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Section 4 - Intelligence

Real-time Incidents

What You Need To Know

Real-time incidents can be viewed either on the Situation Map, or in the Incident Explorer.

- Incident/Advisory Map the Incident/Advisory Map enables you to view active incidents on the map. Incidents are displayed as icons on the map, and when clicked on, enable you to drill down to additional incident details. Instructions on how to use the Incident/Advisory Map are similar to using the Situation Map. Detailed instructions are provided in Section 6 Maps, found on page Error! Bookmark not defined.
- **Incident Explorer** the Incident Explorer, as shown in Figure 1, enables you to see the active incidents in list fashion. It displays incident information, which can be sorted in several ways and cross-sorted by regions and/or countries. Sort parameters include:
 - o by Incident Date
 - by Location
 - by Log Date
 - Advisory by Date
 - All by Log Date
 - Closed by Date
 - o by Severity →

Incident Explorer

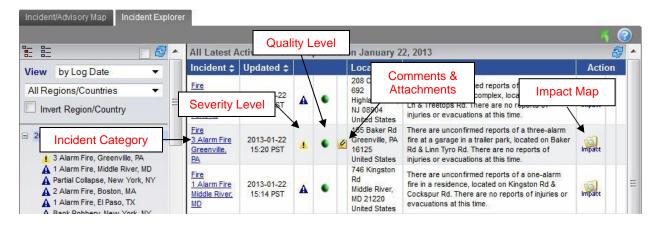


Figure 1 - Real-time Incident Explorer

Incident Category

NIMC analysts monitor all-hazards incidents worldwide, 24x7. The Incident Category is assigned by the analyst based on the information available at the time. The NIMC reports on the following types of all-hazards incidents:



- Advisory involves either an ongoing incident of concern that may warrant consistent
 monitoring, but does not change on a real-time basis (such as a security concern in a restive
 area or a longstanding weather-related incident), or involves a future planned event that may or
 may not result in tactical disruptions once put into place; many advisories either were real-time
 incidents that persisted for a long period of time, or will be activated as real-time events if their
 effects result in specific, constantly changing impacts such as a planned protest or a planned
 strike
- Aviation incidents in which the primary impact involves an aircraft or an airport or involves a
 disruption to the normal flow of air traffic in a certain geographic area
- Fire incidents where the primary impact is from a fire and/or a non-security related explosion
- Geophysical incidents resulting from earth physics, including seismology, volcanology, avalanches, landslides, and mudslides
- Hazmat incidents where the primary impact is from the presence or threat of exposure to hazardous materials
- Health incidents in which the primary impact or potential impact is illness in humans deriving
 from pathogenic viruses, bacteria and/or diseases that are non-endemic or non-seasonal in
 nature to the areas that are impacted
- **Infrastructure** incidents in which the primary impact involves non-transportation related infrastructure, such as electrical/power outages, telecommunications availability, etc.
- Labor incidents that are related to labor strikes, protests, and associated unrest
- Meteorological incidents specific to an active weather system, including hurricanes, floods, winter storms, and tornadoes. Except for hurricanes or other tropical storms and cyclones, reporting focuses on the effects of weather rather than the weather itself. The ActivWeather module available with NC4 Risk Center includes detailed weather reporting in the United States as a complement to NIMC Real-time meteorological reporting.
- Other incidents that do not fit into the other named categories, such as technical rescues that may result in localized disruptions
- **Security** incidents in which the primary impact is safety and security (non-terrorism related), most often related to criminal activity and the associated law enforcement response
- **Structural** incidents in which the primary result is an unstable, damaged, or collapsed structure
- **Terrorism** used to describe current and potential non-military violent actions where the primary impact is to instill terror on civilian populations or to influence political decisions
- Transportation incidents occurring on roadways, railways, subways, and/or waterways
 which result in the abnormal disruption to the flow of mass traffic and/or transportation of
 travelers and/or commodities



Global Flashpoints, Analytical Briefs, and other NC4 Risk Center intelligence types employ a set of categories different than the one described above.

Incident Severity Level

The NIMC assigns different severity levels to incidents as a method of quickly differentiating them by urgency and possible impact. The incident Severity Level is classified using the Common Alerting Protocol



(CAP) standard color-coded schema. The five severity levels are assigned by NC4 analysts, based on close examination of the following aspects of an incident:

- Current threat to life and or property at the incident site
- Suddenness or urgency of the incident
- Size of the area impacted by the incident
- Potential for escalation of the incident
- Past intensity of the incident
- · Potential impact of an incident to the normal processes of an area
- Context of an incident (including sensitivity of location)

The Incident Category icons not only visually identify the type of incident, but the background color used for the icon also indicates the incident severity level based on the color-coding schema, as defined in the following table:

Icon	Level/Color	Severity Level Description	
①	Extreme Red	Extraordinary, ongoing threat to life or property on an international, regional or near-global scale. Only the most intense and impactful real-time incidents and regional developments reach this severity level (less than 1 percent of all NC4 incidents reported) Pertinent examples include:	
		Newly developing states of war	
		Major acts of terrorism	
		 Category 4 and 5 hurricanes causing widespread damage or casualties in inhabited land areas 	
		Region-wide civil unrest	
		 Major earthquakes/tsunamis causing extensive damage 	
		Commercial airliner aviation crashes	
		Generally, "Extreme" incidents will dominate national and international news coverage.	
1	Severe Orange	Significant, ongoing or developing threat to life and/or property. This level of severity is reserved for incidents that will have a significant impact on a relatively wide area, of the large city-to-national/regional impact-level. Examples include: • Most Category 1, 2, and 3 hurricanes	
		Major wildfires that destroy property or cause widespread evacuations near large metro areas	
		Armed uprisings in small/mid-sized countries	
		Mass-shootings at sensitive locations	
		Major rail or mass-transit accidents resulting in multiple casualties	
		Generally, "Severe" incidents require an immediate level of caution and response over a large, dispersed population or area.	



Icon	Level/Color	Severity Level Description
1	Moderate Yellow	Moderate events will typically result in a low overall number of casualties, but ongoing Moderate incidents typically represent possible or developing threat to life or property at a scope commensurate with a geographic area the size of a small state, county or city. Moderate severity incidents include: • Large structure fires • Major motor vehicle accidents with associated roadway closures on critical thoroughfares • Most power outages • Most labor actions (strikes, work stoppages, etc.) Moderate incidents typically impact county or city public safety, by requiring unusually large amounts of first responder resources.
1	Minor Blue	Minor events typically reflect more routine incidents that represent minimal threat to life or property, but are reported due to their close proximity to NC4 customer assets and their possibility to adversely impact localized organizational operations. Examples include: • Traffic accidents on surface streets • Hazardous materials situations without known adverse effects • Small house or structure fires • Bank robberies • Small-diameter water main breaks Minor incidents are expected to have a minimal impact or are relatively commonplace, but require potentially disruptive, but localized, official response.
A	Unknown Gray	Unknown incidents where there is not enough information at the time of the report to determine a severity level. Or, the development of the situation is conceptual in nature. Examples include: • A diplomatic meeting between heads of state that may in the future result in political tensions between countries • An NC4-generated report about an upcoming event that is for informational purposes NC4 real-time alert content will never be listed with an "Unknown" severity level, however, some Global Flashpoints and Analysis items will utilize this categorization.



Similar incidents in different countries will sometimes receive different severity levels due to local conditions.

Severity Levels within Incident Categories

NIMC analysts first assign the severity level to each incident based on the information available at the time of incident creation. As an incident develops, or more information about it is identified, the initial severity level assigned may be adjusted up or down, depending on circumstances. When assigning or updating the severity level of an incident, the analysts consider category-specific elements as shown in the table following.





Additional contextual elements beyond this rubric may be considered for each individual incident and may result in category-severity combinations that do not always match the following table.

Soverity Level	Catagory - Advisory	
Severity Level	Category – Advisory consists of these alert types:	
! Minor	 Scope of the event: either city or street-level Nuisance, but not critical planned events 	
Moderate	 Larger-scale events or protests Large city-county-small state or country scope of impact 	
Severe	 Nationwide Highly disruptive High probability or demonstrated level of destabilizing impacts 	
Extreme	 Regional or global impact level Excessively violent or destabilizing in nature 	

Severity Level	Category – Aviation	
	consists of these alert types:	 Airport Closure Airspace Restriction Emergency Landing Helicopter Crash Plane Crash
Minor	 Minor technical issues requiring investigation Secondary impacts limited Small aircraft crashes w/limited injuries 	
Moderate	 Security incidents at airports or on airliners Military aircraft involvement Noticeable disruptions to normal airport operations Small aircraft crashes involving infrastructure or high number of casualties 	



Severity Level	Category – Aviation	
Severe	 High-profile airliner events High number of casualties Major destabilizing effects on airport/airspace operations 	
Extreme	 Crashes of commercial airliners Forced cessation of all aviation activity in large-impact area 	

Severity Level	Category – Fire	
	consists of these alert types: 1 Alarm Fire 2 Alarm Fire 3 Alarm Fire 4 Alarm Fire 5 Alarm Fire 6 Halarm Fire Brush Fire Electrical Fire	 Explosion High-Rise Fire Industrial Fire Maritime Fire Structure Fire Train Fire Vehicle Fire Wildfire
Minor	 Localized incidents Small-scale of impact Routine emergency response 	
Moderate	 Larger scale of incidence Secondary impacts such as roadway closures Multiple minor casualties 	
Severe	 Multiple large structures involved Evacuation zones established Industrial fires with significant hazmat involvement 	
Extreme	 Wildfires impacting multiple large cities Hundreds of structures impacted Thousands evacuated 	



