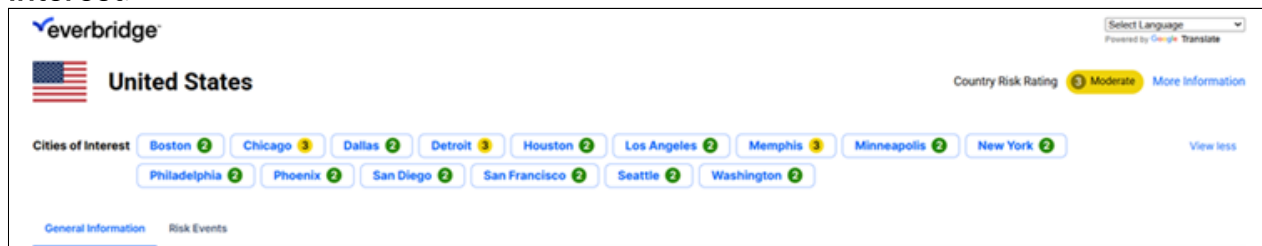
Viewing City Reports

To view a City Report, click the Country name to expand its list of Cities of Interest, then select the desired City.



The screenshot shows the 'Travel Risk Intelligence' dashboard. At the top, there's a search bar for 'Country Name or Code' and a 'Download Risk Levels' button. Below this is a table with columns: 'Country / City', 'Current Risk', 'Custom Risk', 'Content', and 'Send Report'. The table lists 'United Kingdom (9)' and 'United States (15)'. Under 'United States', several cities are listed with their current risk levels: Boston (2), Chicago (3), Dallas (2), Detroit (3), Houston (2), Los Angeles (2), and Memphis (3). The 'Los Angeles' row is highlighted with a red border.

City Reports can also be opened from the Country Report next to **Cities of Interest**.



The screenshot shows the 'United States' country report page. At the top, there's a 'Select Language' dropdown and a 'Country Risk Rating' of 'Moderate'. Below this is a section titled 'Cities of Interest' with a list of cities: Boston (2), Chicago (3), Dallas (2), Detroit (3), Houston (2), Los Angeles (2), Memphis (3), Minneapolis (2), New York (2), Philadelphia (2), Phoenix (2), San Diego (2), San Francisco (2), Seattle (2), and Washington (2). The 'Los Angeles' city is highlighted with a red border.

The **City Report** page will open, allowing users to review the same information available in Country Reports, including General Information and Risk Events, but isolated to the selected City.

Viewing Pre-trip Report Incidents

Pre-trip advisories can be viewed both in the **Everbridge Manager Portal** and **Visual Command Center**.

Manager Portal

Pre-trip advisories sent using an Incident template can be seen in the Manager Portal under **Incidents > Open History**. From here you can send an update if needed.

Visual Command Center

Only pre-trip advisories sent using an incident template can be viewed in VCC. Open the **VCC Operator console** and select the **Incident** tab in the **Feed** panel. Ensure the **Show Launched From Alert Only** check box is left **unchecked**. The list of pre-trips advisories is listed in the item panel.

To see the recipients of the pre-trips advisory, select the Incident, then select the notification.

Airline Risk Intelligence

Airline Risk Intelligence is designed to help companies assess the relative risk factors associated with airlines. Using Airline Risk Intelligence, you can browse a database of over 1,800 airlines registered in 180 countries, and review airlines' risk factors and registration information. It includes both operational and defunct airlines. It can be accessed by navigating to **Travel Risk Management > Airline Risk Intelligence**.

Everbridge Flight Safe (<https://flight-safe.com/>) aggregates data through the **Airline Safety Assessment Mechanism (ASAM)**, a method for evaluating the safety of scheduled commercial airlines. This information is then transmitted to Everbridge Travel Protector and can be used to generate High-Risk Airlines Booking Alerts.

In addition to viewing airline information, you can also establish your own Risk Levels and maintain a custom Airline Banned List.

Airline Risk Rating

The Risk Rating provided for each airline ranges from 1 (Low) to 5 (Extreme). Risk Ratings are calculated based on the Airline Overall Safety Score provided automatically by Everbridge Flight Safe. You can override the Risk Rating for any airline by selecting the + button in the **Custom Risk** column and selecting a new rating.

Airline	Code	Country	Current Risk	Custom Risk	On Custom Banned List
1Time	-	South Africa	5		☐
2nd Arkhangelsk Aviation Division	-	Russian Federation	4		☒
40 Mile Air	Q5	United States	4		☐
748 Air Services	-	Kenya	4		☒
9 Air	AQ	China	2		☐
AB Airlines	-	Congo - Democratic Republic	5		☐
AB Aviation	-	Comoros	5		☐

This new custom rating will be displayed on the **Airline Intelligence Detail** page and used in the High-Risk Airline Booking Alert, Risk Rating threshold, until it is changed or removed.

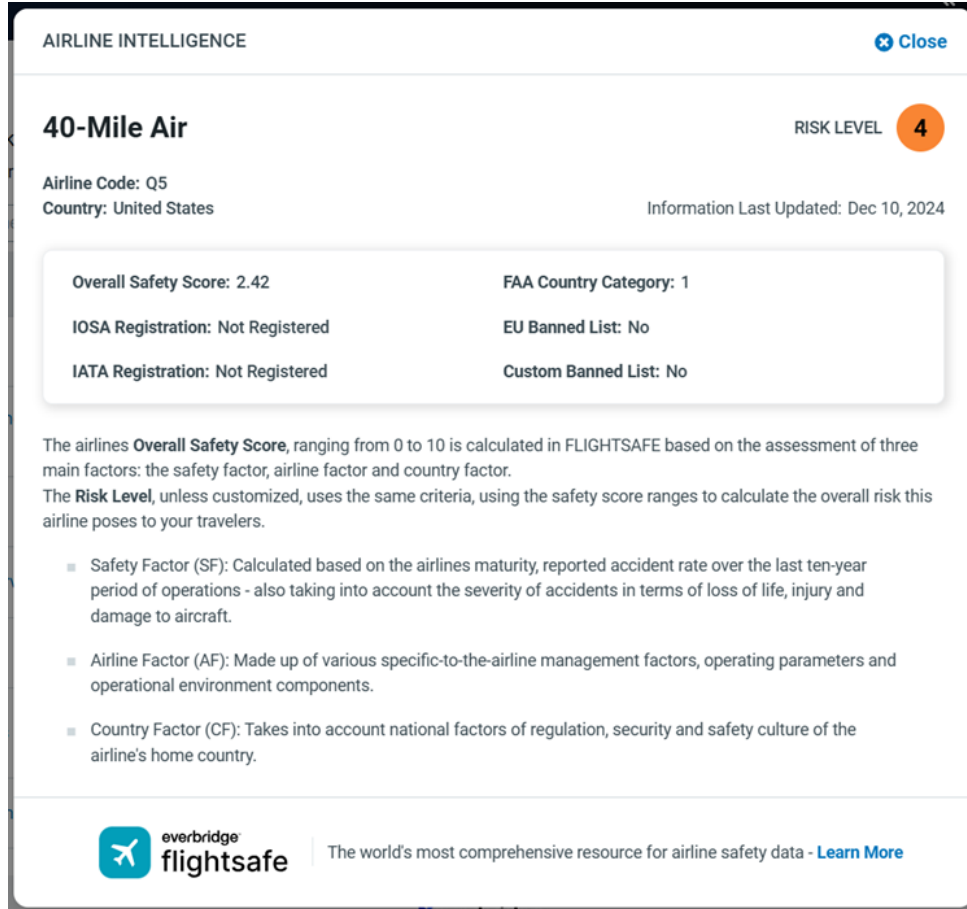
Custom Banned List

Depending on your company policy, you can manage your own Airline Custom Banned list by enabling the toggle in the **On Custom Banned List** column. The information will be used in the optional **High-Risk Airline Booking Alert > On Custom Banned List** threshold.

Airline	Code	Country	Current Risk	Custom Risk	On Custom Banned List
1Time	-	South Africa	5		☐
2nd Arkhangelsk Aviation Division	-	Russian Federation	4		☒
40 Mile Air	Q5	United States	4		☐
748 Air Services	-	Kenya	4		☒
9 Air	AQ	China	2		☐
AB Airlines	-	Congo - Democratic Republic	5		☐
AB Aviation	-	Comoros	5		☐

Viewing Airline Details

To view in-depth information about an airline, select the airline to open its **Details** page. Optionally, you can Search for the airline by name, code, or country of registration.



The screenshot shows the 'AIRLINE INTELLIGENCE' section for '40-Mile Air'. It includes a 'Close' button, the airline name, code (Q5), and country (United States). A 'RISK LEVEL' indicator shows a score of 4. Below this, a table lists various safety and regulatory metrics: Overall Safety Score (2.42), FAA Country Category (1), IOSA Registration (Not Registered), EU Banned List (No), IATA Registration (Not Registered), and Custom Banned List (No). A paragraph explains the calculation of the Overall Safety Score and Risk Level. A list of factors (Safety Factor, Airline Factor, Country Factor) is provided with brief descriptions. The footer includes the everbridge flightsafe logo and a link to 'Learn More'.

Metric	Value
Overall Safety Score	2.42
FAA Country Category	1
IOSA Registration	Not Registered
EU Banned List	No
IATA Registration	Not Registered
Custom Banned List	No

The airlines **Overall Safety Score**, ranging from 0 to 10 is calculated in FLIGHTSAFE based on the assessment of three main factors: the safety factor, airline factor and country factor.

The **Risk Level**, unless customized, uses the same criteria, using the safety score ranges to calculate the overall risk this airline poses to your travelers.

- Safety Factor (SF):** Calculated based on the airlines maturity, reported accident rate over the last ten-year period of operations - also taking into account the severity of accidents in terms of loss of life, injury and damage to aircraft.
- Airline Factor (AF):** Made up of various specific-to-the-airline management factors, operating parameters and operational environment components.
- Country Factor (CF):** Takes into account national factors of regulation, security and safety culture of the airline's home country.

everbridge flightsafe The world's most comprehensive resource for airline safety data - [Learn More](#)

The following information is available for each airline:

- **Airline Name**
- **Airline Code** - Referenced by IATA and unique among all the airlines. Used to identify the airline in various accounting activities, like ticketing.
- **Country** - The Airline's country of registration.
- **Risk Level** - On a range of 1 (Low) - 5 (Extreme). Displays either the Custom Risk (if one exists) or the calculated Default Risk. The Default Risk level is automatically calculated using the score ranges of the Overall Safety Score.
- **Information Last Updated** - Date when any of the information for the airline was last modified in FLIGHTSAFE.
 - **Overall Safety Score** - Calculated on a range from 0 (Low) to 10 (Highest) in FLIGHTSAFE, based on the assessment of three main factors:

- **Safety Factor (SF)** - Calculated based on the airline's maturity and reported accident rate over the last ten-year period of operations, also taking into account the severity of accidents in terms of loss of life, injury, and damage to the aircraft.
- **Airline Factor (AF)** - Comprised of various airline-specific management factors, operating parameters, and operational environment components.
- **Country Factor (CF)** - Takes into account national factors of regulation, security, and safety culture of the airline's home country.
- **IATA Status** - Whether the airline is registered with IATA or not. For more information, visit www.iata.org
- **IOSA Status** - Whether the airline is an IOSA registered operator. For more information, visit the [IATA Operational Safety Audit \(IOSA\) Registry](http://www.iata.org/operational-safety-audit).
- **FAA Country Category** - United States Federal Aviation Administration country category. For more information, visit www.faa.org
 - **Category 1** - Complies with ICAO Standards. FAA inspectors have assessed a country's civil aviation authority and determined that it licenses and oversees air carriers in accordance with ICAO aviation safety standards.
 - **Category 2** - Does Not Comply with ICAO Standards. FAA inspectors have assessed a country's civil aviation authority and determined that it does not provide safety oversight in accordance with ICAO standards.
 - **Not Categorized** - The country has not been categorized by the FAA.
- **EU Banned List** - Whether the airline is banned from operating in Europe or not. For more information visit, <https://transport.ec.europa.eu>.
- **Custom Banned List** - Whether the airline is added to your own defined banned list.

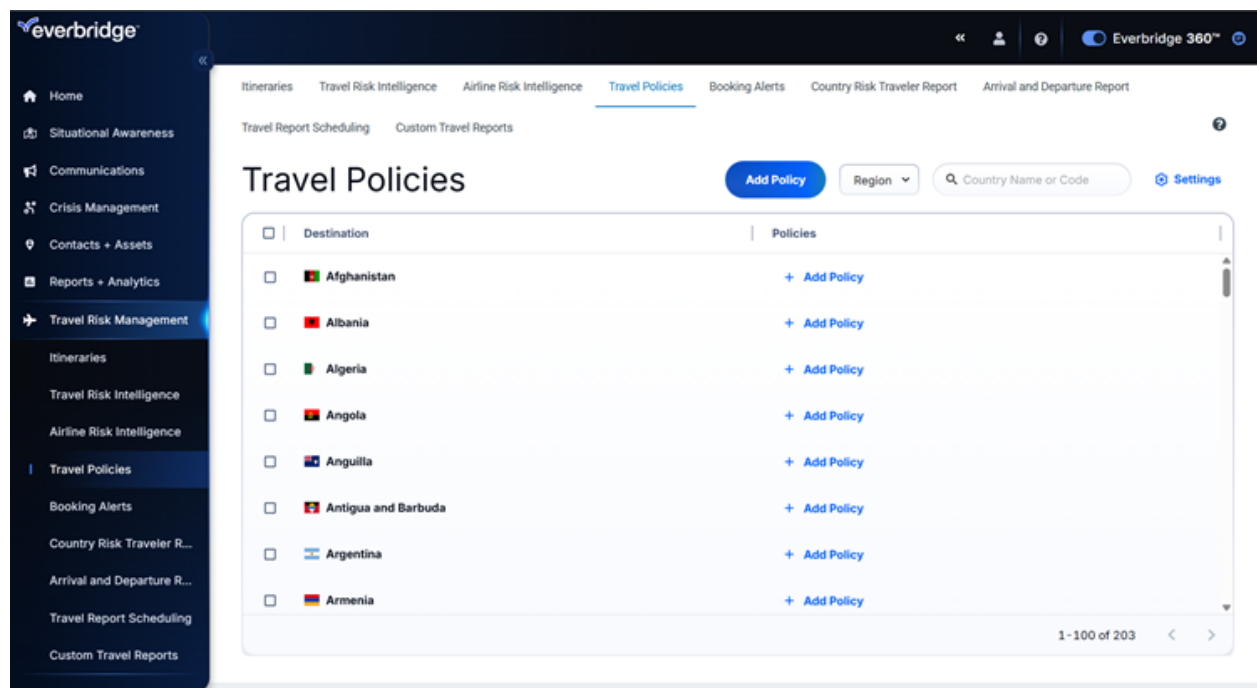
NOTE: An additional indicator is displayed for airlines that have ceased operations, along with the information and the last modified date in FLIGHTSAFE.

Travel Policies

Everbridge Travel Protector gives travel programs the option to approve, reject or request changes to itineraries that take travelers to dangerous destinations. The approval process occurs post-booking after travel arrangements have been made and confirmed.

Travel Protector receives passenger name records via direct data feeds from all the major global distribution operators, then cross-references those bookings against its destination risk ratings, which clients can adjust to suit their business needs. Trips to lower-risk areas proceed through the approval process automatically, whereas the system prompts designated managers to approve trips to high-risk areas.

The **Travel Policies** page is part of the Post Booking Approval Process and allows Travel Managers and GSOC users to set the approval requirements based on country and risk level, define the questionnaire that will be sent to travelers when approval is needed, and set the templates used to notify travelers and reviewers along the process.



By default, all itineraries created in Travel Protector are automatically approved. If your corporate travel program requires approval or prevent travel to specific countries, you can define your own policies.

Policies can be defined by country and risk level; for each country and risk level, you can define your rule from three options:

- Approve All Travel
- Review All Travel
- Deny All Travel

For each of the “Review All Travel” rules, you can set up to two reviewers. A single form/questionnaire can be defined and sent to the travelers when an itinerary requires review and approval.

You can define the Incident templates and the messages that will be sent to the travelers and/or reviewers at each stage of the process.

Process Overview

1. An itinerary is created or updated in Travel Protector. The policies are evaluated for the destination countries in the itinerary.
2. If one destination country in the whole itinerary is denied, the full itinerary is denied.
3. If All destination countries in the whole itinerary are Approved, the full itinerary is approved.
4. If one or more destination countries in the whole itinerary require review, the process continues.
5. A Notification is sent to the travelers (one Notification for all the countries).
6. The traveler fills up and submit the form/questionnaire.
7. Submission of the form triggers a Notification to the reviewers.
8. The reviewer navigates to the Manager Portal and opens the itinerary to review it.
9. In the Itinerary Details, the reviewer can see the questionnaire responses and can approve or deny the itinerary.
10. A Notification will be sent to the traveler upon approval or denial.

Accessing the Travel Policies Page

The Travel Policies page is accessible from the manager portal to users who have a role with Manage Travel Approval Policies permission enabled.

To set the permission as an Account Administrator or Organization Administrator:

1. Navigate to **Settings > Access > Roles**.
2. Select the role you want to update or create a new role.

3. Select **Permissions** and under the **Travel Risk Management** section, enable the **Manage Travel Approval Policies** permission.
4. Optionally, you can limit access to specific contact in your organization by selecting **Resources > Contacts > Limited access** and select the groups or dynamic groups you want to provide access for the role.

NOTE: Manage Travel Approval Policies requires the following permissions: **Launch and manage Incidents** as well as **View contact Name and External ID**.

When accessing the page, by default all countries are listed in the page along with the policy, if defined, for each country. You can search a country by name or country code and also filter countries by regions.

Managing Travel Policies

A single Travel policy can be created for each country. The policy applies to all contacts traveling to the designated country. In the policy, rules and reviewers can be defined for each country risk level.