Severity Level	Category – Geophysical		
	consists of these alert types:	Landslide	
	Avalanche	 Sinkhole 	
	Atmospheric / Space	 Tsunami 	
	Earthquake	 Volcano 	
₩	Noticeable, but minimally disruptive	ve impact on a local level	
	Minimal damage		
Minor	Minimal secondary impacts		
Dispersed impact beyond the		al level	
	Superficial structure damage		
Moderate	Temporary, precautionary disruptions in and around impact area		
National or regional impact level			
	Serious, widespread damage to structures		
0	Disruptions to urban infrastructure		
Severe	Severe • Significant casualties or the possibility of large-scale casualties		
Regional or global impact			
	Large-scale structural & infrastructure damage		
	 Numerous casualties 		
Extreme	Possible large tsunami involveme	nt	

Severity Level	Category – Hazmat	
	consists of these alert types: Biohazard Chemical Spill Explosive Materials Fuel Spill Fumes	 Hazmat Response Natural Gas Leak Oil Spill Radioactive Material Unknown Substance
Minor	 Street or neighborhood-level impact Small leaks or spills of common substances Limited secondary impacts 	
Moderate Moderate	 City-level impact area Precautionary local evacuations More sensitive, public spaces involved Roadway closures Minor casualties confirmed/triaged 	
Severe	 Large city or area wide-level impact Widespread evacuations Extended secondary impacts involved Multiple serious casualties/illnesses involved 	
Extreme	 Critical threat to a large population Serious sickness/illnesses involving numerous persons Serious radioactive threats or leaks 	



Severity Level	Category – Health	
	consists of these alert types:	
	Air Quality	
	Disease Outbreak	
	Public Health	
	Quarantine	
(a)	Localized incidents	
	Small-scale of impact	
V	Routine medical/emergency response	
Minor	Relatively few persons affected	
	Precautionary response	
6	City/county/area wide impact or health issue occurring in multiple locations across a relatively wide area	
_	Secondary impacts such as school or business closures involved	
Moderate		
	 Disease or public health issues or health infrastructure elements that present an immediate, critical and broad-based hazard on a national or regional level 	
Severe		
(a)	 Potential global pandemic-level public health crises 	
	Demonstrated highly contagious and lethal outbreaks	
Extreme		

Severity Level	Category – Infrastructure	
	consists of these alert types:	 Rolling Blackout Sewage Problem Telecom Outage Water Main Break Water Outage
康 Minor	 City, street or neighborhood-level impact Limited secondary effects 	
Moderate	 Large city/County service disruptions Wide-area secondary disruptions 	
象 Severe	State or regional impact level Major metropolitan areas impacted for persistent timeframe	
Extreme	 National/international impact Service infrastructure heavily damaged or inoperable, often due to a major natural disaster 	



Severity Level	Category – Labor	
	 consists of these alert types: Aviation Worker Strike Cargo Transportation Strike Civil Service Strike Port Strike Public Transportation Strike Energy Sector Strike General Strike Industrial Strike 	
Minor	 Local, or city-level impact Minimally disruptive Short-term No impact to international markets or operations 	
Moderate	 County, multiple location or small-country impact Significant, localized secondary impacts Minor impact to international markets/operations Possibility of protests/violence 	
Severe	 National-level impacts Significant, widespread secondary impacts Ongoing threat to life or property Significant impact to international operations or markets 	
Extreme	 Global impact level Critical impact to international operations and/or markets Major, destabilizing protests and associated violence 	



Severity Level	Category – Meteorological		
	consists of these alert types:	Tornado	
	 Flooding 	Tropical Cyclone	
	Hurricane	Tropical Storm	
	Ice Storm	 Typhoon 	
	Storm		
	 Local, street or neighborhood-lev 	rel impact	
\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	Limited secondary effects		
Minor	 Little to no major damage 		
IVIIIIOI	Short-term impact		
Large city, county or state-level impact		mpact	
<i></i>	Minor to moderate damage to structures		
Emergency response need Moderate		search & rescue	
Woderate	Minor injuries		
Demonstrated secondary impacts of a non-critical na		s of a non-critical nature	
Multiple large counties, state or national impact		national impact	
,,,,	Widespread damage		
Sovere	Major injuries or deaths		
Severe • Critical secondary impacts			
	Supra-national or regional impact	t	
Widespread damage to core infrastructure		astructure	
 Numerous deaths Major long-term economic impact 			
		t	