Options are:

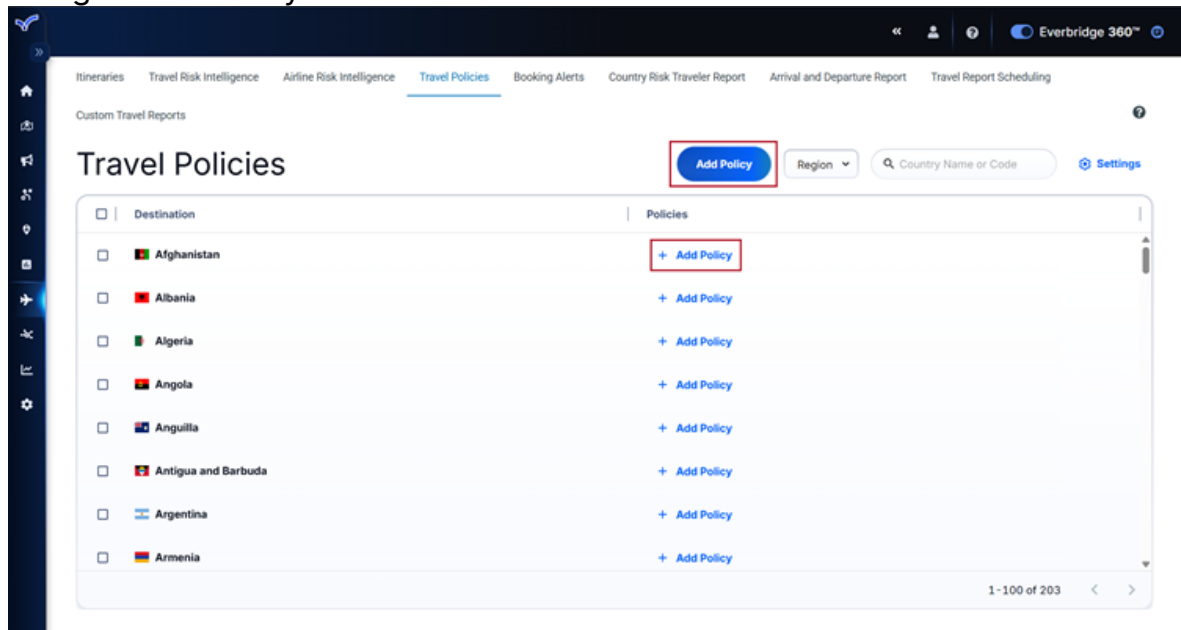
- **Approve all Travel** - Travel to the country will be automatically approved if the country is at the designated risk level when the itinerary is created.
- **Deny All Travel** - Travel to the country will be automatically denied if the country is at the designated risk level when the itinerary is created.
- **Review Travel** - Travel to the country will trigger the Post Booking Travel approval process and notify the traveler if the country is at the designated risk level when the itinerary is created.

Creating a Travel Policy

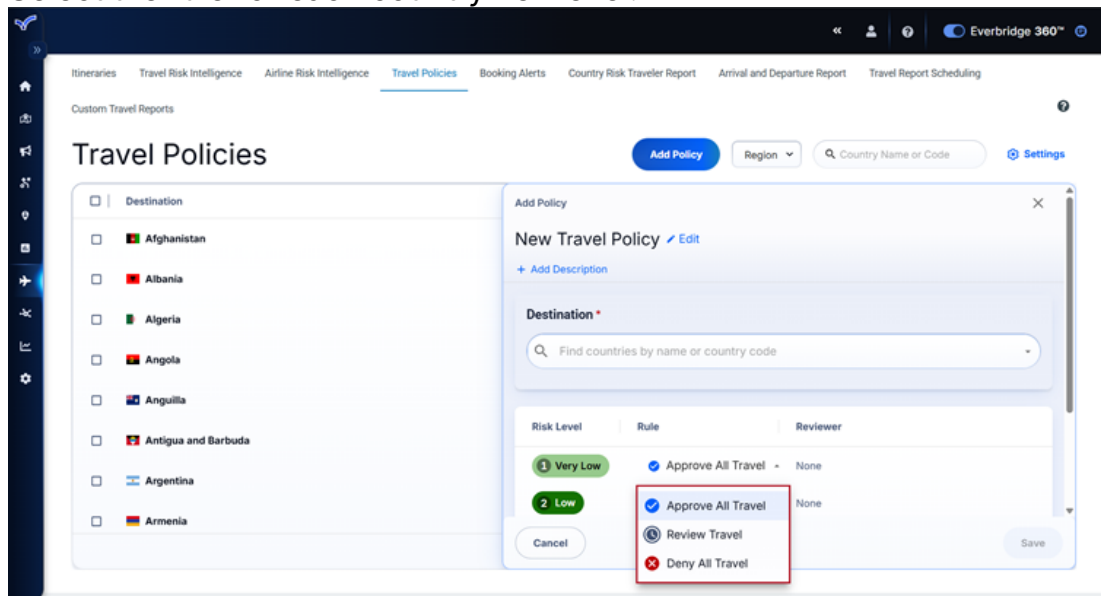
To create a Travel Policy:

1. Navigate to the **Travel Policies** page.
2. Select the countries for which the policy applies and select **Add Policy**. Alternatively, you can select the **Add Policy** action at the row level for a

designated country.



3. In the **Add Policy** user interface, set the following:
 - a. Name (must be unique)
 - b. Description
 - c. Select a Destination country. By default, the selected countries are automatically added to the destinations, you adjust the list of countries if needed.
 - d. Select the rule for each country risk level.



- e. Set up to two reviewers for rules set to Review Travel.
4. Select **Save**. The policy is listed in the Travel Policy table for all countries for which it applies.

NOTE: Only one policy applies to a country. When adding a country to a policy, if that country already has a policy, after warning and confirmation from the user, the country is removed from the existing policy and added to the new policy. Orphan policies are automatically deleted.

Editing a Travel Policy

To edit a Travel Policy:

1. Navigate to the **Travel Policies** page.
2. Select **Edit** next to the policy to open the policy.
3. You can update the list of countries for which the policy applies as well as the rules and reviewers.
4. Select **Save**. The policy table is updated.

Deleting a Travel Policy

If a policy applies to a single country, removing the policy from this country will automatically delete it from the system.

If a policy applies to more than one country, you can delete it from its detail page:

1. Navigate to the **Travel Policies** page.
2. Select **Edit** next to the policy to open the policy.
3. Select **Delete Policy**, then **Delete Policy** in the confirmation window
4. The policy is removed from all countries where it applied and is deleted from the system.

Setting the Travel Review Form

The purpose of the **Travel Review Form** is to collect necessary information and ensure that all aspects of the proposed trip align with company policies and procedures prior to approval.

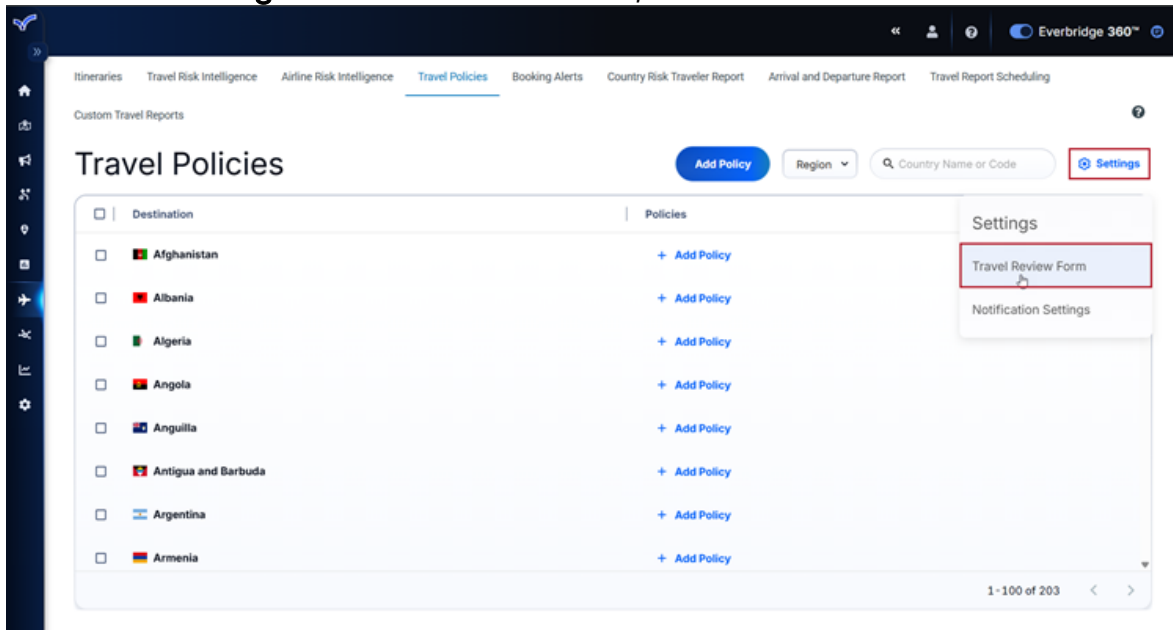
When an itinerary needs approval, an automatic Notification is sent to the traveler, which can include a form. Once the traveler submits the form, it triggers a Notification to the reviewers.

You can define one form for the Organization, which will be used for all travel approvals.

Creating the Travel Review Form

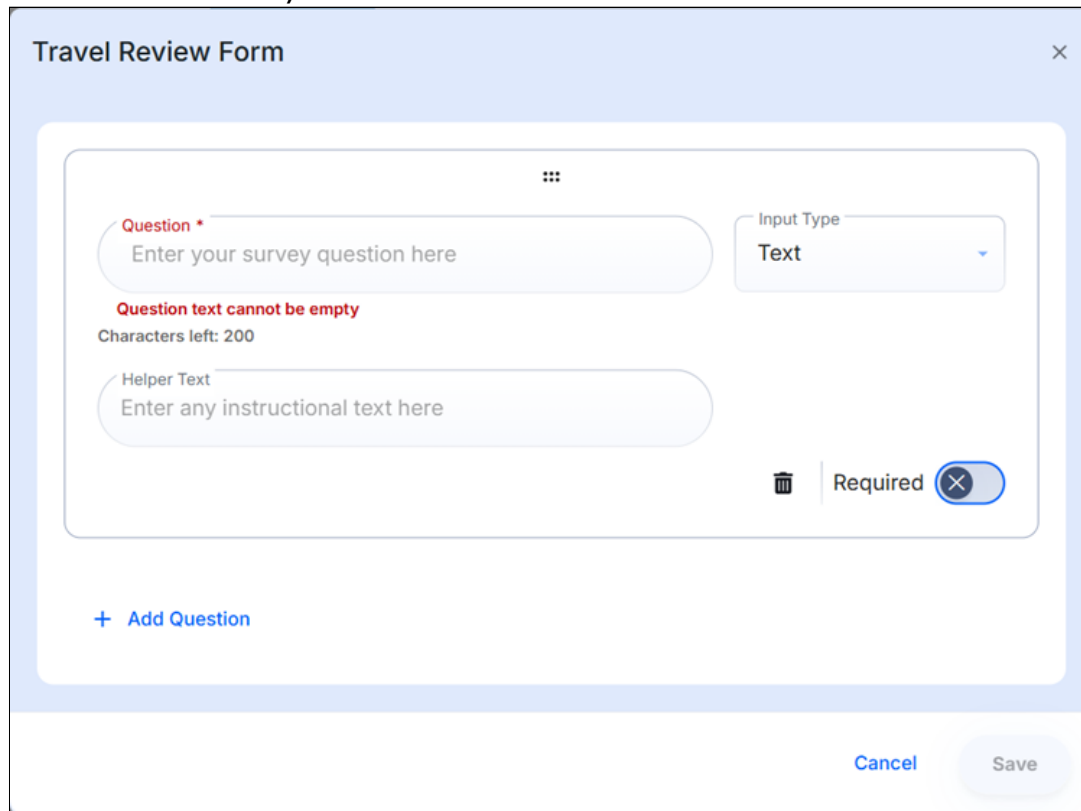
To create a Travel Review Form:

1. Navigate to the **Travel Policies** page.
2. Select the **Settings** action above the table, then **Travel Review Form**.



3. By default the form is empty. You can add as many questions as needed by selecting **Add Question**.
4. Enter the text for your question (limit 200 characters), an optional helper text (limit 256 characters) and the input text type (Text, Single Choice, Multiple

Choice or Number).



5. Select whether an answer to this question is required or not. Travelers must answer all required questions to submit the form.
6. Once your first question is defined, select **Add Question** to add another question.
7. You can reorder your questions by dragging the card to the proper position or by using the up/down arrows.
8. Once all the questions are defined, select **Save** to close the window and return to the Travel Policy page.
9. You can edit the form at any time by selecting the **Travel Review Form** action. The edited form will apply moving forward.

Setting Notifications Messages and Templates

As part of the approval process, notifications are automatically sent to the travelers and reviewers. Incident communication is used as part of this process.

There are four different Notifications that can be configured, for each one you can use different Incident templates or use the same template for all.

- **Travel Review Form** - When an itinerary is submitted, and a country requires approval, the travelers are directed to complete the Travel Review Form.

- **Reviewer Notification** - When the Travel Review Form is submitted by at least 1 traveler, a notification is sent to all reviewers. Reviewers are directed to assess the pending travel itinerary.
- **Travel Approved** - When the approval is granted for the itinerary, travelers are notified that their travel was approved.
- **Travel Denied** - When the itinerary is denied, travelers are notified that their travel was denied.

Travel Protector will auto-fill values in the notification using system variables so you can fully customize your message. If you do not add variables to your outgoing message, no information is sent to the travelers and reviewers.

Variable	Type	Description
_Travel: PNR Number	Autofill	PNR number in full text.
_Travel: PNR URL	Autofill	Deep link to the PNR details in the Manager Portal itinerary page. Authentication to the Manager Portal is required to access the itinerary details.
_Travel: Itinerary Start Date	Autofill	Start date of the itinerary as submitted by the booking system or calculated from the first segment departure date.
_Travel: Itinerary End Date	Autofill	End date of the itinerary calculated from the last segment arrival date.
_Travel: Travelers List	Autofill	List of contacts matched to the travelers in the itinerary.
_Travel: Itinerary Approval Status	Autofill	Approval status of the itinerary at the time of the Notification.
_Travel: Approval Required Country List	Autofill	List of countries in the itinerary that requires approval at the time of the Notification.
_Travel: Reviewers List	Autofill	List of reviewers as defined in the policy at the time of the

		Notification for all countries in the itinerary requiring approval.
_Travel: Approval Form URL	Autofill	Link to the Travel Review Form in the Member portal for the Traveler to fill. This variable only applies to the initial traveler Notification.

NOTE: Ensure the **Edit Message** and **Edit Contacts** permissions are enabled in the **Operator Permissions** page for each template.

To configure a Traveler Notification:

1. Create your Incident templates and set the messages using the **_Travel** system variables.
2. In the **Travel Policies** page, select the **Settings** action, then **Notification Settings**.

3. Select the tab corresponding to the Notification you want to configure and select a template. Optionally, you can filter templates by category.

Notification Settings

Travel Review Form

Reviewer Notification

Travel Approved

Travel Denied

✈️

Itinerary Submitted

✉️

Traveler Notification

✍️

Travel Review Form

In this notification, travelers are directed to complete a Travel Review Form.

Category

Template

Cancel

Save

4. Once all your Notifications are configured, select **Save**. The templates will be used for all new or updated itineraries.

NOTE: As the approval process relies on the submission of the Travel Review Form to notify the reviewers, you need to ensure the **_Travel: Approval Form URL** system variable is included in the template used for the Travel Review Form notification to travelers.

Custom Reports

The **Reports** module allows you to add Custom Reports, which cover multiple Notifications or Incidents and travel information for Travel Protector customers.

There are five levels of report types for Incidents:

- **Contacts** - provides information about the contacts.
- **Incident Notifications** - provides the attempt levels and paths contacted.
- **Incidents** - provides information about the incident.
- **Incident Scenario Notifications** - provides the attempt levels and paths contacted.
- **Incident Scenario** - provides information about the scenario.
- **Travel Segments** - provides information about travel itineraries, segments, and travelers.

NOTE: See the [Advanced Reporting Guide](#) for more in-depth, granular reporting options.

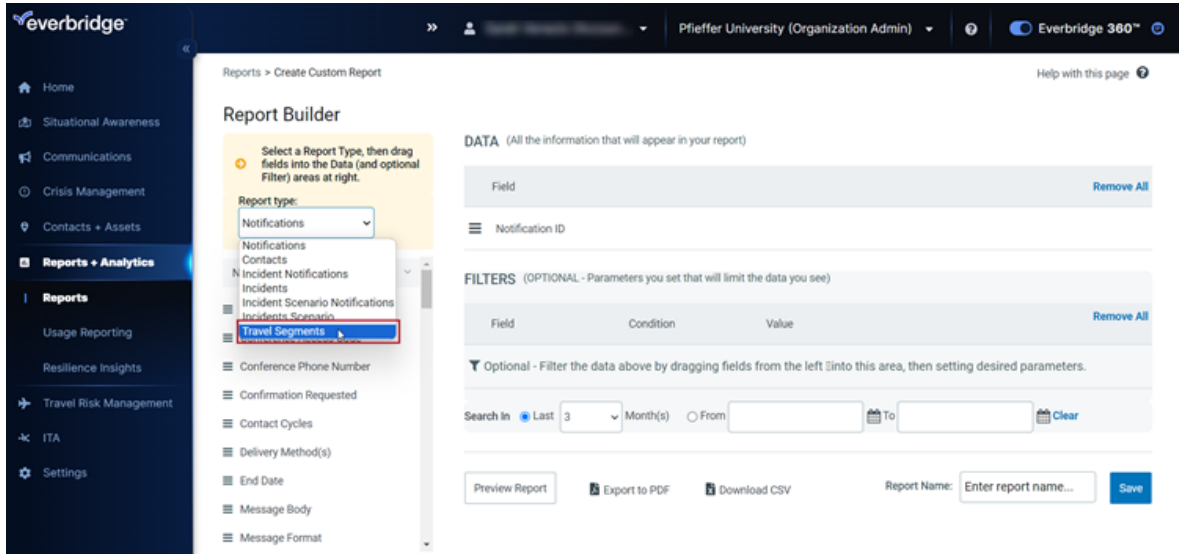
Travel Custom Reports

Travel Protector customers can run a report specific to Travel Segments. To add a new Travel Custom Report:

NOTE: You must add **at least one** data field related to Traveler information, such as first name, last name, or record type, along with at least one data field related to a travel segment.

1. From the **Reports** tab, click **Create Report**. The **Report Builder** page is displayed.

2. On the left-hand pane, select the **Travel Segments** Report Type from the menu.



3. After selecting the Report Type, data fields will appear under the report type you selected. To add a data field to your report, drag a data field to the **DATA** panel. To delete a chosen data field, click the Trash Bin next to the field name. When you add fields to the DATA panel, they are added at the bottom of the list. When the fields are displayed in the report, they are displayed from left to right.
4. Repeat Step 3 for all data fields you want in your custom report.
5. Set filters to narrow down the data to the values in which you are interested. Filters are optional. For example, you might only want to see travelers arriving in a specific country.
 - a. To add a filter, drag a data field to the **FILTERS** panel.
 - b. Select the desired condition statement from the drop-down list.
 - c. Type or select the desired value in the correct format for the data type in the **Value** field.
6. Repeat Step 5 for each desired filter. To delete a filter, click the Trash Bin next to the field name.
7. Select a time frame of either **Now** (default) or enter a specific range (Past or Next xx hours or days). The maximum date range is 365 days, or a custom time range by specifying the start and end days (Maximum is one year between the start and end dates).
8. Click **Preview Report** to review your customizations. Use the Page Controls at the bottom of the page if you would like to view more records.
 - To choose the number of records displayed on each preview page, select a number from the drop-down list.
 - To add more data to your report, repeat step 3. To add more filters to your report, repeat step 5.

9. After the report has been configured and the preview shows you the desired data, you can export the results to a CSV file. Many software applications, including Microsoft Excel, can open a CSV file.
10. To save the report under the Reports tab, enter a name in the **Report Name** field and click **Save**. If at any time in the future you would like to run this report with updated data, click the report name under **Custom Reports**.

NOTE: Use the Excel Data Import feature to import the CSV-formatted file into an Excel workbook.

Example Travel Custom Report

The following procedure provides the steps to create a custom report for travelers who are traveling by Air to Germany in the next 30 days. Contact reports are helpful for resolving missing data, such as a delivery method.

To create a report of travelers traveling by Air to Germany in the next 30 days:

1. On the left-hand pane, select **Travel Segment** from the **Report Type** drop-down list.
2. Drag the following data fields to the **DATA** panel:
 - **First Name**
 - **Last Name**
 - **Traveler Report Type**
 - **To Date**
 - **PNR (Optional)**
3. To filter the data by country and time range:
 - a. Drag the **Arrival Country** data field to the **FILTERS** panel.
 - b. Under **Condition**, select **contains**.
 - c. Under **Value**, select **Germany**.
 - d. In the Search By section select **Specific Range**.
 - e. Select **Next** and **Days** in the drop-downs and enter **30**.
4. Click **Preview Report** to review your customizations. If you want more data or filters added to your report, repeat Steps 2 and 3.
5. To save the report to your device, you can export it by clicking **Download CSV**.
6. To save the report under the **Reports** tab, enter a name next to **Report Name**. Click **Save**.

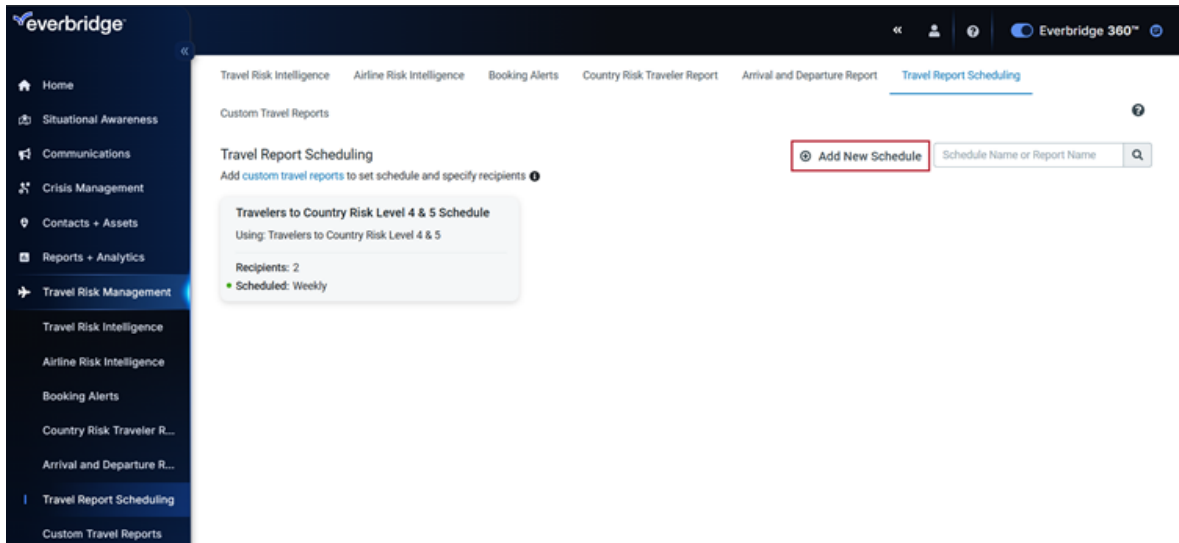
NOTE: Do not open the CSV file until the file is finished processing. Excel will shorten long External Ids if the file is opened before processing is finished.

Scheduling Custom Travel Reports

Custom Travel Reports can be scheduled to be automatically generated and emailed at defined recurring times. You can create up to 100 schedules, and the same report can have more than one schedule.

Creating a Schedule for a Travel Custom Report

1. From Travel Risk Management Menu > Travel Report Scheduling, select **Add New Schedule**.



2. Select a preexisting Travel Report.
 - Only reports of the **Travel Segments** type can be scheduled.
3. Ensure your schedule has a name. Optionally, you can change the default name of your schedule.
4. You can provide an optional description of your schedule.
5. Set the recurrence (**Daily**, **Weekly**, or **Monthly**) along with the times and time zone for when your report will be generated and sent. Duplicate times will be ignored.
 - a. **Daily**: you must specify at least 1 time for the day from the available list.
 - b. **Weekly**: select the days of the week along with the times of the day from the available list. The report will be sent at the same selected times each selected day.
 - c. **Monthly**: Enter the months of the year along with the days and the time. To enter the day of the month, select New Date, type the day number, then Enter. Only 1 time can be selected, the report will be sent at the same time, each specified day for the selected month.

- For months that do not include the dates specified, no report will be scheduled for that month. For example: if 31, January, and February are specified, the report will not be sent in February.
- 6. Enter the email addresses that you want to receive the report. Separate multiple emails with a comma.
- 7. Optionally, you can select **Run Report Now** it will generate the custom report and send it to the email addresses specified.
- 8. Save the schedule.

Editing a Schedule

1. From the **Organization > Travel Risk Management Menu**, click **Travel Report Scheduling**. All schedules are displayed in alphabetical order.
2. You can also search for your schedule. Search is case-insensitive and will search within schedule names and report names.
3. Select your schedule to access the details.
4. You can change any of the details such as report, name, description, schedule, email list, etc.
5. Save the schedule to apply the changes.

Deleting a Schedule

1. From the **Organization > Travel Risk Management Menu**, click **Travel Report Scheduling**. All schedules are displayed in alphabetical order.
2. You can also search for your schedule. Search is case-insensitive and will search within schedule names and report names.
3. Select your schedule to access the details.
4. Select **Delete Schedule**. Deleted schedules cannot be recovered.

Temporarily Disabling a Schedule

1. Active schedules are displayed with a green dot In your Schedule list. Schedule (daily, weekly, monthly) is indicated.
2. Select your schedule to access the details.
3. Turn off the switch next to Schedule This Report to **Run Later**.
4. Save the schedule.
 - Details of disabled schedules cannot be changed. You must toggle the Switch back to **On** in order to change the details.

Retrieving a Report

A link to the report is sent by email to all email addresses specified in the schedule details.

You must be an **Incident Administrator** or **Data Manager** within Everbridge Suite for the Organization in which the report was created in order to receive a report. Additionally, ensure that the following necessary permissions are enabled for the Organization where the report was created:

- **Contact Management > View Contact Name and External ID**
- **Contact Management > View and download contact record information**
- **Settings > Travel Risk Management > View Travel Reports**

To retrieve the report:

1. Click the link in the email. You will be asked to authenticate to the Manager Portal.
2. If your user belongs to more than one Organization or has more than one role in the Organization, select the Organization and a role that has proper permissions. You may need to click the link in the email a second time.
3. The CSV file for the report is downloaded. Open the CSV file to access the report.

Additional Considerations

You cannot change the type of a Travel Segment report that is already scheduled. You must delete any of the schedules that uses this report before changing the type.

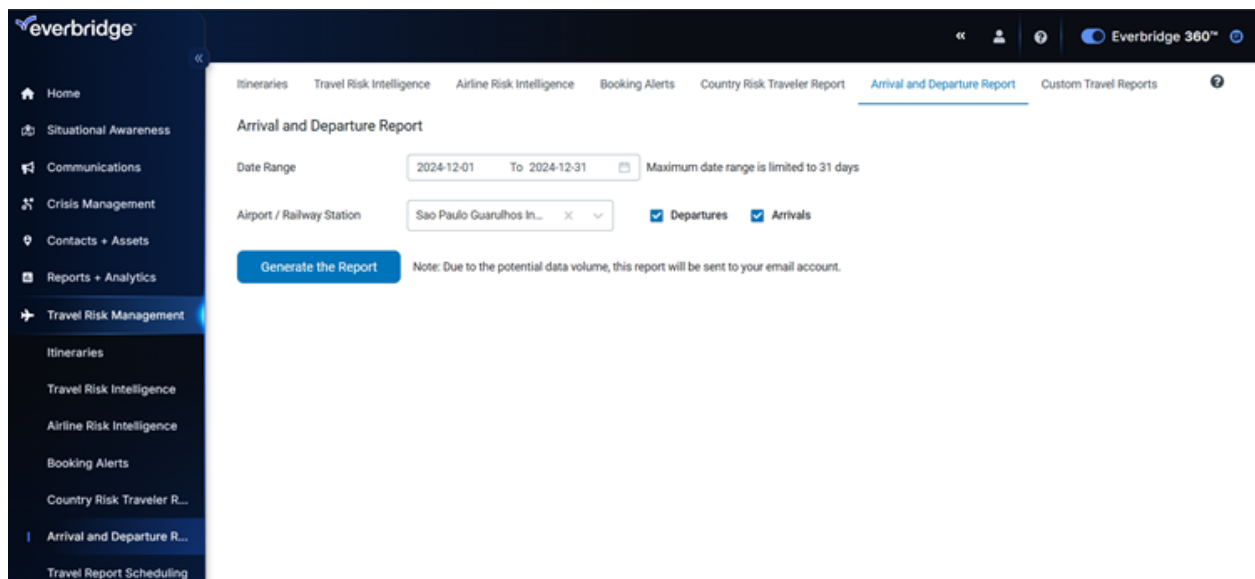
You can delete a report that is already scheduled. The report will no longer be sent. The schedule will not be deleted but will not include any reports. You can either edit the schedule to select a different report to be sent or delete the schedule.

Other Reports

Additional pre-defined reports can be accessed from the Manager Portal. These reports cannot be automatically scheduled to be sent at recurring intervals.

Arrival and Departure Report

The **Arrival and Departure** report will provide the list of travelers who are departing and/or arriving from a specific airport or train station during a specific time range.

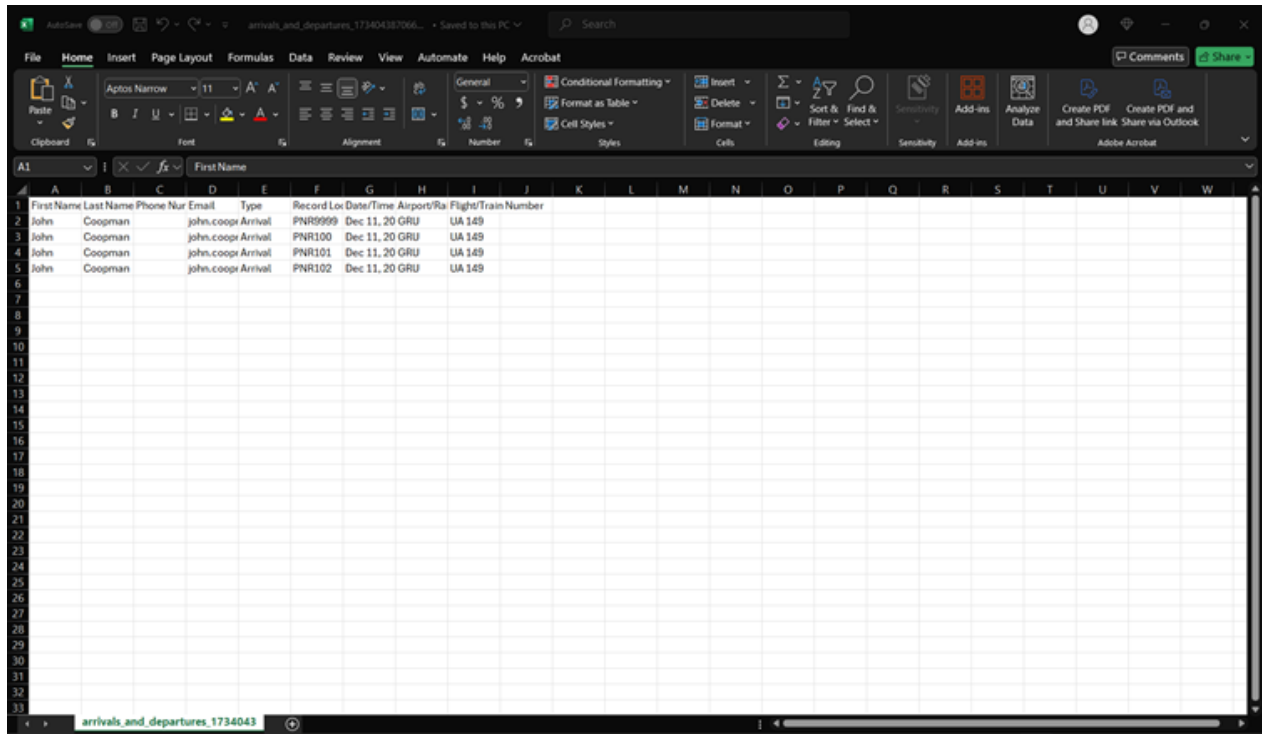


The screenshot shows the Everbridge 360 interface. On the left is a dark sidebar with a menu including Home, Situational Awareness, Communications, Crisis Management, Contacts + Assets, Reports + Analytics, and Travel Risk Management. The 'Travel Risk Management' section is expanded, showing sub-items like Itineraries, Travel Risk Intelligence, Airline Risk Intelligence, Booking Alerts, Country Risk Traveler R..., Arrival and Departure R..., and Travel Report Scheduling. The 'Arrival and Departure Report' sub-item is selected. The main content area has a top navigation bar with tabs for Itineraries, Travel Risk Intelligence, Airline Risk Intelligence, Booking Alerts, Country Risk Traveler Report, Arrival and Departure Report (active), and Custom Travel Reports. Below the tabs, the 'Arrival and Departure Report' section contains a 'Date Range' field set to '2024-12-01 To 2024-12-31' with a note 'Maximum date range is limited to 31 days'. Below this is an 'Airport / Railway Station' dropdown menu showing 'Sao Paulo Guarulhos In...'. To the right of the dropdown are checkboxes for 'Departures' and 'Arrivals', both of which are checked. A blue 'Generate the Report' button is positioned below the dropdown. A note at the bottom of the form states: 'Note: Due to the potential data volume, this report will be sent to your email account.'

To run the Arrival and Departure report, navigate to **Travel Risk Management > Arrival and Departure Report**.

1. Specify a time range of up to 31 days by selecting a start and end day.
2. Select an airport or a railway station in the list or type the name or code for a quick search.
3. Select whether you want to consider **Arrivals only**, **Departures only**, or **both**.
4. Select **Generate the Report**.

A link to the report will be sent by email to the email address of the authenticated user.



First Name	Last Name	Phone Number	Email	Type	Record Locator	Date/Time	Airport/Train Station	Flight/Train Number
John	Coopman	john.coop	john.coop@everbridge.com	Arrival	PNR9999	Dec 11, 20	GRU	UA 149
John	Coopman	john.coop	john.coop@everbridge.com	Arrival	PNR100	Dec 11, 20	GRU	UA 149
John	Coopman	john.coop	john.coop@everbridge.com	Arrival	PNR101	Dec 11, 20	GRU	UA 149
John	Coopman	john.coop	john.coop@everbridge.com	Arrival	PNR102	Dec 11, 20	GRU	UA 149

The CSV report contains the following information:

- Traveler First name
- Traveler Last name
- Traveler phone number
- Traveler Email address
- Travel location type (Departure, Transit, or arrival)
- Itinerary Record Locator (PNR)
- Date and time of arrival or departure
- Airport or train station IATA code
- Flight or train number

Country Risk Traveler Report

The **Country Risk Travel Report** is located in the Manager Portal under **Travel Risk Management > Country Risk Traveler Report**. This table report displays the number of active or pending travelers per country within a specified time window, by region, and/or by Risk Level.

Running the Report

To run this report, apply **Geographic Region**, **Risk Level**, or **Travel Date** filters at the top of the page. The table will repopulate, listing results for each matching country in a table that has either active or pending travelers. It will include the count of Travelers, VIPs, and Expatriates for each country, along with its Risk Level. Optionally, you can also click any column header to sort the data as needed.

Destination	Risk Level	Travelers	VIPs	Expatriates
Afghanistan	High	2	0	0
China	Moderate	2	0	0
United States	Moderate	4	0	0

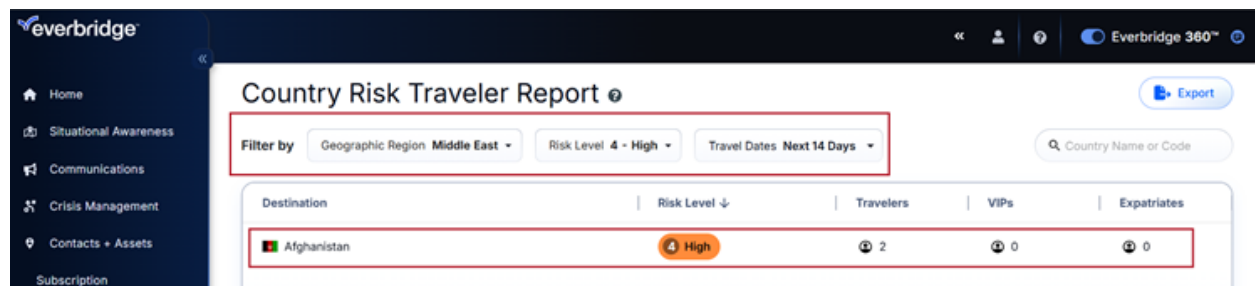
NOTE: A country's default Risk Level will be used if a custom Risk Level hasn't been defined for it.