Severity Level	Category – Other	
	consists of these alert types:	
	Emergency Response	
	Evacuation	
	State of Emergency	
NC4	Localized impact	
	Minor injuries or no injuries involved	
Minor		
NC4	City or county-level impact	
	Several significant injuries	
Moderate	Significant secondary impacts	
Woderate		
₹NC4	N/A	
Severe		
NC4	N/A	
Extreme		



Severity Level	Category – Security		
	consists of these alert types:	•	Planned Protest
	Armed Clash	•	Police Activity
	Bank Robbery	•	Protest
	Bomb Threat	•	Rally
	Civil Unrest	•	Riot
	Coup	•	Robbery
	Curfew	•	School Lockdown
	Disturbance	•	Shooting
	Explosion	•	Stabbing
	Explosive Device	•	Stampede
	Hostage Situation	•	Suspicious Device
	Insurgent Attack	•	Suspicious Package
	Military Operation	•	Violent Crime
	Officer-Involved Shooting		
(<u>©</u>)	Scope of the event: street or neighborhood level		
	 Routine response to common crit 	me or sec	curity concerns
Minor			
Minor	Coope of exents either country amo	II ototo o	r country
(◉)	Scope of event: city, county, smaUnusually large police/security re		Country
	Wide impact secondary effects	sponse	
Moderate		eualtice	
	Confirmed, but not large-scale casualties		
(◉)	National or widespread impact Critical threat to life or property.		
	Critical threat to life or property		
Severe	Mass shootingsArmed uprisings in small/mid-sized countries		
		ea countr	ies
	Occurring at sensitive location		
(⊛)	International or global impact		
	Complete breakdown of law and	order in a	a widespread area
Extreme	Active states of war		
	Uncontrollable violence		



Severity Level	Category – Structural		
	consists of these alert types:	Partial Collapse	
	Bridge Collapse	Structure Collapse	
	Building Collapse	Tunnel Collapse	
	Dam Collapse	Unsafe Structure	
	Mine Incident		
(An)	Limited, localized impact		
	 Partial collapse 		
V	Small-scale structure involvement		
Minor	 Limited or no major injuries 		
(4 1)	Multi-street impact		
	Commercial structure involvement		
	Search & rescue needed		
Moderate	Several mid-level injuries		
(4 1)	Large-city impact		
	Multiple major casualties		
•	Extended secondary impacts		
Severe	Transportation infrastructure affected		
(And	Catastrophic impact to major met	ropolitan area	
	Long-term or permanent impact to municipal infrastructure		
▼	Mass casualty		
Extreme			

Severity Level	Category – Terrorism		
Covality Lavor	consists of these alert types:	Nuclear DeviceRadiologicalTerrorist Attack	
Minor	 Localized impact Low amount of casualties Little or no structure damage Commonplace explosions/attacks in active conflict zones 		
Moderate	 Local to city-level impacts Significant structure damage Significant, but not large-scale casualty totals 		
Severe	 City or national immediate impact level Sensitive or public location impact High number of civilian casualties Large-scale police/security response 		
Extreme	 Catastrophic, global impact Mass casualty in a dense, urban area or world capital 		



Severity Level	Category - Transportation		
	consists of these alert types:Border ClosureMaritime Incident	 Public Transportation Disruption Roadway Closure Train Accident 	
	Motor Vehicle AccidentPort Closure	Train Derailment Waterway Closure	
Minor	 Localized impact Single vehicle/train accidents v 	without major secondary effects	
Moderate	 Inconvenient, but not critical impact to mass transit Major thoroughfares closed Multiple casualties 		
Severe	 Critical, long-term impact to mass transit/transport Hazmat involved rail incidents Possible evacuations Mass casualty 		
Extreme	 National or international impact level Catastrophic, long-term impact to public transit or transport 		

Incident Quality Level

The NIMC classifies the incident information as follows:

Icon	Classification	Quality Level Description
Gov	Confirmed Government	This alert information, received by NIMC directly from a government source, has been cross-referenced for accuracy by that source. Sources include local fire, police or EMS dispatch sites, federal sites such as the US Geological Survey (USGS), National Weather Service, official foreign government communiques, and direct communications from one of NC4's government information-sharing partners, such as the Los Angeles Police Department or the New York City Office of Emergency Management.
Media	Confirmed Media	This information has been checked for accuracy by a reputable media source such as local television news, eye witness reports, international or state-run news agencies, newspaper web sites, etc.
Mult.	Confirmed Multiple Sources	The information contained in the NC4 alert has been corroborated by multiple reliable source types, such as government and media.
Other	Confirmed Other	The information contained in the NC4 incident alert has been corroborated by a quasi-government entity such as a utility company, an NC4 Risk Center™ member and/or a verified protest group.
•	Unconfirmed	This information (although not immediately corroborated by a listed information outlet) is from a dependable source such as a police scanner monitoring service or a collection of social media reports from vetted individuals.