The following filters are available to specify the data that appears in the report:

- **Geographic Region** - Select the regions to be displayed:
 - All (default)
 - Middle East
 - Europe

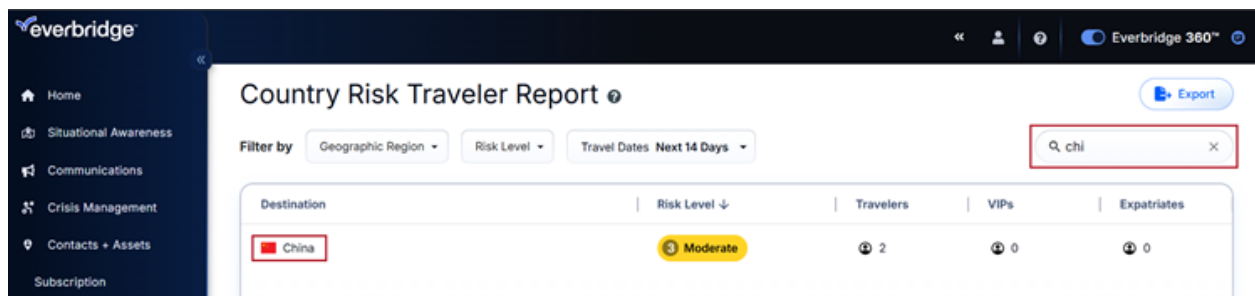
- Africa
- Central America
- South America
- Oceania
- Asia
- North America
- Antarctica
- **Risk Level** - Specify which Risk Levels should be displayed:
 - All (default)
 - 5 - Extreme
 - 4 - High
 - 3 - Moderate
 - 2 - Low
 - 1 - Very Low
- **Travel Dates** - Enter the desired time frame for the report. Note that this filter displays data in the user's set profile time zone.
 - Today (default)
 - Last 14 Days
 - Last 7 Days
 - Next 7 Days
 - Next 14 Days
 - Date Range

For example, in the image below, the **Geographic Region > Middle East**, **Risk Level > 4 - High**, and **Travel Dates > Next 14 Days** filters have been applied, isolating Afghanistan in the data table.



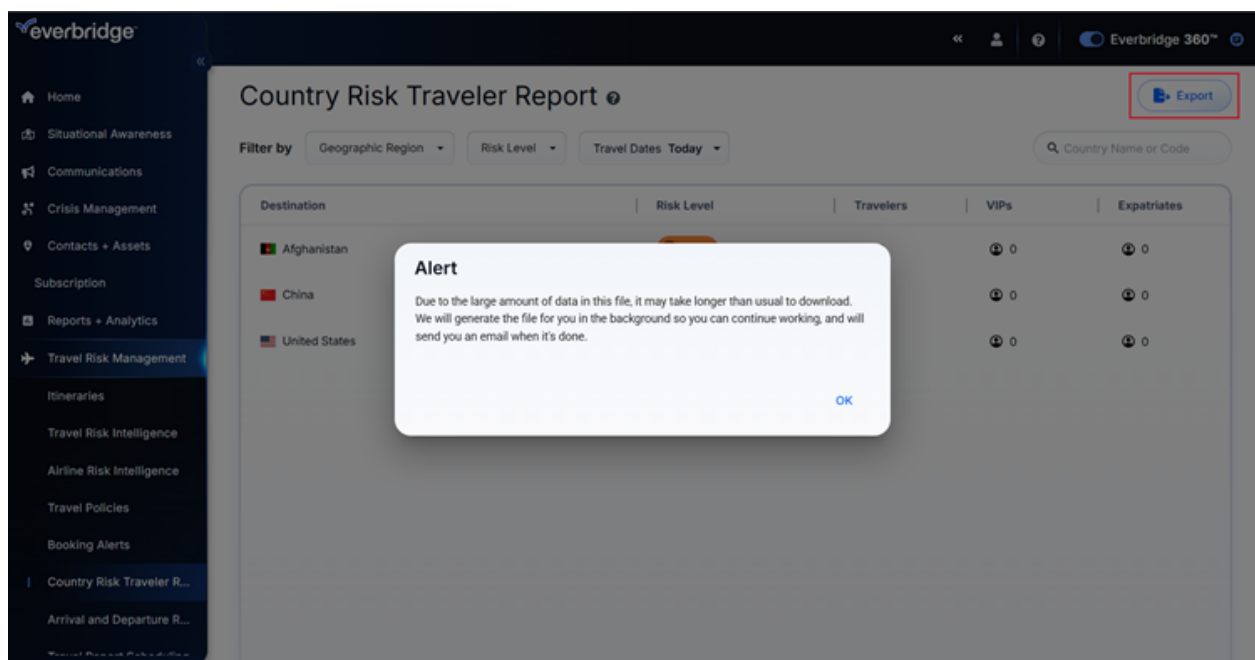
Using Search

Users can search by country name (full or partial) or ISO 3166-1 alpha-2 code (such as "CN" for "China").

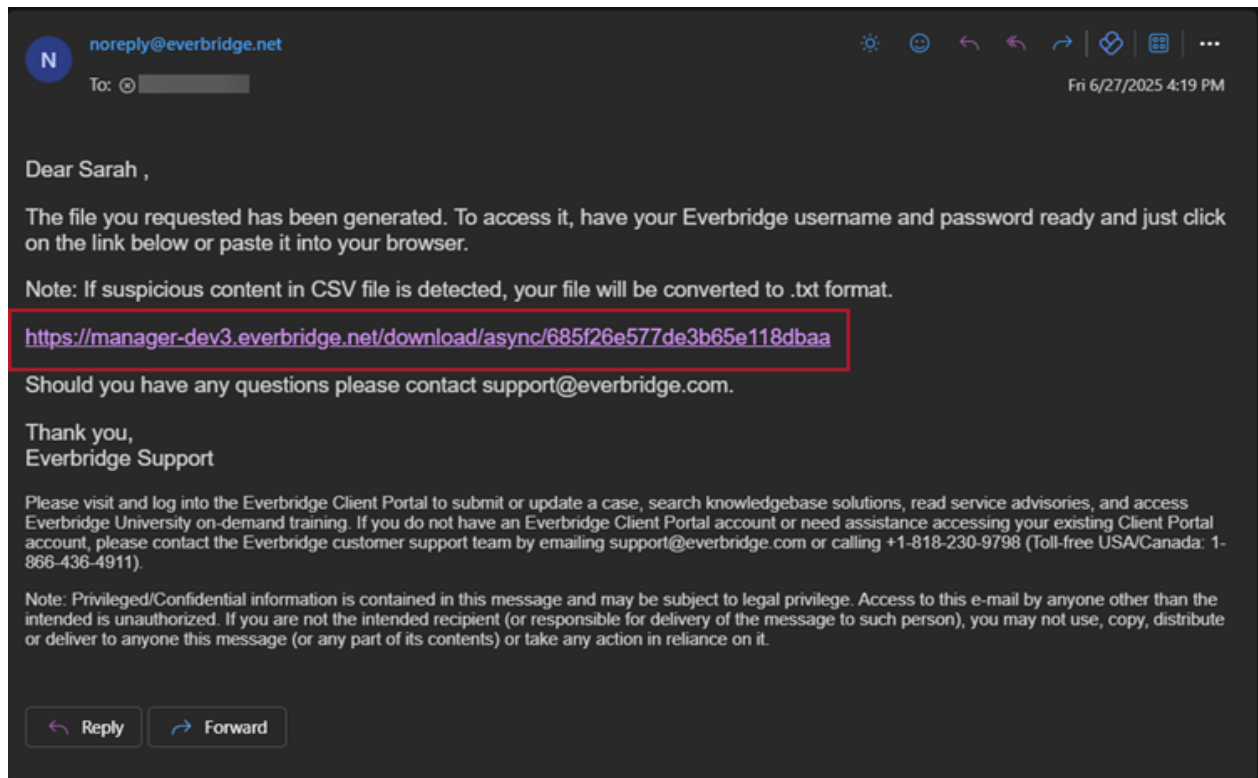


Exporting the Report

Users can download a more detailed CSV file of the report by clicking the **Export** button.



A link to the exported file will be emailed to the user. Clicking on the link will open the file in the browser.



The exported file will include the following information:

- Travel Country
- Travel Type
- Number of Days in Country
- Traveler First name
- Traveler Last name
- External ID
- Record Type
- VIP
- Expatriate
- Traveler Email
- Traveler Phone number
- Arrival Time
- Arrival Time Zone
- Arrival City
- Arrival State
- Arrival Segment Type
- Arrival Flight/Train
- Arrival Airport/Train Station
- Previous Segment Type
- Previous Location
- Departure Time
- Departure Time Zone

- Departure City
- Departure State
- Departure Segment Type
- Departure Flight/Train
- Departure Airport/Train Station
- Next Segment Type
- Next Location
- Next Location Start Time
- Next Location Time Zone

Travel Country	Travel Type	Number	First Name	Last Name	External ID	Record Type	VIP	Expatriate	Email Addr	Phone	Nur	Arrival Tim	Arrival Tim	Arrival City	Arrival Stat	Arrival Seg	Arrival Flig
Afghanistan	International	0	John	Smith	tmpid-mer	Temporary	NO	NO				#####	#####	Asia/Kabul Bamyar		Air	ET7867
Afghanistan	International	0	Jim	Johnson	tmpid-mer	Temporary	NO	NO				#####	#####	Asia/Kabul Bamyar		Air	ET7867
Afghanistan	International	0	Steve	Strong	tmpid-mer	Temporary	NO	NO				#####	#####	Asia/Kabul Bamyar		Air	ET7867
China	International	0	Jane	Doe	tmpid-mer	Temporary	NO	NO				#####	#####	Asia/Chon Beijing		Air	ET7999
China	International	0	Sarah	Carter	tmpid-mer	Temporary	NO	NO				#####	#####	Asia/Chon Beijing		Air	ET7999
China	International	0	Hannah	Rock	tmpid-mer	Temporary	NO	NO				#####	#####	Asia/Chon Beijing		Air	ET7999
United States	Domestic	2	Arthur	King	CurrentCa	Employee	NO	NO				#####	#####	America/N Detroit	Michigan	Car	
United States	Domestic	1	Patrick	Adams	CurrentFli	Employee	NO	NO				#####	#####	America/N Detroit	MI	Air	AA2100
United States	Domestic	2	George	Stevenson	CurrentHo	Employee	NO	NO				#####	#####	America/N Lake Buen	Florida	Hotel	
United States	Domestic	2	Marla	Lopez	CurrentTra	Employee	NO	NO				#####	#####	America/N Detroit	Michigan	Rail	AMT2000

Travel Education Portal

The **Travel Education Portal** offers a secure library of documents and informative videos dedicated to educating customers about traveling safely across the globe.

This portal can be accessed in multiple places, allowing users to refer to these resources at their convenience:

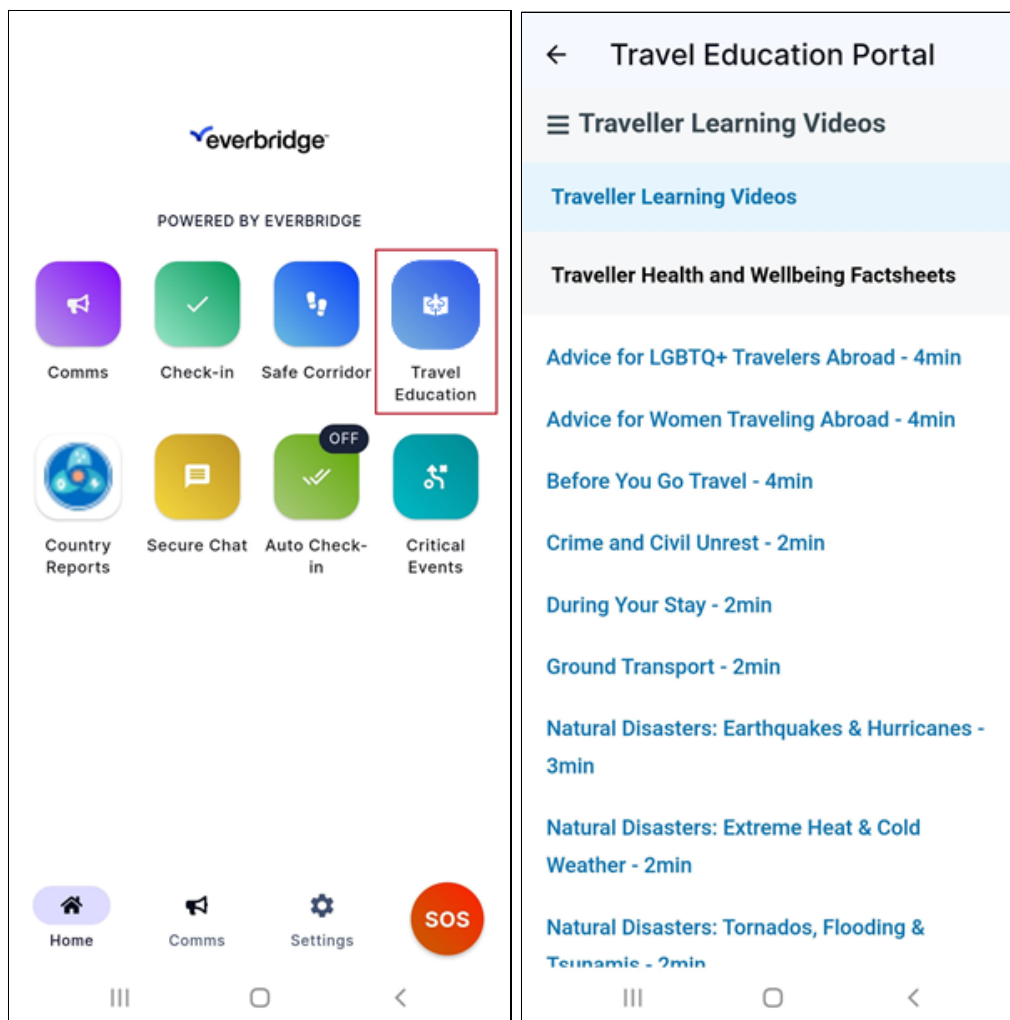
- Everbridge 360 Mobile and Desktop App
- Manager Portal
- Member Portal
- Via Learning Management System (LMS) Integration

Everbridge 360 Mobile and Desktop App

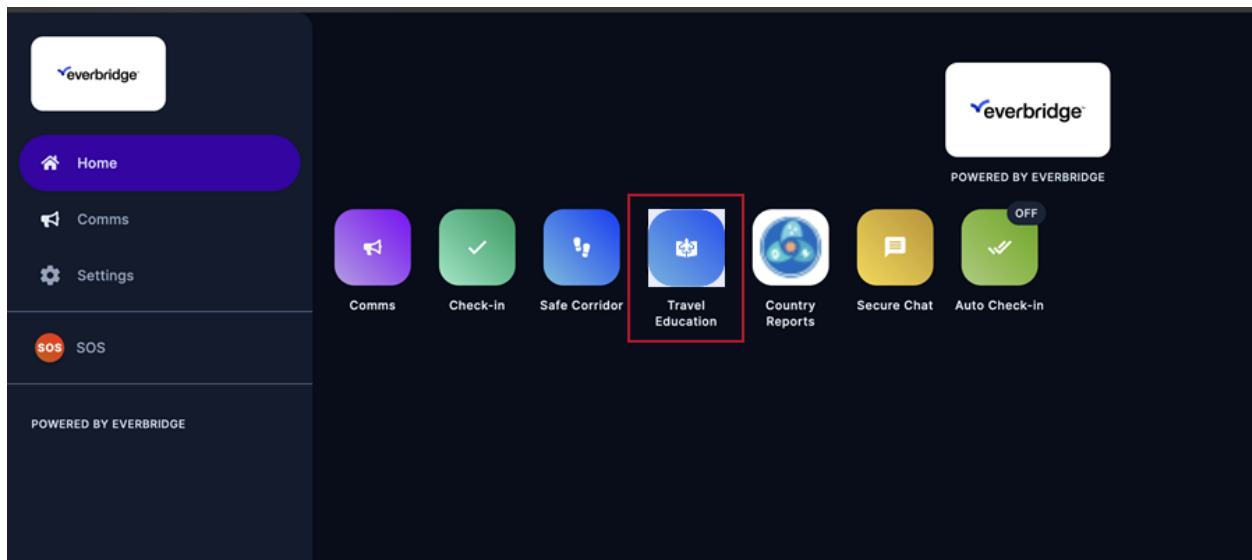
Travel Protector customers can use the **Travel Education Button** on the Everbridge 360 Mobile or Desktop App to explore curated travel resources, helpful content, and guidance designed to keep you informed and prepared for your journeys.

Mobile App:





Desktop App:



Traveler Learning Videos	Traveler Learning Videos
Traveler Health and Wellbeing Factsheets	Advice for LGBTQ+ Travelers Abroad - 4min Advice for Women Traveling Abroad - 4min Before You Go Travel - 4min Crime and Civil Unrest - 2min During Your Stay - 2min Ground Transport - 2min Natural Disasters: Earthquakes & Hurricanes - 3min Natural Disasters: Extreme Heat & Cold Weather - 2min Natural Disasters: Tornadoes, Flooding & Tsunamis - 2min Natural Disasters: Volcanoes & Wildfires - 1min Staying Aware - 3min Travel Tips: Air Travel - 3min Travel Tips: Arrest or Detention - 2min Travel Tips: At the Train Station - 2min Travel Tips: Data Theft - 1min Travel Tips: Hotel Check-in - 2min Travel Tips: On the Train - 1min

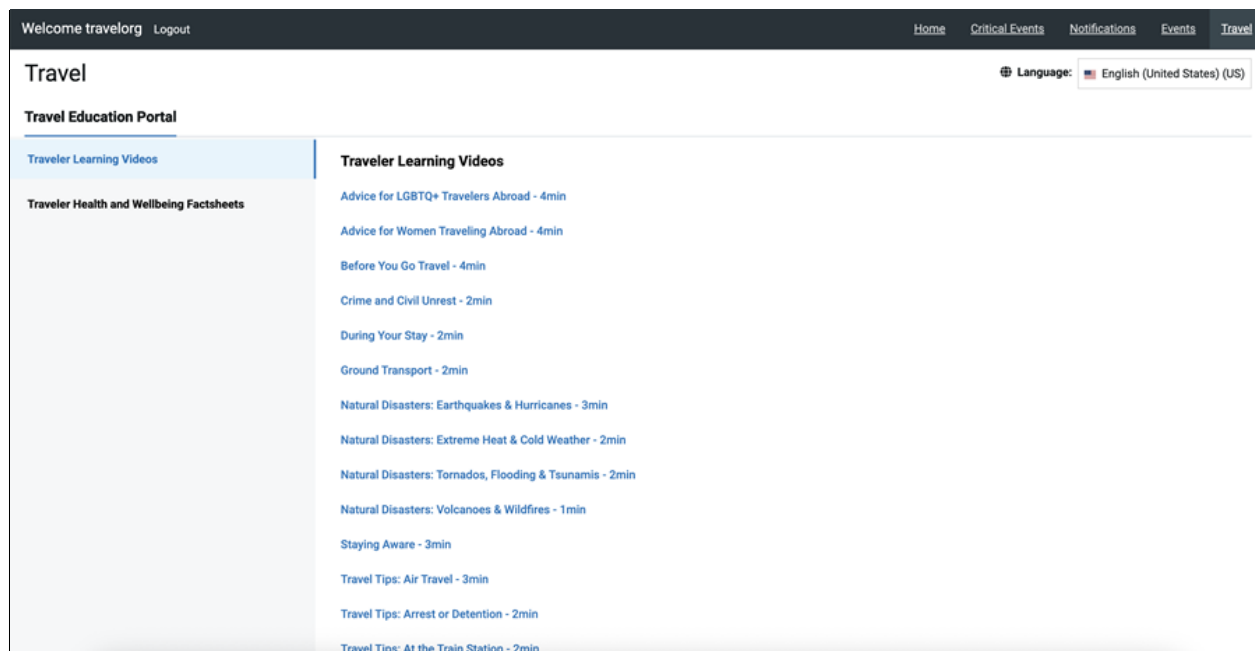
Manager Portal

Travel managers can access this information from the Manager Portal by navigating to **Travel Risk Management > Travel Education Portal**.

Travel Education Portal	Traveler Learning Videos
Traveler Learning Videos Traveler Health and Wellbeing Factsheets	Advice for LGBTQ+ Travelers Abroad - 4min Advice for Women Traveling Abroad - 4min Before You Go Travel - 4min Crime and Civil Unrest - 2min During Your Stay - 2min Ground Transport - 2min Natural Disasters: Earthquakes & Hurricanes - 3min Natural Disasters: Extreme Heat & Cold Weather - 2min Natural Disasters: Tornadoes, Flooding & Tsunamis - 2min Natural Disasters: Volcanoes & Wildfires - 1min Staying Aware - 3min Travel Tips: Air Travel - 3min

Member Portal

Contacts and Users can utilize these resources from navigating to **Travel > Travel Education Portal** in an Organization's Member Portal.



LMS Integration

Travel Protector customers can access Travel Education content from their Organization's **Learning Management System (LMS)** using deep link integration. There are two options:

1. To provide access to all Travel Education content, integrate the **Portal** homepage into your LMS using this deep link format:
 - <Member Portal site>/<Organization ID>/travel/education-portal
2. To provide access to a specific Travel Education file, integrate that file into your LMS using this deep link format:
 - <Member Portal site>/<Organization ID>/travel/education-portal/<File ID>

NOTE: Note: Authentication through the Member Portal is required for both options.

Traveler Communication

Risk Events

Risk Events are anything that could negatively impact the safety of the people or the normal functioning of a business or organization. This includes a wide range of things, including:

- Local Disasters
- Hazmat/Fire
- Transportation
- Health & Disease
- Terrorism/Suspicious Activity
- Weather
- Natural Disaster

Risk Events can have the following severity:

- Extreme
- Severe
- Moderate
- Minor
- Unknown

Incidents

Incidents are the method by which alert information can be communicated to the people (such as travelers) who are affected by it or need to act on it, or to stakeholders who may need to be informed about it. Incidents have a life cycle that encompasses all the communication that may occur as a response to an alert. When responding to a situation, you need to choose the action that represents the best way to handle the situation. For example, a hurricane is approaching an airport and a watch has been called. The storm has already reached Category 2, and 20 employees will be transiting by this airport. With Incident communications, you can use quick, template-based, automated communication plans for responding to events within a company, organization, or government office.

In the example above, you can launch an Incident notification to communicate to your travelers that they will be impacted and that delays or cancellations may occur. Alternatively, you may have a situation that does not immediately have a high impact but has the potential to develop into a higher severity. For example, a tropical storm is approaching the Miami airport. It is projected to make landfall within the next three to four days. In this case, you may want to inform your

travelers, but no immediate action is required. Using Incident communications, you can launch an Incident and make updates to it as a situation progresses.

Alerts

Alerts are automatic messages that pop up in VCC through an ongoing feed. They flag situations that a VCC Operator should review as potentially concerning. They are triggered when Risk Events are determined to impact Assets based on the Event's timing or location. In short, Risk Events that overlap with Assets (People, Buildings, etc.) within a certain location or time frame create an alert for the Travel Manager (VCC Operator) to review.

Operator (Travel Manager or Security Manager) Entered Risk Event

An Operator-entered risk allows you to create a polygon and capture all contacts/travelers/assets within the polygon for alerting.

1. Select the Risk Events Feed on the right.
2. Scroll down the drop-down menu and click on **Operator Entered Risk**.
3. Select **Create New Item**.
4. Select **Point** or **Area** and select the area on the map for which the Risk Event is taking place.
5. Create the area for the Risk Event on the map. Ensure that any assets affected are within the created area, which will trigger an alert
6. Enter a Title.
7. Optionally, enter a Summary.
8. Select a Category from the dropdown menu.
9. Enter an Event Start and End Date/Time.
10. Select **Save**.

Setting up Traveler Communication

Once you know that an event is going to impact your assets or travelers, you need to make some decisions to protect those people and assets. For example, implementing standard operating procedures, team activation, situational reporting to key stakeholders, and notifying employees in an impacted location can all be automated in Visual Command Center.

To do this, you must configure some incident templates in the Everbridge Manager Portal to begin launching incidents from Visual Command Center Operator Console. Everbridge provides some incident templates that you can tailor, depending on your requirements.

You can launch an Incident in three ways:

- **Launch an Incident from a Visual Command Center Alert**
 - You can launch a single Incident or a scenario that allows sending, at the same time, different communications to different traveler types for the same Alert.
- **Launch an Incident from a risk event without an Alert**
 - You can launch a single Incident and select your travelers based on their expected locations.
- **Launch an Incident automatically**
 - You can configure Incidents to be automatically launched when an Alert is triggered.
 - Scenarios cannot be auto-launched, there is no ability to send a different communication to different contact types.

To do this, you must configure Incident templates in the Everbridge Manager Portal to begin launching Incidents from Visual Command Center Operator Console. Everbridge provides some Incident templates that you can tailor, depending on your requirements.

Incident Communication Templates

Incident templates consist of:

- Variables that have specific meaning to Visual Command Center and contain the information that you want when launching an Incident
- Components that make up the Incident template, for example, message title, body, and instructions

Incident template variables/components are configured in Everbridge Suite by your Organization Administrator.

Communication templates can be created with different variables to tailor the communication that is sent to travelers based on the type of risk event occurring, Visual Command Center can auto-fill most of the variables with information from an alert. Variables prefixed by VCC! are variables that allow an Operator to perform an action.

Variable	Type	Description
VCC!: Add EB Contacts in Area	Action	Allows you to add contacts currently affected by the alert to this recipient list for this Incident.
VCC!: Attach Map	Action	Allows you to attach a map of the alert area and assets to the notifications.
VCC!: Attach Report	Action	Allows you to attach a report to the notifications that summarizes the alert and lists the affected assets (up to 1,000).
VCC!: Record Type	Action	Allows you to choose one or more types of contact to receive notifications.
VCC!: Location Type	Autofill	Allows you to choose the types of contacts locations to send notifications.
VCC: Affected Asset Count	Autofill	Number of assets affected by this alert as specified by Visual Command Center, including contacts, buildings, and custom assets.
VCC: Alert Category	Autofill	The alert category specified in the current alert and data source. For example: earthquake, civil unrest, or transportation.
VCC: Alert Country	Autofill	The country where the alert event took place specified by the event source.
VCC: Alert Description	Autofill	The alert description specified in the current alert.
VCC: Alert End Time	Autofill	Date and time the alert expired set by the event source of Visual Command Center.
VCC: Link to Alert	Autofill	This embeds a link to a Visual Command Center alert in your Incident notifications. Recipients who are Visual Command Center users can select the link, log in to Visual Command Center, and go directly to the alert on the map.
VCC: Alert Location	Autofill	The location specified in the current alert.

VCC: Nearest Asset	Autofill	If the alert location is a point, then this displays the Type, Label, and Distance in KM from the alert event for the asset closest to the event. If the alert location is a polygon or line, then this displays the Type, Label, and Distance in KM for a representative asset within the polygon or impact area.
VCC: Nearest Asset Distance	Autofill	If the alert location is a point, this variable returns the distance in KM from the alert event for the asset closest to the event. If the alert location is a polygon or line, then this displays as Not Applicable.
VCC: Alert Severity	Autofill	The alert severity specified by the data source.
VCC: Alert Severity	Autofill	The alert severity specified in the current alert.
VCC: Alert Source	Autofill	The data source for the risk event.
VCC: Alert Start Time	Autofill	Start date and time of the risk event.
VCC: Alert State/ Province	Autofill	State or province where the risk event took place.
VCC: Alert Title	Autofill	The alert title specified in the current alert.
VCC: Alert URL	Autofill	If available, a URL for additional information about the risk event.
VCC: Alert Updated Time	Autofill	The last time the alert was updated.

In addition, in the template you can configure:

- The message title and body and include any of the variables above.
- Message options, such as Imminent Threat to Life, High priority, send confirmation, attach maps and reports.
- Delivery options such as phone, SMS or mobile push, along with sender email display name
- The Message type such as Standard, Polling, or Conference Bridge (for GSOC/HR to discuss mitigation efforts).
- Text response options for the message.
- Recipient options such as subscribers and contact in the area.

- Location types (Static, Dynamic, Expected).
- Contact types such as VIPs, Expats, or Employees.
- Escalation options if a predefined number of responses aren't received within X minutes (if enabled for the organization).
- Define notification cycles to control how many times, and time between cycles, Everbridge attempts to deliver the notification for the contacts who have not yet confirmed.
- Define the language (out of 30+ languages) of Everbridge's voice prompts and text prompts as well as the style/tone used by the text-to-speech engine.
- Provide a reply-to email address that your contacts can reply to for more information.
- Provide the ability to invite contacts to an Incident chat after the notification has been sent.

Once the Incident has been sent the travel manager is able to:

- View all open Incident communications and send updates from either the Visual Command Center Incident feed or from the Manager Portal.
- Download reports based on responses and users who were not reachable.
- Create chat via mobile to specific recipients – i.e., travelers or GSOC/HR
- Initiate the conference call line sent along with the notification for Message Type "Conference Bridge" – GSOC/HR to discuss mitigation efforts (the conference call line).
- Manage and launch Incidents via the ManageBridge Mobile App.

For more information on how to configure and manage your communication templates, please refer to the [Incident Communications User Guide](#).

Travel-Related Use Cases

Use Case #1: As a travel manager, I need our travelers to be notified when a tornado has touched down and if no response is received, contacted again within 10 minutes, and if no response is still received contacted again in 10 minutes, with reporting available on all responses.

Use Case #2: As a traveler, I would like to receive notifications via text and push notifications via mobile, but when I am not traveling, I would prefer email.

Use Case #3: As a travel manager, I would like to open a chat line via Everbridge Mobile and a conference line for anyone to message/call for immediate triage and notify my travelers accordingly.

Best practice: Automate communications based on severity for higher-level risk events to be sent to travelers without delay, and for lower-level severity, risk events automate notification to yourself/team to review prior to communication.

This will help reduce noise fatigue and ensure they are looking at the risk events you deem most important.

Targeting VIPs and Expatriates

Using contact type/groups/rules for these unique traveler types unleashes all functionality within the CEM platform for contacts including the ability to create communications, filter by record type/groups on the map, and provision custom mobile app buttons by contact rules and groups.

Contact Types: Contact/record types can be profiles created to assign contacts to categories like VIP or Expat. Temporary travelers created by the travel location data feeds are added using this same functionality.

Groups: Groups are a way to organize contacts for quick selection. Groups are static and contacts are added and removed from a group as needed. Contacts can be in more than one group, and group information can be included as a part of an upload file or API. Group managers can manage contact profile and send notifications to contacts in their own group.

Rules: Rules are a dynamic way to select contacts using multiple filters based on contact information – such as an address, record type, etc. and do not require maintenance since they run dynamically at the time they are invoked.

Sending a Traveler Communication

Communication can be launched in two ways:

- Manually from either Visual Command Center or the Manager Portal.
- Automatically based on an incoming Risk Event.

Once you have assessed an Alert or a Risk Event, you need to decide how to respond to it. There are many options available.

When responding to a high-impact Alert, you need to choose the action that represents the best way to handle the situation. For example, there may be a hurricane approaching and it will impact your travelers. You may want to launch an Incident to communicate to your travelers with instructions.

Launching a Communication Manually

From an Alert

In Visual Command Center, enable the **Alert Feed** to display Alerts

1. Select an Alert on the map to display its details in the Alert Feed.
2. Select the Incident icon then click **Launch Incident**.
3. Select the Incident template you want to use. You can filter templates by categories.
4. Validate the message title, content, and options.
5. Specify the location type (select expected/travel location for travelers) and contact types.
6. Preview and review prior to sending the communication.

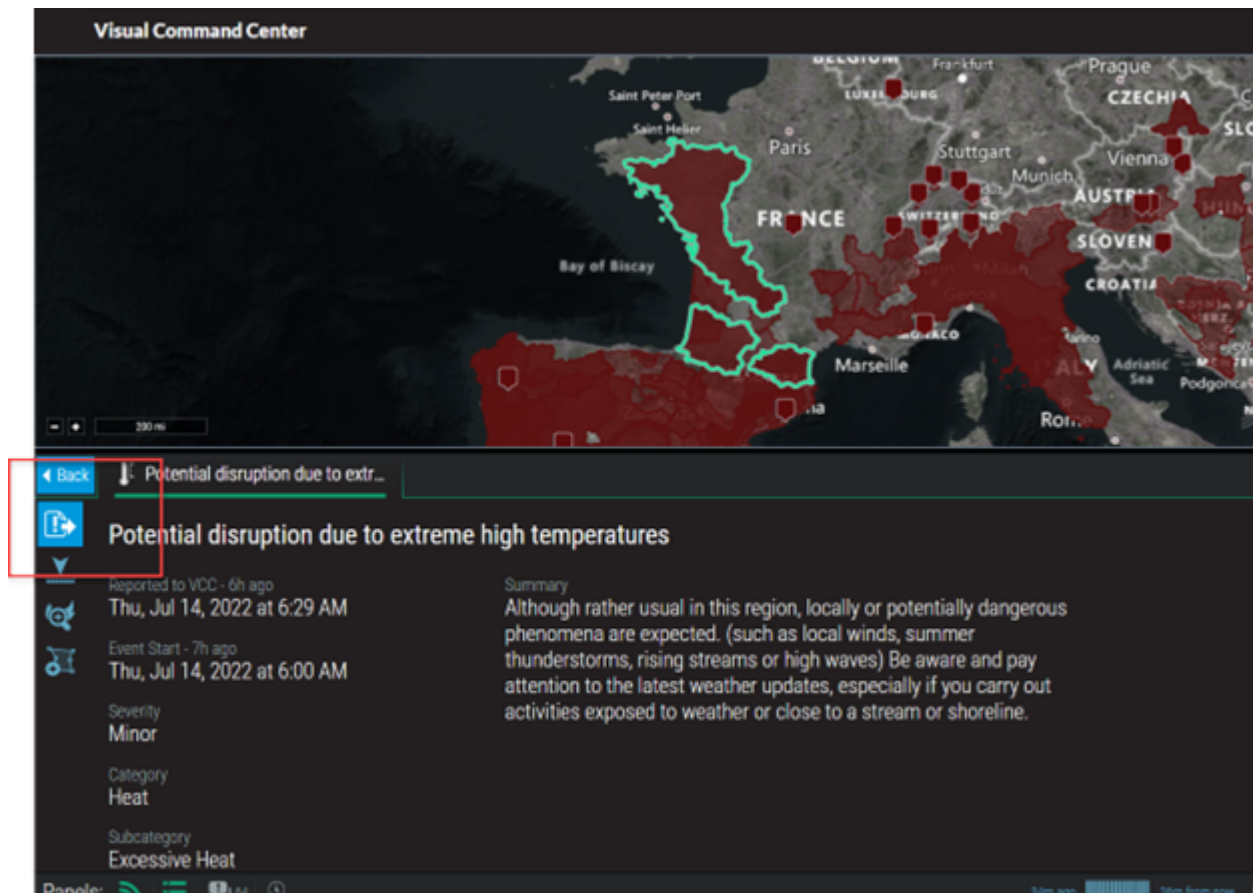
If you are not planning to send an update, you can close the Incident automatically after it has been sent.

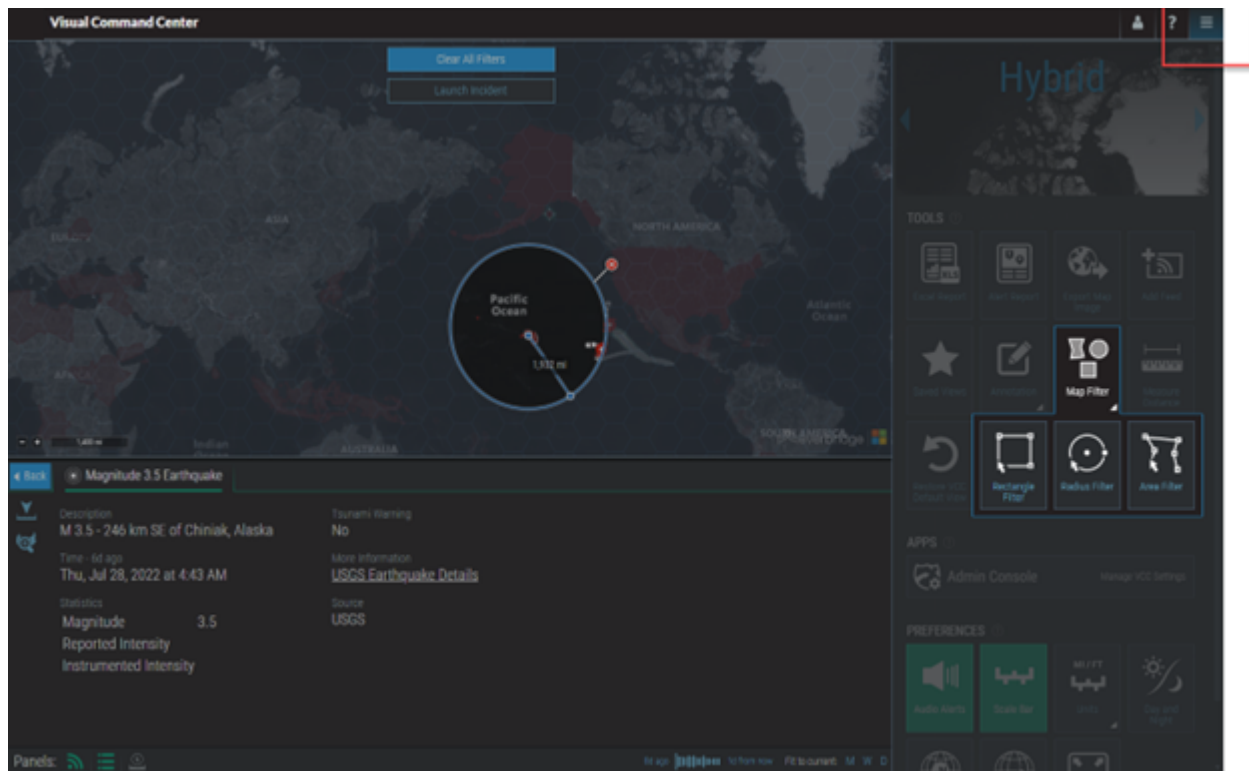
From a Risk Event

In Visual Command Center, enable the **Risk Events Feed** to display Risk Events.

1. Select a Risk Event on the map - the detail will be displayed in the panel under the map.
2. If the Risk Event has an associated polygon, on the left-hand side, select the Incident action otherwise in the menu on the top right of the browser, select **Map Filter**, draw a filter to determine the impacted area, and click **Launch Incident**.
3. Select the Incident Template you want to use - you can filter templates by categories.

4. Validate the message title, content, and options.
5. Specify the location type (select expected location for travelers) and contact types.
6. Preview and review prior to sending the communication.





Automated Communications Using CEM Orchestration

CEM Orchestration allows you to manage alerting and automated communications and efficiently respond to risk events impacting people and assets. It lets you create advanced rules and workflows to meet a wider variety of use cases. For example, managing alerting and automated response rules through CEM Orchestration will allow you to:

- Manage all your risk management rules in one place.
- Fine-tune your rules based on what risk is reported, who is impacted (contacts), and what is impacted (assets).
- Set different alert rules for different asset types or contact types.
- Group all your risk management rules into workflows.
- Manage workflows by risk type rather than by data source.
- Utilize out-of-the-box workflows to get started with alerting and automated response, then customize those workflows as needed.
- Build new workflows and rules via the User Interface.
- Download rules from a testing or staging organization and upload them to your production environment.

CEM Orchestration allows you to set up different alerting criteria for different contact types.

Workflow, Rules, and Filters

Accessible from the Workflow page under **Settings > Everbridge Open > Workflow**, the CEM Orchestration Workflows page contains workflows, rules, and filters.

- A **workflow** is a container for organizing related rules. Each of the out-of-the-box workflows contains the rules for a single risk event category. For example, the Weather workflow contains the rules for weather events.
- A **rule** contains the settings for kicking off a selected action or set of actions. A rule can contain multiple filters.
If the criteria for any filter in the rule are met, the rule's action is taken.
- A **filter** is a set of selected criteria, such as data source, event category, and impact distance. When these criteria are met, CEM Orchestration takes the action in the rule.

Within a rule, you can create very specific filters to handle different situations.

For example, the HAZMAT/Fire workflow could contain an Alerting rule. Within that rule, you could build filters for multiple use cases:

- Alert for all HAZMAT/Fire events—except wildfires—within one mile of any of my assets.
- Alert for wildfires within 15 miles of any of my assets except the asset type Camp.
- Alert for all wildfires within 20 miles of Camp assets.

Create a New Workflow

To create a workflow:

1. Select **New Workflow**. The **Create New Workflow** dialogue box appears.
2. Enter a name for the workflow in the **Name** field.
3. Select at least one of the **Alert** or **Launch Incident** check boxes. You can also select both check boxes.
4. Select **Create**. The Workflow's Rule Configuration menu appears.

Configure Rules and Filters

After you create the workflow, you must configure the Workflows alerting rules and filters. CEM Orchestration adds one rule by default, and you can add more alerting rules if you wish.

To configure a rule, you must add a filter. To do this:

1. Under the **Sources** heading, select the check boxes for the risk events that you want to send an alert or incident for.
2. In the **Add Condition** menu at the bottom of the page, select **Severity** and select the severity options you want to send an alert or incident for.
3. Under the **Contacts and Assets** heading, select the **Contacts or Assets** check box. You can select both, but you must select one.
4. If you selected **Contacts**, select the contacts who will receive alerts in the following sections:
 - **Contact Groups** - Contains the Organization's contact groups.
 - **Contact Types** - Contains the types of contacts in an organization.
 - **Location Options** - Contains the contact's locations.
5. If you selected **Assets**, select the asset types that you want to associate alerts with.
6. Select the **Impact Radius** to send an alert when a contact is within a certain number of kilometers or miles of an event.
7. Select a **time frame**. By default, an asset or contact triggers an action if it is within an event's impact area during the event's duration. You can use this setting to extend the impact duration by adding time before or after the event

start time. This is especially useful if you want to notify travelers ahead of their arrival at their location.

8. Select the **Action** tab.
9. From the **Add Action** menu, select either of the following actions:
 1. **Alert** - Select this option if you want to generate an alert with Visual Command Center to any affected assets.
 - Select the **Always Alert** check box to enable the action even if the event does not affect your contacts or assets.
 2. **Launch Incident** - Select this option if you want to launch an Incident when the alerting rules are met. If you select this option, do the following:
 - Select the desired Incident template from the Select Template menu - you can filter by categories.
 - Select the behavior for the Incident. You can select one or more of the following checkboxes:
 - Send Notifications on Update
 - Send Notifications on Close/Acknowledge
 - Notify All Impacted Contacts
 - Always Launch Incident
10. Repeat Step 9 for each action that you want to add to a Workflow rule

Travel-Related Use Cases

Use Case #1: As a traveler, I need to be notified of risk events up to five days ahead of my upcoming travel.

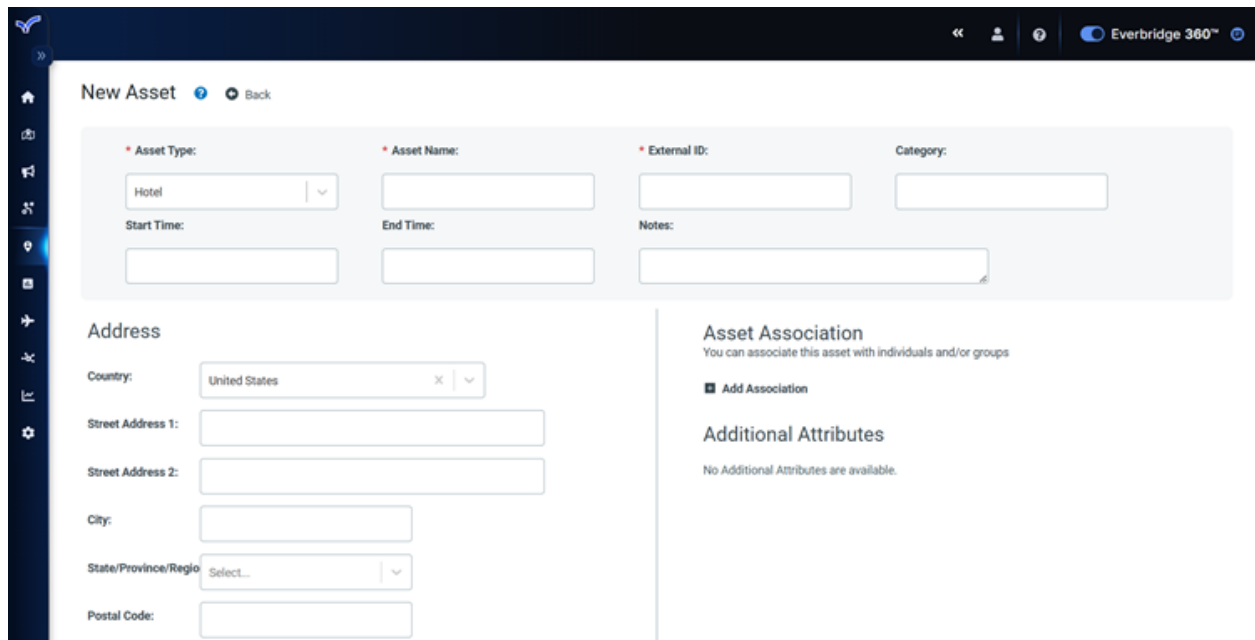
Use Case #2: As a travel manager, I would like to automate communications to travelers to reduce the time to delivery from manual sending communications.

Use Case #3: As a VIP, I would like notified of severe events, but as a traveler, I would like to be notified of severe and moderate.

For more information on how to create a workflow, rules, and filters, refer to the [CEM Orchestration Guide](#).

Asset Management

Assets are the physical or virtual entities that your organization cares about other than contacts. In addition to traditional assets, travel-centric assets like preferred hotels, meeting venues, and events can also be loaded with custom attributes and used within communication workflows, map visibility, and correlated to Risk Events. The concept of time exists within the communication workflows to be notified of risks impacting the assets (X) days before or after.



Travel-Related Use Cases

Use Case #1: As a travel manager, I would like to monitor our preferred hotels because any impact on them could impact travelers with future travel plans.

Use Case #2: As a travel manager, I would like to monitor our corporate housing for any impact on current and future employees staying there.

Use Case #3: As a travel manager, I would like to monitor our meetings and events before, during, and after event time.

See the [Asset Management Guide](#) for more information on creating and managing Assets.

Member Portal

The Member Portal is an extension of the Everbridge Organization. It allows contacts and travelers to access and update their contact information, such as addresses and delivery methods.

Click [here](#) for more on configuring the Member Portal.

Executive Aircraft/Private Planes

Executive aircraft/private planes are managed by creating a contact for the plane within the Manager Portal, and then manually importing travel for that contact. Please see the **Manual Import** section for details on how to accomplish this.

Country Risk Ratings in Visual Command Center

You can use country ratings to visualize comparisons among countries for characteristics such as travel safety, health risk, crime rate, or standards of living. In VCC you can see the travel risk ratings you have set in the manager portal and manage your own set of country risk ratings. You can also add country ratings at the State/Province level. This enables you to separate contextual data and ratings at both country and state/ province levels.

Enabling Country Risk Rating

Travel Country Risk rating is available by default for all Travel Risk Management customers; however, you **must** enable the feed.

1. Open the Administrator Console and navigate to the **Feeds** menu.
2. Locate the **Context** feed. The different Context feeds add layers of information to the map. You can rename the feed at any time, and the new name will appear in the Operator Console right-side navigation pane.
3. Locate and select the **Country Risk** feed.
4. Select **Enabled**. Optionally you can restrict viewing of this feed to specified roles.
5. Select **Save**.

Setting Custom Country Risk Ratings

By default, the RIMC and Travel Risk Country Ratings Context Feed are available. The RIMC feed displays the default Country Risk Rating set in the Everbridge Risk Intelligence Management Center on a scale of 1 to 5. The Travel feed displays the Country Risk Ratings set in the **Travel Risk Management >Travel Risk Intelligence** in the Manager Portal. If a custom risk is set for a country, it will be displayed. Otherwise, the default risk is displayed.

To enable the RIMC and Travel Country Risk contextual feeds:

1. Navigate to the **Admin Console** and select **Country Ratings**.
2. Select **RIMC** and select **Enabled** in the top right corner.
3. Optionally, you can change the name of the feed and download the data.
4. Select **Travel** and select **Enabled** in the top right corner.

To create your own Country Risk Rating feed and add it to the map:

1. Navigate to the Admin Console and select **Country Ratings**.

2. Select **Add New Country Rating**.
3. In Create New Country Rating, type a name for the country rating.
4. Select **Create**.
5. Select either:
 - a. **Download Template** - Select this to download a template .csv file that you can use to upload your country rating into Visual Command Center.
 - b. **Download Data** - Select this, for example, if you already have country rating data uploaded to Visual Command Center and you want to use this in another system.

The following table describes the country rating attributes you can configure.

Attribute	Data Type	Required	Description
Country Code	Text	Y	Must be a valid country code. (A complete list of all country ISO codes is described in the ISO 3166 international standard).
Country Name	Text		Displays in the tooltip when mouse over the country in the operator console.
State	Text		
Color Index	Number		Indicates a color intensity to use, 1 being low, and 5 high. If you leave this blank, the country is not shaded on the map. Shades and color intensity can be configured in the Country Rating Feed.
Rating	Text		Displays in the tooltip when mouse over the country. The ratings you define depend on your context. For example, Low, Moderate, Severe, Extreme or Less than 1 million, 1-2 million, and so on.
Summary	Text		A summary of contextual analysis of this custom country rating.
URL	Text		A link to a summary report that gives more information about this custom country rating.

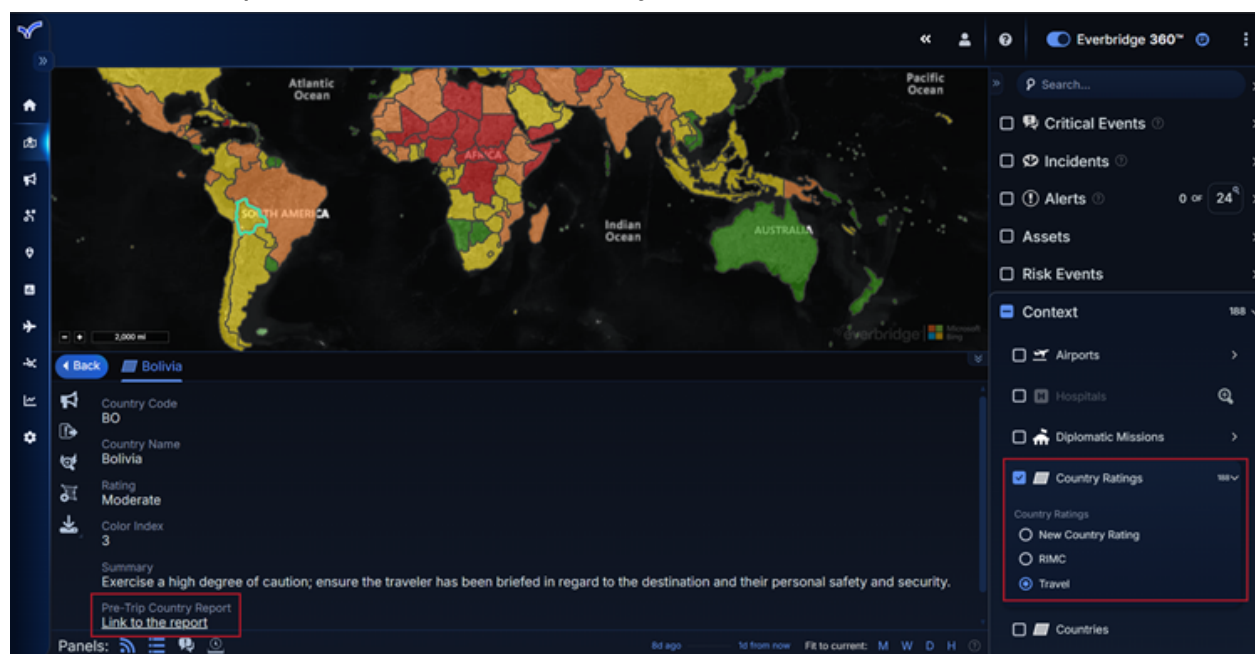
7. Select **Upload New File**.
8. Once the file is uploaded, select **Feeds**.
9. Expand **Context** and select **Country Ratings**.

10. Select **Enabled** to enable the Country Ratings Feed on the map.
11. If applicable, select the users in the roles that can view this feed. Leave blank to make this available to all users.
12. From **Style**, select a feed color palette for each country rating type.

Viewing Country Risk Ratings

In the Operator Console, expand the **Context** feed and expand **Country Ratings**. The list of available Rating feeds is displayed. Select the ratings you want to display on the map. By default, the Travel Risk Ratings are available. It includes all the custom Risk ratings defined in the Pre-Trip country report settings in the manager portal. If no custom risk rating was defined, the default will be displayed.

- Select a Country Rating to display the corresponding countries on the map.
 - You can only select one country risk rating at a time.
- A link to the Country Intelligence Report is available from the Travel feed in the Detail panel of a selected country.



Viewing Travelers in Visual Command Center

A Travel Manager can visualize the itineraries of all travelers on the map using the Visual Command Center.

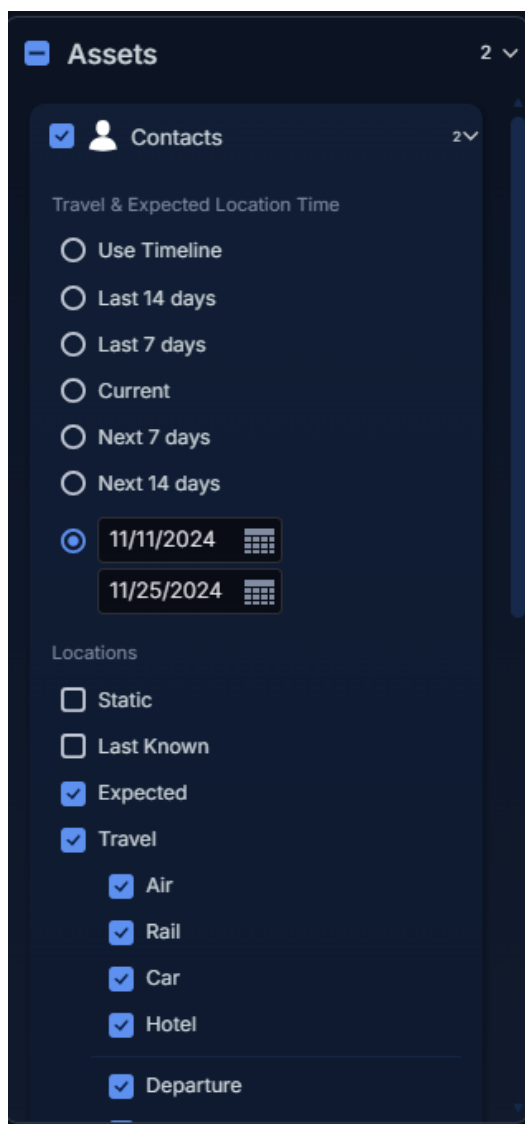
There are three ways to display travel itineraries on the Map in the Operator Console:

- Using the **Contact** feed.
- By searching for Contacts of Travel data.

Contacts Feed Filters

Using the Contact Feed filters, you can display a specific traveler itinerary on the map. In the **Asset > Contact** feed:

1. Select the time frame for which you want to see your Contacts.
2. Select the location type (Static, Last Known, Expected or/and Travel).
3. When Travel is selected, you are presented with additional options. You can narrow down your traveler locations by **segment types** (air, car, train, hotel) or **travel type** (domestic, international, local or non-local).
4. The travelers with travel locations matching the filter criteria will be displayed on the Map.
5. Select the traveler and in the traveler detail page, select the **Travel** tab. The itinerary will be displayed on the Map.



In the Item panel, select the traveler then select the travel tab to display the travel itinerary. You can right-click on the first segment and select Center on Map to automatically zoom in on the first travel location.

Using Quick Search

Travelers can also be displayed by searching for them or any of their travel information. The **Search** box in the **Feed Control** lets you search for items in all your data—not just items in the current Map view. A feed does not need to be turned on for you to search for its items.

You can search for travelers by name, flight or train number, hotel, car rental company, location name, airport code, or Itinerary number. The search can also be

narrowed by selecting **Travel** in the dropdown and by selecting a time range under the search field.

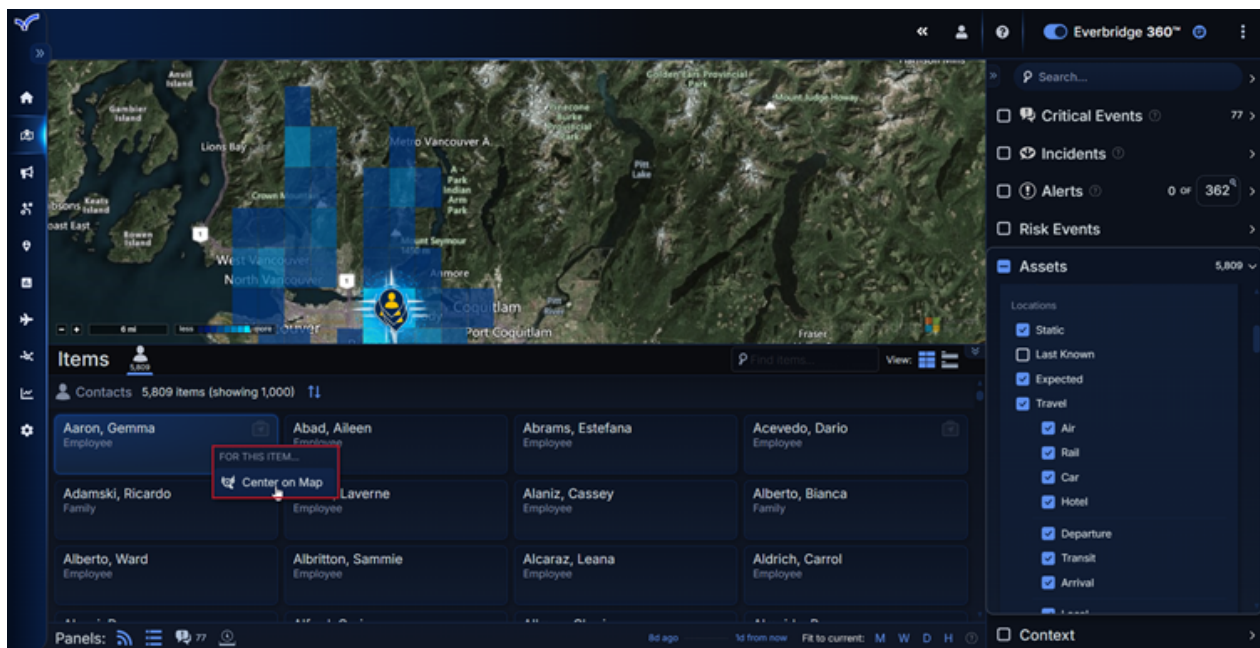
When searching for contacts, enter any of the combinations below. The more complete your entry, the more relevant your results.

- **First or Last Name**
 - Example: John returns John Smith, John Adams, Adam Johnson
- **First and Last Names**
 - Example: Jan Smith returns Jan Smith, Jane Smith, Jan Smithers
- **First, Middle(s), and Last names**
 - Example: Jo Anne Douglas Smith returns Jo Smith, Joseph Smith, Joan Marie Smith (Middle names are ignored.).
- **Last, First names**
 - Example: Smith, Jon returns Jon Smith, Jonathan Smithers

In the search results, under the contact section select the contact you were looking for. Contact details will appear in the item panel.

View Traveler Locations

In the Item panel, select the **Travel/Expected** tab to display the contact locations. You can right-click on a segment and click **Center on Map** to automatically zoom in on the selected location. Note that you will have to zoom out to see the full itinerary on the Map



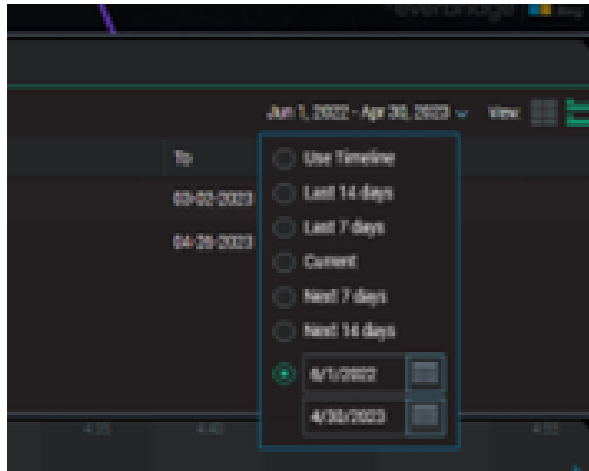
For a specific contact, by default all locations are displayed – however, you view the past six months, the current month, or all upcoming ones.

Locations can be viewed as a list or as a **Card View**. Selecting an arc line on the Map will highlight the segment in the item pane. You can fit it in the timeline or center on the map by using the option when right-clicking on the segment.

NOTE: If a traveler has multiple itineraries and different PNRs (Passenger Name Records), they will be shown together.

View Traveler Itineraries

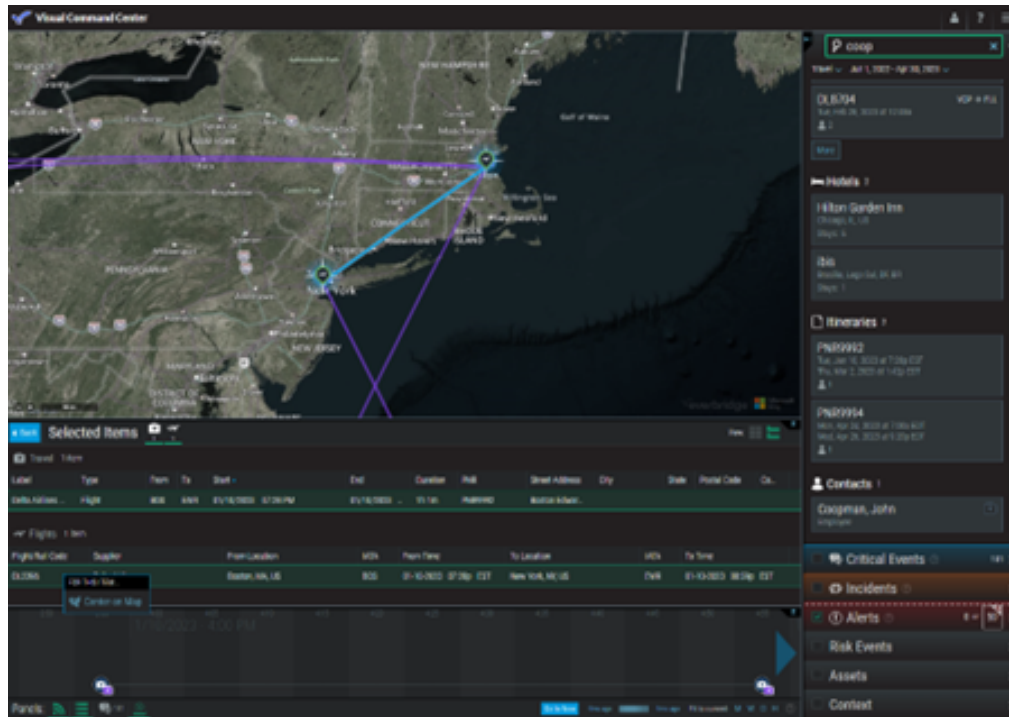
In the Item panel, select the Itineraries tab to display all contact travel Itineraries. You can narrow the view by selecting a specific time range.



Selecting an Itinerary will display the list of all segments associated with the itinerary along with arcs on the map.

You can further see the list of all travelers associated with this itinerary and also select a segment to display its details. Selecting a segment will include the full list of passengers traveling on the same segment across all Itineraries.

For example: if you select a hotel segment, it will display the list of all travelers staying at least one night at this hotel during the same time range.



Search, Export, and Notify Travelers by Itineraries

Overview

Travel Managers and Security Officers can now access the details of traveler itineraries within the Visual Command Center with Travel Protector™. They can search for passengers on a specific plane or train, travelers who stayed at a specific hotel, or those who rented a car at a specific location during a defined time range, and then communicate with these travelers to keep them safe.

Search can be done by flight or train number, hotel name or location, car rental agency or location, PNR number, or traveler name. The operator can then view the Itinerary details, export traveler lists, and send ad-hoc Notifications to some or all travelers on those lists.

Search Query

In the **Quick Search** field, enter your search query, and select **Enter** to display the search results.

Once results are displayed you can narrow your search by selecting the type of information you are looking for in the drop-down menu.

- **All** - Includes all results.
- **Alerts** - Includes Active and Acknowledged alerts.
- **Assets** - Includes all types of assets except Contacts.
- **Context** - Includes Airports, Diplomatic Mission, Emergency Response, Hospitals, Hurricane Evacuation Routes, Storm Surge areas.
- **Incidents** - Includes all Incidents.
- **People** - Includes Contacts.
- **Places** - Includes Bing Location, Counties, Countries, States, Zip Codes
- **Risk Events** - Includes all types of Risk events.
- **Travel** - Includes all travel segment types (Flights, Train, Hotel, Car), itineraries, and travelers.

For information types that support time ranges (All, Alerts, Risk Events, Travel), a drop-down will appear to narrow your search by the time range (Past, Current, Future).

Enter a series of characters in the search field and Visual Command Center will return:

Flights

Will be returned if the characters entered matches:

- Flight number (exact match)
- Traveler name (fuzzy match)
- PNR number (Exact match)
- Airport code
- Location name (airport name, city, country)

Train

Will be returned if the characters entered matches:

- Train number (exact match)
- Traveler name (fuzzy match)
- PNR number (Exact match)
- Airport code
- Location name (airport name, city, country)

Car

Will be returned if the characters entered matches:

- Supplier name (car rental agency name)
- Traveler name
- PNR number (exact match)
- Location name

Hotel

Will be returned if the characters entered matches:

- Supplier name (hotel name)
- Traveler name
- PNR number (exact match)
- Location name

Itinerary

Will be returned if the characters entered matches:

- PNR Number (exact match)
- Traveler name
- City of departure or arrival (location name)
- Flight number
- Hotel name

- Car rental company

For each record type, five results are displayed by default. Selecting More will display five more results, and up to 100 records can be returned for each type. Record types are sorted by ascending departure times.

Viewing Travel Details

Selecting a record will display its details, such as Start and end date/time, list of travelers, from/to locations, and other details specific to the segment type. The **list of Passengers** is the list of Contacts in Everbridge Suite that were matched or created during the Itinerary import.

If a Contact is deleted from Everbridge Suite, they will no longer appear in the List of Passengers.

Flights and Trains

For Flight and Train, departure and arrival times are provided by the Booking agency and loaded via the Travel Data Feed, Rest API, or Itinerary Importer. Travel time and distance are calculated from departure and arrival locations and times.

Hotels and Car Rentals

For Hotels, the check-in and check-out times are provided by the Booking agency and loaded via the Travel Data Feed, Rest API, or Itinerary Importer to Everbridge Suite.

The number of stays reflects the number of segments booked at the hotel during the specified time range. A segment is counted as a stay when either the Check-in or Check-out times fall during the searched time range.

Example: The searched time range is January 1st to January 15th, so any travelers who stay at any point of time during this time range are counted as a "Stay." Check-in on January 5th – check-out on January 20th, check-in on December 26th – check-out on January 5th, or check-in on January 2nd – check-out on January 6th.

If during the searched time period a traveler booked multiple itineraries that include the same hotel, each segment will be counted as a "Stay" and the traveler will appear more than once on the list. (Once per stay).

This logic applies to car rental agencies as well.

Itineraries

When selecting an Itinerary, the arcs for all segments included in the Itinerary are displayed on the map.

Each segment's details provided by the Booking agency and loaded via the Travel Data Feed, Rest API, or Itinerary Importer to Everbridge Suite are listed and include:

- **Segment type:** Air, Train, Hotel, or Car
- **Flight/Rail Code:** Concatenation of the Airline/Railway code and flight number
- **Supplier:** Airline, Train line, Hotel name, or Car Rental agency
- **From Location:** City, State code, and Country code of departure
- **IATA:** Departure location IATA code (if provided)
- **From Time:** Date and time of departure (in local time)
- **To Location:** City, State code, and Country code of arrival
- **IATA:** Arrival location IATA code (if provided)
- **From Time:** Date and time of arrival (in local time)

In addition, when selecting the **Traveler** tab, all travelers in the PNR are listed with their information. Selecting the traveler will display its details.

Exporting Manifests

You can optionally export the Travelers List to a CSV format for further processing. Select a Flight, Train, Hotel, Car, or Itinerary, and select the **Export** icon on the top right corner of the Travelers List.

When exporting, travelers' details are listed (Name, External ID, Record Type, Email, and Phone Number) along with the related PNR number and details relevant to the segment types, such as departure/arrival dates and times, locations, number of nights and rate (hotel only).

Contacting Travelers

You can optionally Contact travelers by manually sending an Incident Notification. Select a Flight, Train, Hotel, Car, or Itinerary and select all or some travelers in the list and select the **Launch Incident** action on the top right corner of the list of travelers. You do not need a Risk Event or Alert to occur to launch the Incident Notification.

Select an Incident template, review and update the message title, content, and

variables, then select **Launch Incident**. An Incident Notification is sent to the specified travelers using the selected template.

If no travelers are selected from the list, then the Notification is sent to all travelers.

Saved Views in Visual Command Center

Once you have focused Visual Command Center on specific assets, Risk Events, and contextual feeds, you can save this as a **View**. For example, you could pre-configure Risk Event and contextual fields in different regions so that operators can quickly and easily see a view relevant to their location. This makes it extremely easy for you to transition between different assets or locations and always maintain a relevant view on-screen.

You can share saved Views, depending on access settings. You can annotate the area of the map you want to see and save this as a View. The next time you log in to Visual Command Center, you can open your saved View and see the assets, risk events, and contextual feeds you are interested in.

1. Click the three lines.
2. Select the **Star** icon. The **Saved Views** dialog appears.
3. Click **New Saved View**.
4. In **Name**, type a name for this view.
5. Choose to make this view available to others.
6. Select **Save Changes**.

NOTE: From the Saved Views dialog, you can also search, rename, share, and delete a saved View.

Everbridge Mobile

The Everbridge 360 Mobile™ App consolidates all of your Organization's Communications at your fingertips, offering resilience to users on the go without booting up a computer. It can be downloaded from either the Google Play Store or Apple App Store.

The Everbridge 360 Mobile™ App is designed to deliver pertinent information to the traveler about risk events, their travel itinerary, and pre-trip travel advisories.

On the Mobile app home page, the **My Apps** tray provides access to critical features tailored to the traveler. Safety actions such as Check-in, SOS or Safe corridor can be configured in the Manager Portal.

Geofencing

Create geofences and automatically get detailed location information when contacts are within these geofences. The privacy of the contacts is preserved as their location data is not exposed outside the predefined geofence. A push Notification is always sent to contacts when they enter such geofences.

Configuring Mobile App Buttons for Travelers

Safety buttons for the Everbridge Mobile App are configured in the Manager Portal at the Organization level from **Settings > Everbridge Mobile App > Application Options > Safety**.

NOTE: The maximum number of Safety buttons is 60 where the default value is 25 (including system buttons and custom buttons). The minimum number of Custom buttons is four.

Four default Safety buttons are available by default for all travelers in Everbridge Mobile App:

- **Check In** - Travelers can voluntarily check in and report their location when, for instance, they feel they are in a potentially dangerous situation.
- **Safe Corridor** - Travelers are asked to enter a preset code at regular time intervals. A missed report triggers an alert.
- **SOS** - Travelers can triggers an SOS Alert. The recording of video and audio from the mobile device can be automatically started when this button is tapped.
- **Emergency Call** - Travelers can call a preset phone number directly from the mobile app.

For any button that has been enabled, the contacts that can view or use the button in the Everbridge Mobile App can be set in the "Who can see this button?" section. There are three mutually exclusive possibilities:

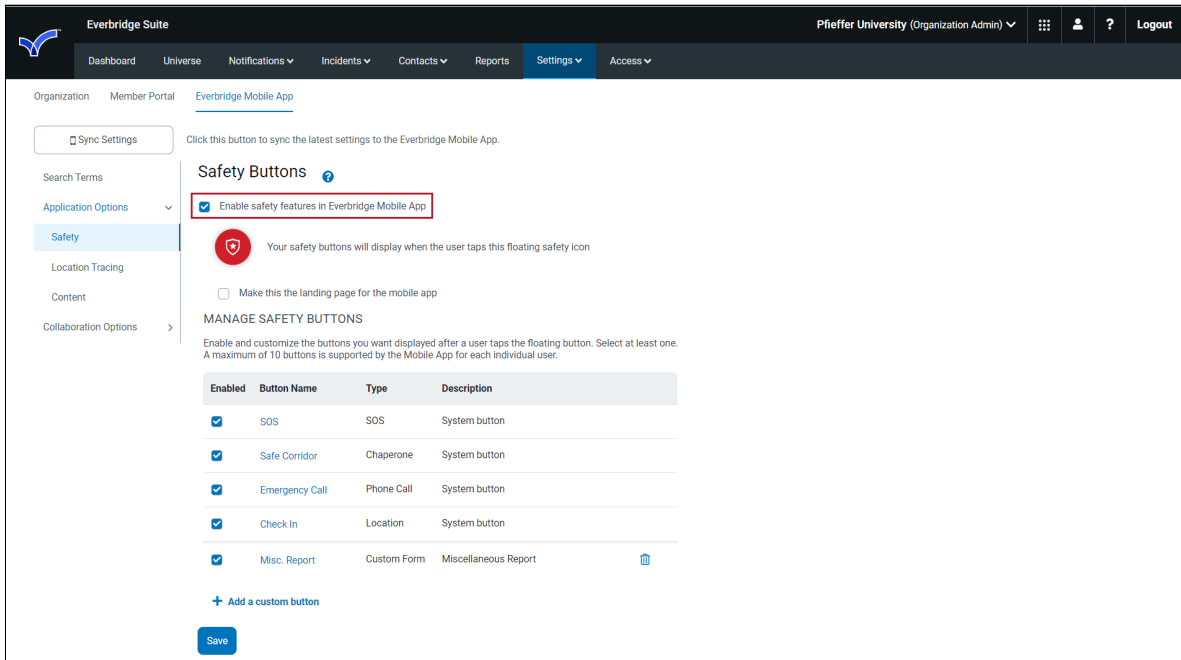
- **All Contacts** - Any contact who has access to the Everbridge Mobile App will be able to use the button.
- **Selected Groups** - One or more groups of contacts can be selected. At least one group must be selected. Only contacts who belong to the selected group(s) will be able to use the button.
- **Selected Rules** - One or more rules can be selected. At least one rule must be selected. Only contacts who match the rule(s) definitions will be able to use the button.

Enable Safety Features for the Organization

First, ensure that the Safety features are enabled for the Organization:

1. Navigate to **Settings > Everbridge Mobile App > Application Options > Safety** and make sure the checkbox: **Enable safety feature in Everbridge Mobile App**.
2. In the Everbridge Mobile App, the Safety buttons page is available when tapping the floating **Safety** icon. Optionally, select the checkbox: **Make this the landing page for the mobile app**. If this checkbox is selected:
 - a. The Mobile App will use the **Safety Buttons** page as the default page when the application starts.
 - b. After a period of inactivity of 15 minutes in the background, the Mobile App will automatically display that page when the app is in the foreground.
3. Enable any of the four default Safety buttons: **SOS**, **Safe Corridor**, **Emergency Call**, and **Check-In** by selecting the corresponding checkbox in the **Enabled** column.
4. Access the detailed configuration page of the button by clicking the button name. For example, see the [SOS Button Detail](#) page.
5. For any button that has been enabled, the contacts that can view or use the button the Everbridge Mobile App can be set in the **Who can see this button?** section. There are three mutually exclusive possibilities:
 - a. **All Contacts** - Any contact who has access to the Everbridge Mobile App will be able to use the button.
 - b. **Selected Groups** - One or more groups of contacts can be selected. At least one group must be selected. Only contacts who belong in the selected group(s) will be able to use the button.
 - c. **Selected Rules** - One or more rules can be selected. At least one rule must be selected. Only contacts who match the rule(s) definitions will be able to use the button.
 - d. Adjust the properties on each button. See the [Button Properties](#) available for each button in the table below.

6. Click **Save** when done.



Everbridge Suite

Pfiefer University (Organization Admin) Logout

Dashboard Universe Notifications Incidents Contacts Reports Settings Access

Organization Member Portal Everbridge Mobile App

Sync Settings Click this button to sync the latest settings to the Everbridge Mobile App.

Safety Buttons

☒ Enable safety features in Everbridge Mobile App

Your safety buttons will display when the user taps this floating safety icon

☐ Make this the landing page for the mobile app

MANAGE SAFETY BUTTONS

Enable and customize the buttons you want displayed after a user taps the floating button. Select at least one. A maximum of 10 buttons is supported by the Mobile App for each individual user.

Enabled	Button Name	Type	Description
☒	SOS	SOS	System button
☒	Safe Corridor	Chaperone	System button
☒	Emergency Call	Phone Call	System button
☒	Check In	Location	System button
☒	Misc. Report	Custom Form	Miscellaneous Report

+ Add a custom button

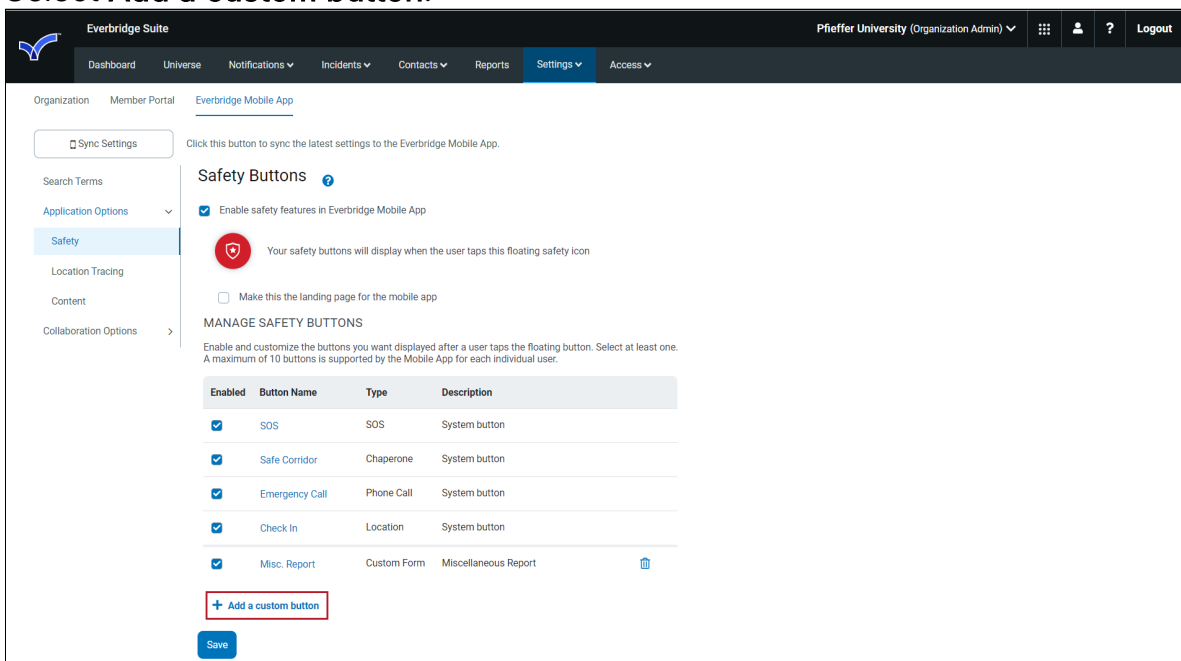
Save

In addition to these four default Safety buttons, custom Safety buttons can be created by selecting **Add a custom button**.

Configure the Traveler Safety Buttons

A button can be configured for the traveler to access country entry requirements. To do this:

1. Select **Add a custom button**.



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☒	SOS	SOS	System button
☒	Safe Corridor	Chaperone	System button
☒	Emergency Call	Phone Call	System button
☒	Check In	Location	System button
☒	Misc. Report	Custom Form	Miscellaneous Report

+ Add a custom button

Save

2. From the Type drop-down list, select **Hyperlink**.
3. Enter a Name. (This will be the display name for the button on the Everbridge Mobile App.)
4. Enter a Description.
5. Click **Replace Image**.
6. To change the image, click **Upload** on the bottom left, select the desired file, and click **Open**.
7. Adjust the size of the button with the - and + icons.
8. Click **Save**.
9. Select **WHO CAN SEE THIS BUTTON?** for the Organization. Buttons may be configured to be visible to all contacts, or their visibility may be limited based on user groups or rules.
10. Under **WHAT HAPPENS WHEN THIS BUTTON IS TAPPED?** type a message to your travelers and add the link to the Sherpa website ([https://
apply.joinsherpa.com/travel-restrictions](https://apply.joinsherpa.com/travel-restrictions))

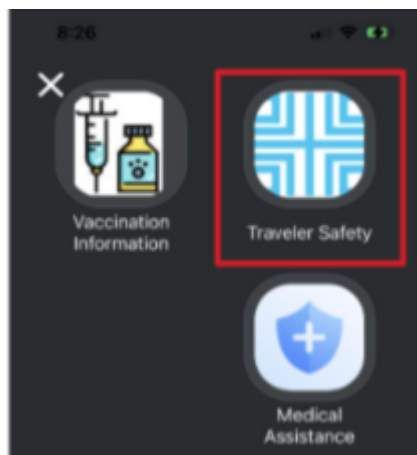
WHAT HAPPENS WHEN THIS BUTTON IS TAPPED? (SELECT AT LEAST ONE)

Time and users are always displayed in Universe Safety widget every time the button is tapped.

☒ Access a Web Page using a URL ⓘ

<https://apply.joinsherpa.com/travel-restrictions?affiliateId=anvil&language=en-US>

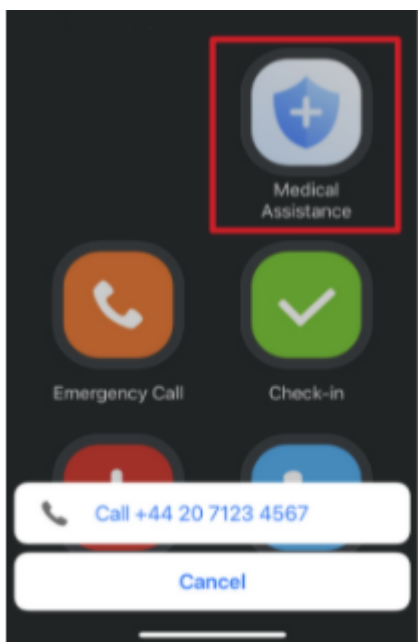
11. Click **Save** to save the button.



Configure Safety Buttons for Travel, Security, And/or Medical Assistance (Everbridge Assist)

1. Click **Add a custom button**.
2. Select **Phone Call**.
3. Enter a Name.
4. Enter a Description.

5. Click **Replace Image**.
6. To change the image, click **Upload** on the bottom left, select the desired file, and click **Open**.
7. Adjust the size of the button with the - and + icons.
8. Click **Save**.
9. Select **WHO CAN SEE THIS BUTTON?** for the Organization. Buttons may be configured to be visible to all contacts, or their visibility may be limited based on user groups or rules.
10. Under **WHAT HAPPENS WHEN THIS BUTTON IS TAPPED? (SELECT AT LEAST ONE)**:
 - a. To create a Last Known Location on the map, check **Report user's location**.
 - b. Send the user's callback number will display the number on the Universe map only.
 - c. **Dial a phone number** should always be checked.
 - d. Change the **Default global safety number** to the phone number you have been provided.
11. Phone numbers can be configured per country in the **Select a Country** drop-down.
12. Click **Save**.



Configure Safety Button for Country Report

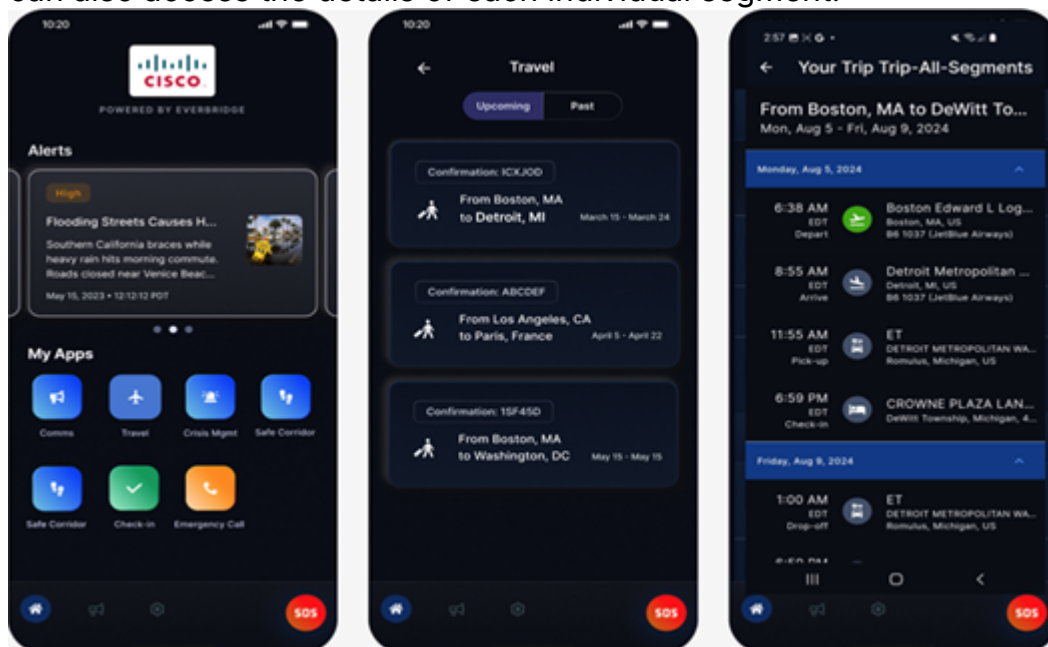
1. Click **Add a custom button**.
2. Select **Content**.
3. Enter a Name.
4. Enter a Description.

5. Click **Replace Image**.
6. To change the image, click **Upload** on the bottom left, select the desired file, and click **Open**.
7. Adjust the size of the button with the - and + icons.
8. Click **Save**.
9. Select **WHO CAN SEE THIS BUTTON?** for the Organization. Buttons may be configured to be visible to all contacts, or their visibility may be limited based on user groups or rules.
10. Under **WHAT HAPPENS WHEN THIS BUTTON IS TAPPED? (SELECT AT LEAST ONE)**:
 - a. Enter the content that will be displayed in the mobile app above the country search field.
 - b. Select **Show Country Report** checkbox.
11. Click **Save**.

Viewing Itineraries from the Everbridge 360 App

A system button is automatically displayed in the mobile app for all travelers who have past, current or future itineraries in the system.

When selecting this button, the traveler can see the list of past and upcoming itineraries. Selecting an itinerary allows them to see the list of all segments. They can also access the details of each individual segment.



Viewing Active Risk Events from the Everbridge 360 App

A system button is automatically displayed in the mobile app for all travelers to display Risk Events in their area.

Selecting the button open a map centered at their location.

Active Risk Events, if any, are displayed on the map. The user can zoom out, zoom in or pan the map to display a different location.

If there are more than 10 active Risk Events, a pin with the count of Risk Events is displayed in the center of the map. The user can zoom in, once the count is less than 10, individual pins appear on the map for each Risk Event.

Tapping on one of the pin open the detail of the event.

You can switch from the map view to a list view at any time. The list of all active Risk Events in the map window are displayed. Tapping on a Risk Event opens its detail a shows a detail map of the location.

Collaboration Options

Custom Directory

As an administrator, you can decide if your contacts can view all other contacts in their directory, or you can create custom directories to limit your contacts by group. Start by choosing which groups should have or be in a directory, then decide if they see other members of the same group in their directory and/or members of other groups in their directory. A contact can start a chat with anyone in their directory and can choose up to 100 contacts for a single group chat.

Chat Capabilities

Select the attachments you want in your chat capabilities: Allow file sharing in chat, or allow access to the device camera roll. From the Video Chat field, select the **Enable Video Chat** checkbox if applicable.

Secure Messaging

Secure Messaging is visible only if it is enabled for your organization. It provides compliance with industry regulations such as HIPAA (Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act). This means hospitals and other healthcare clients can use the Everbridge Mobile application for their Secure Messaging needs, for example.

Settings

The Secure Messaging settings apply only to the messages in the Everbridge Mobile Application.

Message Expiration feature removes all messages sent to and from the Everbridge Mobile Application after the message has been stored on all Everbridge Mobile Applications for the specified period. (Select the checkbox and enter a value of 1-180 days.)

Branding

If enabled for your Organization, you can choose a custom banner. The image must be 840 x 420 with a ratio of width to height 2:1. If you want to change your custom brand, click **Choose File**, and select the new image. Click **Save** when you are done.

Remote Wipe

The **Remote Wipe and Logout** feature removes all messages sent to and from the Everbridge Mobile App for the individuals you select from Remote Wipe. You select from individuals that have their credentials logged into at least one instance of the Everbridge Mobile App.

User Guide: [Everbridge Mobile App Guide](#)

ManageBridge

Monitor and initiate communications on the go. **Everbridge ManageBridge** brings the same set of rich communications features available to administrators who frequently use mobile devices.

With ManageBridge, users can monitor and initiate communications from smartphones and tablets while on the go. ManageBridge is a free native mobile application available to Everbridge clients that gives them more control over their communications than ever before.

- Access the Everbridge platform from Apple® iOS + and Android™ devices.
- Launch secure notifications on-the-fly or from a template.
- Monitor real-time notifications through an interactive graphical reporting interface.
- Record a voice message and immediately send it to recipients or save it as a template.
- Attach an image from your smartphone or tablet to include with your Notification.

